A

Briefe and most easie Introduction to the Astrological Indgement of the Starres.

Whereby the diligent Reader with easie laboure may give a certen, true, and determinate Indgement to any Question demanded, vpon the naturall causes thereof.

Written by the most famous Phisition Claudius Dariot: and translated by F.W. gent. Ind lately renued, and in some places augmented and amended by G.C.
Gentl.

Whereunto is annexed a most necessarie Table for the finding out of the Planetarie and vnequall houre, under the Latitude of 52 Gr. 30 Ms. exactly calculated by the sayde F. W.

Also hereunto is added a briefe Treatise of Mathematicall Phisicke, entreating very exactly and compendiously of the Natures and Qualities of all diseases incident to humane bodies by the naturall Instuences of the Cælestiall motions.

Neuer before handled in this our native language.

Written by the sayd G. C. practicioner in Phisicke.

Astraregunt homines, etregit Astra Dens.

LONDON

Printed by Thomas Purfoot.

1598.



for Edward Dodge Esquier, Fabian Wither wisheth long life, with prosperous successe and encrease of Gods Graces. &c.



HEN as I doe often times revolue with my selfe (Right Worshipfull) the great labours, continuall paines, and incessant diligence, which the forraine Nations vse for the advacement of their countrey & people, to bring them vnto the vnderstading & knowledge of all, & all manner Arts & Sciences: in so much there is not any Author that hath written in any

tonge or laguage, or of any Art or Science, which they have not translated into their owne proper and vulgar tongue, for the comon commodity of their countrey; as dayly experience withoutfurther proofe doth sufficiently approue & testific, I cannot a little maruell at the flacknes, or rather contemptuous negligéce of our countreymen in these our dayes, vppon whome, although ufly, so that I suppose God hath bestowed his gifts most pl them not to be inferior vnto any Nation in learning and knoweledge: vet as though they were born only for thefelues & to their owne vies, have altogether neglected to publish or fet forth any thing for the como n commoditie of their country, or rather seme to have enuyed that anye man shoulde bee partaker of the fruites and benefites of their laboures and studies. The which their dealinges how farre off it is from Christianitie, they themsclues. The Epistle.

sclues can easily judge. But how farre different it is from a minde endowed with wifedome, let this one sentence of Cicero in his Offices declare and shew, he faith, Non nobis folum nati summes se descrimentrio, partim parentibus partimamicis debemus. That is, we are not borne onely for our selues, but partly for our countrie, partly for our Parents, and partlye for our friendes: where as he attributeth the first and principall point and duetie of our beeing in this life to the vse and commoditie of our countrey, the other partes as by distribution doth appeare, the last and least part vnto our selucs. But now by a preposterous congerfion, as in all other humane actions and affayres, so likewise in knowledge and learning, every man feeketh to profice and aduance himselfe that hee may seeme to surmount and excell others, but none for the common commoditie of his countrey, which sheweth the great abuse of God his good gystes and argueth the horrible ingratitude and contempt of naturall duties, which even the heathen men which knewe not God dyd acknowlegge to be requifite in a good man, but meethinketh I heare one obiect and fay: Sir in no age or time hath there been o many famous learned men which haue written of and vpon the facred Scriptures both by way of controuerfie as otherwife, as are in these our dayes, but for your Astrology it is thought of many better vnknowne then knowne. Whereunto I aunswere thus, most true it is that the sacred Scriptures are to be preferred before all other knowledge, learning arts, or sciences, what soeuer, and such as have travelled in them for the commoditie of their country worthy to reape their due rewarde and commendation. But notwithstanding as God hath reuealed himselfe in his worde, so hath he also opened himselfe in his creatures, neyther is it to bee accounted the least or smallest poynt of Dininity to know God truely in his workes and creatures. The Pfalmist faith. The heavens declare the glory of god & the firmamet fhew foorth his han ly worke, nowe I suppose there is none so ignotant and wilfull that will affirme or fay, the declaration of hys glorie or the fetting foorth of his handy worke to bee wholy included and conteyned in the frame, beautie or motion of the

The Epistle.

fame, wherefore wee must proceede further and with diligent minde enter into the contemplation of their natures feeking out their secret and hydden qualities, for as it profiteth vs little to knowe that GOD hath adorned and decked the earth with all kinde of Corne and Cattle, with Hearbes, Fruites, Plantes, and trees, except hee had also taught vs to knowe the naturall quallities and vse of them, howe some serue for soode and sustenance, some for the helpe and cure of sundrye diseases greefes and maladies, some for other necessarye purpose, &c, Whereby hee dooth not all onelye teach vs to knowe hym to beethe Creator of these thinges, but also his Fatherlye lyberalitie in the bountifull bestowing of these hys gyfics, & carefull providence in prouyding for vs all thinges necessary for the maintenance and reliefe of mans nature whereby wee might be continually prouoked to acknowledge him to bee our God and to prayle and glorifie his name for his great benefits. So in lyke manner when wee duelye confider the natures and influences of the Cælestial bodies beholding & marking diligently their force and effectes in the inferior bodyes, wee shall strayght way bee broughtto the vinderstanding and knowledge how that GOD hath planted and placed in them a Lawe of regiment, or rule, by whom as by his inftruments and fecond caufes, hee will rule and gouerne this inferior Orbe, making it fubicet vinto diuers & fundry mutaions and changes at his wil and decree, Thewhich mutations and chaunges, notwithstanding hee hath not secretly closed vpp vnto himselfe, but most playnely set foorth as in a table in his Calestiall creatures to behoulde, and also to forewarne vs to foresee and take heede, that when anye enyll is threatned, to flye vnto hym, whoe alone cann turne the fame awaye, and likewise to stirre vs vp vnto thankfulnesse, when as hee sheweth hys favourable countenaunce and promyseth all goodnesse. The lyke that is spoken heere in generall, maye also bee sayde and applyed vnto euerye particuler man in hymfelfe, whose nature with the disposition and inclination of the fame either vnto good or euill wyth his fundry mutations and changes prosperitie and good successe, as also adversity.

Λ 3

ficke

The Epistle.

licknesse, or other mishappes is easily foreseene and foreshewed by the courie and disposition of the calestiall bodies, as by ymmoucable examples set downe by sundrye learned men, is most euidently approoued that it needeth no further demonstration. If then the whole course of mans life be thus ordred & guided. it is not to be doubted but all the actions of the same are in lyke fort ruled and gouerned, fo that consequently the disposition of them is likewife to bee foreseene, and therefore by wisedome most lightly borne if they be evill, or more thankfully receased being good, the judgments of both which parts are most playn. ly set downe vppon seuerall questions for example sake in thys finall Treatife. Then let vs duely confider what Art or Science is there that draweth nearer vnto divinitie the this judiciall part of Astrologie discreetely vsed (the abuse which happeneth as well in this as in all other Artes, I doe not excuse, neyther allow. but except) which teacheth vs not only to knowe GOD in his creatures, but also his absolute power and gouernance, his Fatherly care and prouidence, his will and pleasure towarde vs, yf we seeke to knowe it with reuerence, doe altogether moue vsto obedience, thanks giving, and to the praise of his holy name, Let no man therefore contemne or despise it causelesse, for as the prouerbe is, Learning hath no greater enemy then ignorance,& it is the greatest mishap that may be, whe an voskifull man shall take in hand to judge any Art. I therefore, Right Worthipfull, fearing the like censure vppon mee that hath happened vnto others, haue prefumed to dedicate these my labours vnto you, trufling that as you have alwayes been not onely a fauourer, but a supporter and maintayner of learning and learned men, so you will accept in good worth this rude, compendious, yet learned treatise, desending it as a Patrone, receauing with good will, as from a well willing Friend, Thus with encrease of Wor-

shippe, prosperous health, and Gods graces, I commend you to the Almighty.

> Your Worthips to commaund. Fabian Wither.

To the courteous Reader.



HE wife and learned men in times past, did alwayer prayle and extoll the famous deeds of all such persons, prayse and extoll the famous deeds of all such persons, as laboured to explayne and manifest to the common people, the secret misteries of hidden Aites and liberall Sciences. So Sulpitius Gallus among the Romains

was highly renowned for his singular knowledge in Astronomic: by whose meanes Lucius Paulus obtayned victory in his warres agaynst Perseus. Also Pericles among the Athenians was had in great admiration and honour for his profounde knowledge in hidden Philo-Sophie: by whom the Cittie of Athens was delinered from care and woe, when they supposed destruction eminent unto them, by a certain blacke and dismall darknes of great admiration, depending over their heads. Infinite examples may bee alleadyed herein of fuch as hanc been much honoured and highly extolled for their singu'er & dinine knowledge in Astronomie and Astrologie. Amongst whom (yentle Reader)this excellent worke of that most famous Phistio Claudius Dariot meriteth no small commendations, wherein (as in many other of his doings) he hath so greatly profited his countrey of common wealth, to his eternall prayse and glorie: The which lying dead and almost buried in oblinion, I have nowe revined and carefully renued to thy benefite and contentation, adding thereun to certaine necessary Tables for more playne and case understanding thereof, A!-To I have annexed thereunto (at the instant request of some Worshipfull gentlemen) a briefe treatife, tending more perticularly to Phificke, compyled from th'experience of probable Authors most necefary to be knowne of all such as delight in Phisicke and Astronomy. And if this my labor may be gratefully accepted (courteous Reader) (as I doubt it not, yf ye please to consure instly thereof) Isbalbe encouraged thereby to publish and set forth in our native language, the second part of this Booke of Claudius Dariot entreating more copioufly of Phisicke, and no leffe needefull to be knowne. So I re-

ferre my selfe to your fauours and courtesies : committier you to the sacred tuition of th'almightie Creator.

Yours in all affection, Q. C.



AN INTRODUCTION

to the ludgement of the Starres.

WRITTEN BY CLAVDIVS DARIOT Phisition of Beaume.

Of the Zodiack, and the division of the Signes.

CAT. I.



or intreat of the principall points and Indgements, to the end that all things may be the better vnders of delivered, will intreat orderly of the Principles, beginning with the Zeanek and symes. I influtherefore we will speake of the

Zodiack, one of the greatest circles of the Celestiall Sphere, the which is divided into two equals partes, having in bredth 12 degrees, & 360 degrees in length, as shall be more at large declared. This Zodiack is divided into 12 equals parts, the which are called Signes, and have taken their names of certaine properties

* . . * . .

which

which they have, or of the disposition of the Starres: The names are such as here follow. Aries, Y. Taurus, & Gemini, II. Cancer, & Leo, A. Virgo, my. Libru, a. Scorpie, m. Sagittarius, A. Capricornus, T. A quarius, \(\pi\). Pifces, \(\pi\). And these Signes are marked with these proper figures and characters heere before annexed after enery name, as doth plainly appeare. Eucrye one of these signes againe is divided into 30 degrees, and so the zodiack doth contains in length 360 degrees, for 12 multiplied by 30, doth product to much innumber. Each degree againe is divided into 60 minutes every minute into 60 feconds, and every fecond into 60 thirds, and enery third into 60 fourths: and so proceeding by multypliyng by 60 vnto an infinite nu-These signes allo are diber, or at least vnto tennes. uided into many forts & kinds. First they are called Nor therne & Sowthern, according to that part of the heaven whereunto they doe declyne from the Equinoctiall.

The Northerne Signes. The Sowtherne Signes.

The Sowtherne Signes.

The Sowtherne Signes.

The Sowtherne Signes.

Secondly, they are divided into such as have a right ascention, and into such as have a crooked ascention, as followeth.

The synes 69
The search faid to have right a scention or rising, because that not hevehave a my some of the set right more then
right assention.

my such the whole o signes more then
the moitie of the one halfe of the Equino ctiful line.

the Starres.

The fignes The feare sayd to have an oblique or croom which ked a scention or rising, because that with have a Heuerye of them there riseth lesse then 30 crooked \(\gamma \) (degrees of the Equinoctiall, and with all ascention. \(\begin{aligned} \text{ (degrees of the Equinoctiall, and with all lessention.} \) (ixelesse then the mottie or halfe of the Equinoctiall Circle.

The fixe which have the oblique or crooked ascention, are obedient to them that have the right ascention, as for example of the two signes equally distant in the beginning of for of that which hath crooked ascention is obedient to that which hath the right ascention. And this because the daies do encrease when the Sunne entreth into the Tropick of and so continueth until hee come to the Tropick of from whence againe the dayes doe alwaies decrease and waxe lesser every day then the other before him.

Also the obedience of the fignes is after another fort, for 2 Signes which are equally distant from some poynt of th' equinoctiall, do ascend in an oblique spheare with

equall deg. alike.

fixe Signes which are from the beginning of \(\times \) to the end of \(\times \), doe obey th other fixe in order here prescribed as \(\frac{1}{2} \) and \(\times \) as \(\times \) obeyeth \(\times \), \(\times \) obeyeth \(\times \) &c. and \(\times \) this is because the days are longer then the night, whilst the Sunne keepeth his course from the beginning of \(\times \) to \(\times \) and in the other that is to saye from \(\times \) to \(\times \) the dayes are shorter then the night, and in this manner the Sowtkeine Signes doe obeye the Northerne, \(\times \) and

The

and this order is more proper and necessarie then the other. The dayes doe encrease from so to 5, and contrary from 5 to 6 they decrease, and therfore are called Tropicks. The dayes are equall with the night in 7 and 22, and therfore are called equinoctialls.

Thirdly, they are divided into four etriplicities, that is to fay, into Fierye, Earthly, Ayerie, and watrie triplicitie.

The signes of These are hot and drie, Cholesicke, bitof the fierie of the triplicitie. It day.

The signes of Some These are cold and drie, melancholick, the earthlye Some Sower, swiminine, meridionall, and of triplicitie.

The signes of ST hese are cold and moyst, like the wather waterie my ter, slegmatick, unsauorie, saminine, triplicitie. Hy of the night, and septentrionall,

Fourthly, some of them are called moueable, othersome fixed, and the thirde sort meane or common, so termed or called because that when the Sunne is in any of them, he beareth and holdeth the qualities which is attributed vnto them, as also because that such as have them

the Starres.

them in the ascendent at the time of their natiuitie, doe for the most part participate with their qualities in all their affaires.

The moue-
$$\begin{cases} \Upsilon \\ G_9 \\ able fignes. \end{cases}$$
 The fix- $\begin{cases} \Upsilon \\ G_9 \\ able fignes. \end{cases}$ The common $\begin{cases} \Pi \\ \eta \chi \\ \chi \end{cases}$

Againe, some of them as is before sayd are oriental, some Meridionall, some Occidentall, and some Septentrionall, which are so called, because they have respect vnto that part of the world. And further, some bee called of the daye, because it maketh such as have them in the ascendent of their Nativitie, more beautifull and pleasant. The other are called Nocturnall or of the night, because they worke the contrarie. Likewise the Masculines are so named because they make the man the more strong and valiant, and the woman more manly. And the other which are called Feminine, make the man more effeminate and weake, and the woman more amiable, delicate and naturals.

Finally, the Signes are divided into four quarters, that is to fay, into the Spring tyme, the Sommer, the Autumne or Haruest, and the Winter: the which containe the Signes which make those parts of the yeare, as followeth.

Furthermore, the Signes do notifie the qualities, disposition and vehement affections of the body and of the minde, diversly, as 7, 8, 9, 4, doe fignishe certaine vices of the mind.

Others luxurie and incontinencie as Y, V, I, I,

Thele wrath and anger m, a, s,

Excellent witts are tignified by these, \mathcal{D} , \mathcal{D} , \mathcal{D} , \mathcal{D} , whereof \mathcal{D} and \mathcal{D} are the more excellent, and \mathcal{D} the more mild and plausible, but louing truth. \mathcal{D} and \mathcal{D} in the ascendent for the most part tignific Moderators of Schooles, and such like.

Likewise they are divided according to the dyners effects in mansbody, as grossenes or leanesse: fayrenes, fruitfulnesse, and such like.

Signes of pulchritude are π , m, \sim , and the first halfe of \sim , Indifferencie of fairenes \supset , \approx , \supset , Deformitie and soulenes \supset and \supset .

Signes of fruitfulnes are om H few children or indifferencie of A m barren lignes of A m m.

Signes of humanitie, by reason and of good voyce IT m = the first 15 grades of, remeane voice resonand the last part of redumbe and wanting voyce are m H, which because they are Flegmatick do denie the readines or quickness of the tongue.

Signes signifying fat bodies are the first parts of real and real

the Starres.

The first 15 deg. of x x and m doe make slender bodies and weake, but th'other part of them doe declare stronger and more grosse bodies. m x and x doe give sless bodies as Ptol. do testifye and well proportioned.

Signes of much Infirmities are & 5 = 4 and =.



There are many more perticuler divisions of the Signes as ye shall see plainly set downe in the Table following as touching the natures which they hold: the members and infirmities which they signifie: and the Elections of the sittlest and most necessarie times for curing the same diseases. And although this Table & the Table next following serve more firly for the Second Booke hereto annexed: yet I thought good to place it here as being most needfull to knowe, before wee come to anye perfection in Judgement on the Coelestiall Figure.

The



¶ The Natures and Properties of the 12 Signes of the Zodiack.

Natures and Complexions.	Members and Infirmities.	Elections.
The secundary house of Shiery, hot and drye, cholericke, tripl. of th'orient. diur: moueable, oblique, bitter, domesticall, bestiall, fourefooted, hauing voice, luxurius, sew children sickly, vittous, wanting members, irefull, commanding, writhen, begining grosse of trong, ending leane weake.	wheales in the face, small pocks, yech, ringworme, fowle earll, or falling suknes.	Trisgood to conferr with mightye men with rich men, begyn that whych would fone end, it is good to diminish sleagme. Earthy

	New		
	Natures and Com-	Members and	Elections.
	plexions.	Infirmities.	!
	Earthy cold & ary,	Necke, throate,	Begyn that
	melancholy, femi-	wens, kings euill,	which you
	nine, Nocturnall,	black choller, but	woulde have
	meridional, fixt, ob-	temperat, & Juch	continue,
	lique, sharp, domes-	like sicknes of those	build, to buy
	ticall, bestiall, foure	members,	
	foted, having voice,	,	oxen,goodfor pleasure and
Ì	fruitefull, luxuri-		
1	1 611		for mariages.
1	fault in some mem-		
1	bers, or some mem-		
1	ber cut off, or bro-		
1	ken, commanding		
١.	wrethed, beginning		
1			•
1	grosse and stronge,		
	thend leane and		
l	weake, honest, reli-	ĺ	
	gious, chast women.		. 1
		ļ	
_	Aeriall, hot &	Shoulders, armes,	good for chil-
	moist, sanguine,	hands, shoulder-	dren to begin
		bone, sicknesse of	learning But
	trip.occid.common	those members	beware of
			winds and o-
		proceding of blod.	pening of the
п			veines.
1	humane or reason-		connes.
,	able, hauing voice,		ŀ
'	barren, faire, com-		'
	manding, sweete,		Ì
	first part leane	1	l
	weak, ending grosse		W
	1 12	C	Watry

II II I i whombole coudto jour-	
Ivatry, colde and the liner the whole good to iour- moift, Flegmatick, brest, ribbs, splene, ney, and fitte fem. of the night, paps, infirmities of to take elec- trip: sept.moueable, those parts, pushes, tuaries, it is right, reptil or cree- lepry as in V tho- conuenient rowout, ympeclito diminishe dren, wrethen or tripick, plewrise, crooked, comman- ding, salt. House of O, stery, Hart, stomacke, Beginne that	The principal house of a perincipal house of a perincipal house of a perincipal house of ary, melanch. fem. of those parts, all seek the lone of the cause or oribute euill to ginall proceedeth marrie for the momentum of melancholick. The woman then maried, will have few or no children.
hot and dry, choller back, sites, brests, which you masc. of the daye, ribbs, infirmities woulde have septent. tripl: ori- of those parts, for- esteemed contal, broken, fixed, row, vexations, knowne, put right, great, foure seuers of bloode, not on newe foted, having voice, pushes in the face, apparell, abarren, luxurious, aposthumes, pestivoid vomits. Strong, vices, in lent, seuers, the members cut of sire-full, commanding, bestial, of the wood, crastie, beginning grosse and stronge, end leane weak, honest, religious contast women. The	The principal house of facility, and roynes or haunch good to iour- of facility, harguine, mastic of the day me- rid triplicity: occid. moueable, ryght fineet, humaine, ha- uing voice few childer, but took, inferiour partes of sell, good to dimin she belly, and the fine she facility has been and the vine of darke, of equall and good proportion, the vine, excession of antient authors, the lumin may. Loynes or haunch good to iour- rayns, nauil, thies, ney, vse no venery, buy, inferiour partes of fell, good to dimin she belly, and the dimin she me- lancholy. Loynes or haunch good to iour- rayns, nauil, thies, ney, vse no venery, buy, fine belly, and the dimin she back- bone, darknesse of lancholy. Loynes or haunch good to iour- rayns, nauil, thies, ney, vse no venery, buy, fine the belly, and the dimin she me- lancholy. Loynes or haunch good to iour- venery, buy, fine the belly, and the dimin she me- lancholy. Loynes or haunch good to venery, buy, fine the belly, and the dimin she back- bone, darknesse of blood the vrine, excelling the parts. C ij.

i		latures and Com-	Members and	Elections.
	•	plexions.	Infirmities.	
		The chiefe house of	Printe partes,	Beginne no
1		of, watry, cold, &	stones, bladder,	good thing at
		moist, fleematicke	arse, and their in-	all, because it
		fem. of the night,	firmities, it ruleth	is a signe of
		mer.triplicity:fept.	ouer salt-fleagme,	falsenes and
		fixt, right, creeping	pushes in the face,	deceite, and
		dumb, sickly, fruit-	lepry as in V & c.	lying, good
		full, vicious, wrea-	the canker, fiftu-	to vse drugs
	m	thed or crooked,	loes, emrods, the	in potions for
		fowle, indifferent	the stone and gra-	Phisick.
		faire, stronge, ire-	uell: from 21 to	
		full, salt, obedient,	24 degrees, impe-	
		of a divers propor-	diments of the	
		tion of the body, be-	eyes.	
		sinning leane and		
		meake, endstronge		1 . 1
		Geroffe, ioy of 3.	Corta dialogo or	V se exercise
		The chiefe house of	The thighes or hanches, and the	of the bodye,
		77 fiery, hot &dry,	succedent. Othe	as shootinge.
mase		chollerick, ma. of the	sicknes of them,	Confer with
1)110010		day, mer tripl: orien	1111	Lawyers a-
		tal, common, right,	Shes in the face,	bout thy bu-
	}	great, humane, dou-	falling from some	sines, it is
	*	ble bodied, the first	hie place: from the	good to dimi-
		part faire, humain, th'other bestiall, 4	15 to the 18 de-	nish fleagme.
		footed, domestic.ka-	gree, impediments	3
		uing voice, few chil-		5 14
	l	dren, weak, bitter,	1 7)
		ingenious, srafty	•	
		obedient, ioy of 77.		Chiefe

Natures and Complexions.	Members and Infirmities.	Elections.
ous, darke, broken, obedient, litle wre-	The knees, & the difeases of that part, pushes in the face, lepry as in V & c.the scab, losse of speech, surditie, dimnes & obscuritye of sight, feuers, sluxes of blod by the inferiour parts: from the 22 to the 25 degree, impediments of the eyes.	Connerse with old men it is good to till grounde, plant wync- yards, or sow seeds, and to make gar- dens.
Aeriall, hot of moyst, sanguine, massic. of the daye, merid. tripl: occid. fixed, oblique, ratio nable, having voice humaine, few children, sayr obedient, sweete, stronge, kenest, religious, also honest women and chast, ioy of h.	Theleggs & the infirmities or the incifions of the vaines: from the 20 to the 25 degr. paynes of the cies.	Ttis good to laye foundations of hou- fes, citties or buildinges, plant trees or vineyards good to diminish melan-lancholy.
1 . A & C. C.	C iij.	Aerie

Natures & Com- plexions.	Members and infirmities.	Elections.
Aeric, colde and moyst, slegmatique, fem. of the night, merid. tripl: sept. common, oblique, salt, winged, vitious, fowle, wreathed, or crooked, dumb, fruitfull, luxurious, sicklye, creeping, little, broken, wanting members, meanly faire, obedient, of bodye diversly proportioned.	The feet, the ancles, & the heeles, and the sicknes or diseases of those parts, it ruleth ower sleague, salt, ps shes in the face, as in & &c. palses, gowts, scabs, and such like.	Good to di- minish chol- ler, f.sh-netts are fitly e ex- ercised, take drugs or phi- sicke in pills.



Of the Planets together with their mouinges and qualities.

CHAP. II.



OW that there is sufficiently intreated of the Signes of the Zodiack, and their divisions: it restets to speake of the Planers, and afterward as briefly as may be, to declare the dignities they have in the same Signes. It is therfore to be understood, that

vnder the Zodiack there be seuen Planets, which moue continually of their owne proper and continuals motion, and similist their courses in divers spaces and times, according to the swiftnesse or slownesse of their motion, and according to the greatnes or smallnesse of their orbe or Circle. For Sarurne which is the highest of the all, & hath gretest circle, sinisheth not his course or re-uolutio but in 30 yeres: Iupiter in 12 yeares: Mars in 2 yeares: the Sonne in 365 dayes, and about 6 houres: Venus and Mercury keepe their course like the Sunne: the Moone maketh her revolution in 27 dayes, and about eyght houres: Also the Planets doe signific great or small time according to their sortitude or debilities,

for in angles strong and fortunar, they signific great or most yeres: in fuccedent. meane: in cadent. few yeares, according to the nature of the Planets.

Greatest.	Greater.	Meane.	Least.
h 465	57	43	30
77. 428	79	45	12
of 264	66	40	15
O 1460	120	69	19
2 151	8 2.	45	8
¥ 46c	76	48	20
320	108	66	25

Then according to the diuersitie of the qualities of the Signes, and the diuerseand sundry motions & aspects of the *Planets* in them, they worke their diuers effects here below on earth, the which who so will perfectly vnderstand, he must first know the qualities of the Planets, the which I wil here presently declare, beginning first with *Saturne* because he is the highest about at the other, and so orderly e proceede with the rest as they stand.

Saturne is cold and dry, Melancholick, an enemy and destroyer of the nature and life of man, of the day, masculine, enill, and the greatest missortune.

Inpiter is hote and moyst, sanguine, a friend and preserver of the life and nature of man, malculine of the day, and is called the greatest fortune.

Mars is immoderatly hotte and drye, chollericke, masculine, and of the night entil, and the lesse missionene.

the Starres.

The Sunne is moderately hotte and dry, masculine, and of the day fortunate, by aspect infortunate by corporall confunction.

Venus is cold and moyft, temperate, flegmatick, faminine, of the night, of good nature, and is called the leffe forume.

Mercurie in all things is common and mutable, he is good with the good, and entill with the entill, with the Masculine matculine, with the Feminines feminine, hote with the hote, and moyst with the moyst, infortunate with the missortunes, and fortunate with the fortunes, especially when hee is injured or corporally applying vnto them, or beholdeth the with some good aspect.

The Moone likewise cold and moys: and albeit shee doe heate a little, yet the doth moysten more, the doth chaunge her nature & qualitie according to the quarters, like as the Sunne doth throughout the Signes of the Zodiack, and the quarters and partes of the yeare. She is also Feminine, of the night, and flegmatick, & fendeth vnto vs the vertue and impression of all the other Planets: For all the influences of the higher bodies passing through her Circle, come finally vnto vs. But of thele thinges thalbe declared more perticulerly in the Table following, wherein at a readines you may find the natures and complexion of every Planet, his properties and magisterie or guists and men which he tignifieth, also the members & dileales which hee holdeth, and finally his colours, mettals, favors, &c. most needfull to be knowne before wee enter to judge of a Figure.

Indgements of

The head of the Dragon is in all points like to Merenry, good with the good Planets, & earll with the earll: for being joyned with the good Planets, hee doth increate their goodnesse, and with the earll their malice.

The tayle of the Dragon is contrarye to the head, for he is cuill with the good, and good with the cuill, so that hee doth diminich the malice of the cuill Planets, and in like manner doth hinder & let the goodnesse of the good.

All these Planers togither with the heade and tayle of the Dragon, are noted and marked by their certaine Characters as appeareth: Saturne h. Impiter, 72. Mars, S. Sanne O. Venus t. Mercurie Q. Moone, C. the taile of the Dragon, S. the head, S.



Natures

1	Natures, Mand complexions.	es, gifts, and	Members and Difeates	Colors,met- tals, Sauors, and Stones
1	Coldand drie, me-or lancholick, the earthie, the masculine, li of the day, m greatest misfor- tune, male-tune, malent, de-fireyer of life, slowe, in effects, ponderous, traightie, terrible in allassets, blacke and croccallin color, cics a'waisfixt on thearth le ne, crooked, small	He fignificthed men, fa- lers, grandfa- lers, and fichelers, and fichelers, and fichelers, beggers, liger; for metals or flones, lotters, Curri- lers, or all fucl base trades, ob finate in of initions, of deepe cogitation ous, solitarie mournfull, for nournfull, for nournfull	Right eare, flene, bladder, teeth, bones, confirmities of the quartan, all diseases cold of dry, lepry, morphew, canker yellowe choller rhewmes, confumption of lights, Iliaca passio, black interference of some to stoole, trend blarg, black choller, passio, lees, crosses; enauthe like disease, which proceeds, which proceeds, which proceeds, which proceeds, which proceeds, which proceeds, and the like disease, which proceeds.	Black, pale, or wan, offic, lead, blacke flones & ob- fene, for fing in the kead, flante.
	eics, thin leard, or noneatall.	isfanince,in Inculeize of mary stings papel		

•	& Com-	Men and pro- perties, gyfts, & Magistery.	Members & diseases.	Colors, mer tals, fauors flones.			& Com-	Men proper ties, Magifto ry, or Gyfts.	e- and diseases.	Colors mer- tals, factors.
7,7	200d in all affects, faire fla- ture.	Bishops, pre- lates, Iudges, Lawyers, ho- nest men, iust, true, beneuo- lent, liberall, faithfull, milde, godly, shame- fast, magnani- mous, religious, dignities, sprincipalities, principalities, principalities, principalities, actions, graue, rich men, hono- rable, faithfull,	The lungs, ribbes, luer, griftles, pulfes, feed, arteries, left eare, informities of the fe parts, inflammations of the lungs, apoplexies, plurifies, difeafes of blood, windines faincies, wring ing at the hart, spaffnons of the luer, head-ach, passions of the backbone, and such as come of	greene, or blew, brown, purple, yellow greene, asho- color, Tyn.	J		Hot and dry, fieric, chollerick, the lesse missor- tune, mas. of the night, intemperat, enuy to mans nature, hurt-full by so hath redd haire, woundes chiesly in the face.	Allwarriers brawlers, con tumelious, con tumelious, conjurers guarrellers, theeues, drunkards, their magiflery is in fiery works, or y-ron, phistions, Chirurgions, turks, yrefull, cruell, violent, bold, wicked, shameles, way-layers, giuen to rapines; tirants leaders of armies, rash, produgall, gunmakers, cutlers, a melier of metalls, malitious, an alcumist, valiantly doing, alkings which pertayn to fier.	Left care wall raynes, vaynes, and their disea- fes, sharp feners the tertian explague, apost- humes, taudi, e, volcers, red chol- ler, burning di- feases, madnes, foule tetters in the face, pishes, carbucles, swelling gout, sharp diseases in the skyn, fall from hie, morphew, red woundes, danger of source footed beastes, tormentes by force of cruell deth, by swerd or yron, or fier, the Meagin, filules, while	bitter like gall, sharpe, yellovv, siery.
			putrefactions.	Hotr		l	<u> </u>	D 3		۲ ,

🔠 & Com-	Men properties, Magiftetry, or Gylts.	Members & difeafes.	Colors met- tals, and far- tiors.	
Hot and dry, holls-	Magnanimous, manfirious, proutdent,am- bitious, kinges,	eyes, swoning, redcholler, di- seases of the mouth, rewms, shuxes, of the eyes, cathars, comestion of stomack of ly- uer, stomack of ly- uer, situloes, pishes in the matrix and inferior parts: also be hath the the braine, situloyes of min, left eyes of min, left		4
		of the woman.	Colde	i

	Natures, & Com-		Members, & dileales.	Color, met- tals, lauors.
	plexions.	ry, Gyfts.	direates.	turs, introve.
	Columna	Gentie, oners	The matrix,	
	moisi, sly- marick,	ofdenghis, fja- biesteapes, ir) m	raines genitals, paps, throate,	Æthereall,
	temperat, the ieffer	full, fingers,	toyns, huttocks, faines, fierm,	browne, glas- ses of alkinds
	fortune,	yong nomen,	liner, gomor-	copper, freet
皇	fem. of the night, fai-	mi futions, lo- um, all orna-	thes, discases of the stomack &	oyles and far- nes , sweet ,
	nes govain	ments, lepida-	lyner, and geni- tall, through	moist, odori- ferous.
	roud face,	rers, one fuch	cold and mozifie	ĺ
	faire eyes,	like,luxurious, Liven to idlenes		
	mojt as 77, efferninat.	· ·	fmelling : pessi- ons of the ma-	
	(g)cm.m.v.	mother, nije,	trix, suffocari-	·
		bins, ; one men,	ens, the french feab, the pissing	
		weren by blod,	euill, flaxe of the flomack,&	
		poets, paymeers,	coldnes there-	
		gyfis of women Ofrends,wed-	of.	
		lock and lowry; ornaments and		
		precious things,	•	
	1	and lufts.	!	0/

Natures, Men, proper-Members, &1 Color, met-& Com-ties, magistetals, sauors. dileales. plexions. ry, & gyfts. Of mu- | Mathematick, The memory, Gray skye, colour,variatable na- rethorick, tongue, fantature, good philosophy, cu- sie, brayne, spible mixt voith good riofity in vori- rits, imaginagrifly, quickand badde ting the magif- tion, hands, finsiluer, sauors, variable and with bad tery of arts, di-gers, gall, bones, pla: and so uinors, nevve thighes, sinmixt. is he mase. arts, vuise, in- nevves, of the orfem.for- genious, vvay- brayne: and yt tunate or ward, wane- hath sicknesses, infortunat ring, violent, madnes, of too hot or cold, not seldome much abunmournefull, indance of good moyste or & dry,accor- | constant, lyars, blood infecting ding to the proud, arithme the braine, deprination of planets to titians, marvoltom he chants, inuen- common sense, lethargie, dotors of subtle is loyne! ting, stamering but of hys arts, also he sigimpediments of ovvne na- nifieth leffer: the tongue, ture colde brothers, serhoarcenes, the and drye: uants, scribes, falling sicknes, graners, ingelong fincoughes, abunnious, vvorkegers, of a dance of spittle, doubtfull men in energe thinge, voyse, stopping of the nature, alcrafty,instable, gall, vomit, cavvaies iindustry, honest tharraes of amagining bunlanew

plexions.	ry, & gyfts.		Color, met tals, fauors
things, not taking rest, craf-	labor, dinina- tions, iourneis, and of the fayd thinges it yeil- deshrickes.	humors in the	
Cold and moyst, flegmatick fem. of the night watry, fortunate by & and \(\triangle in \text{counter} or crokedness of the counternance, it	Thoughtfull, vnstable, vacabounds, feare- bounds, feare- full, faynt-har- ted, prodigall, messens, La- dies, comman- dies, comman- ding, common people, fishers althatlabor in waters, ser- uice, messuage, studie of histo- vices, walking from	Brayne, left eye of a man, right of a wo- man, flomacke, bellye, left side, stones, bladder, the members of generation, in a woman she ly- uer, tast, brest, and diseases of those parts, ca- tars or rhewms palsies, the shol- lick, the men- strues in wo- mien, E	White green, ashe, yellowe, croccall, pale, sure or searcene, or blewish, siluer, vitrioll, salt, indifferent sauor, between good and yll.

encrease from place to men, drojsie, moysture place, nauigati- aposthumes, with a lit- on plantinges, the matick, dis-	Natures, & Com- plexions.	1	Members, & difeafes.	Color, met- tals, fauors.
the heate. Sowing seedes, laborious, fooles, delighting in iourners and varietie of life, sheet signifies hwith with down mothers, wines, wines, which are in continuall moung, as legats, lackies, &c. all thinges that abound in moy-sture, as the sea and slowing and ebbing thereof, qualities of the mind and of the bodye, peregrinations, and such like.	moysture with a lit-	place, nauigation, planvinges, for ing seedes, laborious, fooles, delighting in iourners and varietie of life, shee signifieth widow, mothers, wines, & they which are in continuall moung, as legats, lackies, &c. all thinges that abound in mouflure, as the sea and stowing and ebbing thereof, qualities of the mind and of the bodye, peregrinations, and such	aposthumes, flegmatick, dif- cases which doe froreed from stopping of the sures, veynes, felling si knes, laske or sluxe of the belly, slaxes of the stomack for want of di-	

Natures of the Planets.

Furthermore the qualities and natures of the Planets are changed according to their place: As

- The Societall Saddeth Solde and Moisture. Drines.
 - 77. Sorient. Saddeth Heate and Moissure. Moissure.
 - Orient. Saddeth Heate and Drines.
 - P Sorient. Saddeth SHeate and Moissure. Moissure.
 - Forient. addeth Heate. Occiden.

PARTICINATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

Of the Essential dignities of the Planets.

CHAP. III.



HE antient Astronomers have found out and tryed by experience, that the Planers doe shew and vtter their force & strength, much more in some certayne places of the Zodiack then in other-some, and therefore are sayd to be more

strong & better sortuned in those places then in other, the which thing happeneth because the nature of those places, and of the Starres which are in those places, do accord & agree better with the nature of the Planete, insomuch that there is a certayne Sympathie or agrement between the nature of the one and the other. And for this place also they are called the Essential dignities of the Planets. These be in number sine, that is to weet: the House, the Exaltation, the Triplicitie, the Terme, and the Face: of the which we will speake in order.

the Starres.

Of the first Esentiall dignitie, that is to say, of the House.



of God to be the two great lightes amongst the other Planets, the one for the day, the other for the night, and having the princi-

pall dominion & gouernement in the generation and corruption of the bodies and things heere below vpon earth, are allotted for that cause for their houses two Signes agreeable to their natures and qualities, that is to fay, the Lyon for the Sunne, and the Grabbe for the Moone: which two Signes are most neere vnto our Zenith or poynt ouer our heads, and have their course the greatest part of the Sommer. They do also accord and agree to their nature and qualities, as is alreadye fayd for the Crabbe is cold & moyft, nocturne or of the night, feminine and moueable as the Moone. And the Lyon is hot and dry, diurne or of the day, malculine & fixed as the Surve. These two Planets or lights, have ech of them but one Signe for their house, but the other fine hane enery one two Signes, whereof the one is called the diurne or day house, because it is in such a Signe, the other nocturne, or of the night, which shall be in such a Signe. That is to say, the day house shalbe in a diurne Signe, and the night house in a nocturne

Then Saturne beeing the highest of the other stue, like as he is contrary unto the two great Lights, being

3

enemy

enemic vnto nature, and a corruptor of her works, fo hath he obtained for his houses, the two signes which do behould the Crabbe and the Lion with perfect enmitie, that is to fay, with an oppolition or contrarie afpect, as Capricorne and Aquarius, of the which Capricorne is the night house, and Aquarius the day house. Contrariwife, *Impiter* which is the father and friend of Nature, hath for his houles Sagintarius and Pifces, which behould the Lion and the Crabbe with a trine aspest, which is the aspect of perfect amirie, of the which Sagitarius is the day house, and Pifees the night. And because Inpiter doth follow next after Saturne, the one of his houles are before the houles of Saturne, and the other after. Mars following after, hath for his houses Aries, and the Scorpion, whereof Aries is the day house, & the Scorpion the night house. These two Signes doe behould the Crabbe and the Lion with a quartile aspect, which is the aspect of unperfect enmitie, because that Mars is not friend vnto Nature, neither so great an enemie as Saturne. Then followeth Venus, which being no enemie vnto Nature, neither fo great a friend as Inpiter, hath for her houses two Signes, which behold the houses of the Sun and Moone with an aspect of unperfite amitie, that is with a sextile aspect, as Taurus & Libra: of the which, Taurus is the night house, & Librathe day house. Mercury being the last of all, hath for his day house Gemini, & Virgo for his night house, the which do not behold the houses of the Lights with any aspect, because that Mercury being alwaies mutable, he doth alwayes accord & agree with those Pla: with whom he is corporally joyned. This digthe Starres.

nity is called the dignity of the house, because that whe a Pia: is in any one of them, he is like a Prince in his Palaice, comanding & is obeyed. Always it is to be noted, that one diurnall or day Planet, is of greater force in his diurnall or day house, then in his nocturnall or night house. In like maner must you judg of the nocturnal or night Planet. Victo this dignitie because it is the first & chiefelt, is attributed the nuber of flue, & as this dignitie is the greatest amongst them, euen so when anye Planet is in the opposite or contrary Signe, he is most vnfortunat, in so much that when he is in the opposite of his house, hee is sayde to bee in his detriment or decay.

> 32 Of the second Essentiall dignitie, that is of the Exaltation.



HE fecond Effentiall dignitie is called the Exaliation, the which is a certaine place of the Zodiack, in the which, the vertue & force of any Planet is by a certayne natu-

rall excellencie advanced as it commeth to passe in the Summe, who according to the indgement of Prolomy is exalted in Aries, but chiefly according to the opinion of others, in the xix degree of the same. And in that place hee is exalted, because then hee beginnethto come toward the North, and then the dayes beginne to encrease and to exceede the night. But he is abased and in his detriment or decay in the place where his enemye is exalted, that is in the xxi. degree of Libra, in the which place Saturne is exalted: as likewise

Sasurne

Surarne throwne downe and abased in the 21 degree of Aries: For as the Sunne is the preferuer of Nature, and Saturne the ruine and decay: so are their eleuations and decayes cleane contrarie. In like fort doth it happen between Iupiter and Mars, for Iupiter is axalted in the xv. degree of the Crabbe, and abased in the like degree of Capricorne: and Mars is exalted in the 28 degree of Capricorne, and abased in the like degree of the Crabbe. Venus hath her exaltation in the xxvij. degree of Pisces, and in the like degree of Virgo her fall. Mercurie hath his fall in the xv. degree of Pisces, and hath his exaltation in the like degree of Virgo. Finally, the Moone is exalted in the third degree of Taurus, and abased in the like degree of Scorpio. The head & taile of the Dragon are likewise exalted in certaine places, and abased in the contrarie: For as the head is exalted in the third degree of Gemini, and the tayle in the third of Sagittarie: so is the head there abased, and the tayle in Gemini.

Thus it is to be seene, that the Planets have their exaltations in fuch figures as doe behould the figures of some one of their houses with an aspect of amitie, which is partly the cause that they are fortunate in those places, as shalbe hereafter declared. And albeit the antient Arabians have placed the exaltation of the Planets in certaine perticuler degrees of the Signes: yet neuerthelesse following the mind of Prolomy, we wil take the whole lignes for the exaltatio. The Planets the being in those signes and degrees, do shew their force, insomuch that if any be borne (they being in the like degrees) they make him happie and fortuof the Starres.

nate, working the contrary when they are in their fall and decay. This Effentiali dignitie fucceeding & forlowing the house, hath given vato him the number of Foure.

> Se Of the third Essentiall dignitie, that is of the Triplicatie.



Mongst the Essential dignities of the Flaners, the Triplicatie hath the third place, of the which, as touching the dioi dot the Signes, we have alreadye hokë where we intreated of their diuisios. Now therfore we wil speake of

the Planers, & of their dominio & government which they have over the Triplicities, aswell by day as by night.Euery Triplicitie therfore is gouerned by three Planets, wherefore gouerneth the day, the other the night, the thirde is common, ayding and affilting both day and night.

The first, which is called the fierie Triplicitie, is ruled and gouerned by the Sunne by day, by Iupiter by night, and both day and night by Saturne, and therefore is Saturne called the common Dominator of that Triplicitie.

The tecond, which is the earthlye Triplicitie, is likewise ruled by Venus in the day, by the Moone in the night, and both by day and night by Mars.

Saturne, Mercury, and Iupiter, are Lords of the third Triplicitie, which is of the Ayer, but the daye is lubtect vnto Saturne, the night to Mercury, and both daye

and night to Inpiter.

Finally, the watrie Triplicitie, which is the fourth, hath for their Lords, Venus, Mars, and the Moone: Vemus governeth for the day, Mars for the night, and the Moone both for day and night. This dignitie hath for his value, three in number. To this agreeth Alcabitius, Caminerus and other antient authors, but Leouitius following *Prol*. doth defigne it thus.

	d.	11.	cõ.
Firie Triplic.	⊙,	77.	♂•
Abothly Triplic.) .	ģ.	ъ.
Acre Trulic.	$\bar{h}.$	¥ •	77.
Watrie Triplic.	o ^x •	o^*•	₽ D.

32 Of the fourth Effentiall dignitic, the termes or boundes of the Planets.



Lbeit that by a certayne orderly divilion enery fign is attributed vnto a proper house of some one Planet. Neuerthelesse their parts and degrees are diuided againe for the termes or bouds of the same Planets: in the which di-

wision the Egyptians have proceeded in this maner, that is to lay, the first lixe degrees of Aries they give vnto Iupiter for his terme or bounds, the lixe degrees next following of the same Signe vnto Venus, and the eight degrees next enfuing vnto Mercury, the other ten which remayne they divyde into two equall parts, giving the first fine vnto Mars, and the other fine vnto Saturre, & in like maner the Planers in all the other Signes possesses certayne

of the Starres.

certaine degree for their termes or bounds, but for fo much as it were too tedious to recite them presently, they are drawne into a table hereunto annexed wherin is conteined the other dignities also, this may not be let palle to be noted that the two Lights have no certaine degrees for their termes or bounds, but each of them hath the one moitte or halfe of the Zocitacke, the the which doth serue them in place or steed of their termes or bounds, the Sunne hath for his moitie or halfe, that part which beginneth at the first degree of the Lion, vnto the last degree of Capricorne. The other moitie which beginneth at the first degree of Aquarius, and continueth to the end of the Crabbe, is appoynted for the termes and bounds of the Moone. The two Lights therefore being in that part of the Zodiacke which is attributed vnto them, are also in like dignitie as the other Fine Planets when they are in their proper termes or bounds. And vnto this dignitie is attributed and given the number of Two.

32 Of the fift Essentiall dignitie, of the faces

Efore we have divided the Zadiacke into xij.

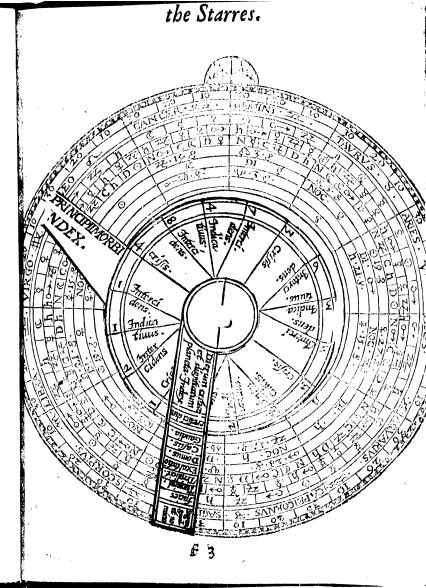
Signes, and enero Signa income Wee will divide those xxx, degrees into three equall parts, which we call Faces, fo

that euerie face shall containe tenne degrees, and in euerie of those faces some one Planer shall haue his place or dignitie: As Mars hath the first face of Aries, the Sunne hath the second, and Venus hath the third. The first face of Taurus is subject to Mercury, the second to the Moone, and the third is subject to Saturne.

The

Indgements of
The first face of Gemini to Inpiter, the second to Mars, the thirde to the Sunne: and so consequently proceeding according to the order of the Faces & of the Planeis, as more playnely shall be declared in the Table hereaster placed. This dignitie is the least of all, & hath given vnto it the vnitie or number of One.

Heere followeth the Table contayning all the places and dignities of the Planets.



A declaration of the Table heere before placed.

His Table heere before placed, is framed of many Circles, which also doe make divers spaces & distances: Whereof the first space conteineth the degrees of the Signes: the

the second the number of the degrees, marked with Charactars of Arithmeticke: in the thirde is noted the names of the Signes, with their Characters: in the fourth the faces with their Lords and gouernours: in the fift is discribed the termes of the Planets divided by lynes, and betweene energe twoolynes is placed the Charactar of the Planet which hath the Dominion in that place: the fixt space contayneth the Lordes of the Triplicities: in the 'menth is fet their Exaltations: in the eyght their homes: in the ninth their detriment, fall or decay: the tenth finally coprehendeth the loyes of the *Planets*. In the Centre or middle of the table there is an Index or Voluell, upon the which is described the names of the dignities of the Planets: If any man then will know yf anye Planet bee in his dignity, or would finde the Lord of any house, by setting the Index vpont the degree of that signe, he shall sinde directly downward vnder the same signe, all the dignities which that Planet or any other maye have in that place. There is also under the same Index another rundle or Voluell, contaying the creticall dayes, the demonstrative or judging dayes, as also the killing or mortall dayes. By the which if any man will know what day the cryfis or extreame

the Starres.

extreame force of any malady fl all happen (Ifpeake of those licknesses which follow the sorce of the Moone) Let him marke in what figne & degree the Moone was, when the Patient fell sicke, then fet the Index of that Voluell upon the place where the Moone was, and the vi permolt litle Index vipon the first angle cretike, it will flraight shew the degree of the signe, vnto the which when the Moone cometh, you fl all judge of the sicknesse, so that the Moone be there fortunate. For the cotrary wil happen, if the be unfortunate, or rather to be enclined to euill, than to good. The like must bee doone to finde out the other creticall, indicatines, or mortall dayes, in marking diligently when the Moone shall touch any degree, which is correspondent to any of the 16 Angles of the Fygure or Voluell, which iudgement is drawen out of the 60 Aphorisme of Prolemy in his Centiloquio: who fayth, that for to knowe the Creticall dayes of any ficknesse, wee must beholde the motion of the Moine through the fixteene Angles of the Fygure, for if the Moone be in them fortunate, it stall fall out well, if she be unfortunate, contrariwise.

of the degrees Masculine and Feminine, bright, smokie, and darke, vacant or voyd, deepe, augmenting Fortune, and dimin shing fortune, and of those which bring imbecilitie or weakenesse to the bodye, which are called Azimenes.

CHAP.

FULL STATES STAT

CHAP, IIII,



OW we have already spoken how the Zoctack is divided into Signes and Degrees, & that some of them are masculine & seminine: Nowe weemust speake likewise of their parter and degrees, which are separate into many sortes: for one

fort are called masculate; for to much as when a masculine Planer is in any of them, he is the more strong & fortunate, the other are called feminine, because they worke the like with the remissing *Planets*. Againe fome are called light or bright, some darke, some smoky, & Iome voyde, (and that because of the Starrs which are in those Places) and some are called deepe, and amogst thefe, the Light make thefe Planets which are in them fortunate: the Imoky, darke, and deepe degrees works the contrary, the voyde make them neyther fortunate: neyther vnfortunate. Those which doe augment fortune, are in place where there be Starres of the nature of the fortunate Planers, or bee in the place of the Exaltation or tearmes of the good Planets, or in the place where the termes of the good Planers gather togither. Finally, there are some degrees which are tayde to bring detriment, imbecillitie, or diminution

the Starres.

into our bodies, which commeth to passe by the cuill nature of the fixed Starres which are in that place, or for some other cause. Therefore when it shall happen that in the nativitie of any, or in any question, the Mone or the principall lignificator shall be found in amy of those degrees, if they be not in one of the angles, or in his honte or exaltation and orientall, it shall bring victo him that is borne, the loffe or decay of some one member, crat the least the losse of the thinge that hee demaundeth or feeketh. All thefe degrees are contayned in a Table following, with an Index or Voluell. wherein is also described the names of them, wherfore fetting the Index vpon any part of the Signes directly by the line of the fayd index you'll all know the nature of the degree, whereupon it is let. For the maleuline degrees are all blacke, the femining thate the lighter the darke the smoky, and the voyd degrees are dissinguifted by (malllynes, betweene the which they are marked with the fieff letter of their names, as the light degrees with the letter 1, the darke with D,& fo the other. The rest of the degrees as the Azimenes, the depe & those which augment fortune, they are marked with a figure of Arithmetick in their proper Circles, as the 6. 11. 16. 23. & the 19 degree of aries are called deepe, and to likewife the other as well that augment fortune, as the Azimenes, are noted as it appeareth by the Table following.

Here followeth the Table contaying the degrees Masculine and Feminine, bright, sinoky, and darke, vacans or voyd, seepe, augmenting fortune, or diminishing Fortune, and of those which bring imbeculitie or weakeness

HERENE PROPERTY

CHAP, IIII,



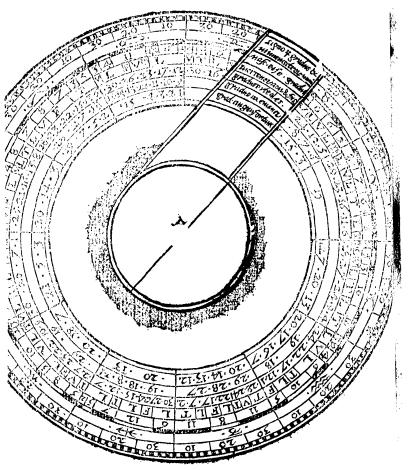
DW we have already spoken how the Zo. tack is divided into Signes and Degrees, & that tome of them are masculine & seminine: Nowe wee must speake likewise of their partes and degrees, which are separate into many sortes: for one

fort are called marchane, for to much as when a mafculine Planet is in any of them, he is the more firong & fortunate, the other are called feminine, because they worke the like with the remissing *Planets*. Againe fome are called light or bright, some darke, some smoky, & iome voyde, (and that because of the Starrs which are in those Places) and some are called deepe, and amogst these, the Light make these Planers which are in themfortunate: the fmoky, darke, and deepe degrees work the contrary, the voyde make them neyther fortunate neyther unfortunate. Those which doe augment fortune, are in place where there be Starres of the nature of the fortunate *Planess*, or beein the place of the Exaltation or tearmes of the good Planets, or in the place where the termes of the good Planets gather togither. Finally, there are some degrees which are layde to bring detriment, imbecillitie, or diminution

the Starres.

anto our bodies, which commeth to palle by the cuill nature of the fixed Starres which are in that place, or for some other cause. Therefore when it shall happen that in the nativitie of any, or in any question, the Morne or the principall tignificator thall be found in any of those degrees, if they be not in one of the angles, or in his houte or exaltation and orientall, it shall bring vato him that is borne, the loffe or decay of some one member, crat the least the losse of the thinge that hee demaundeth or feeketh. All thefe degrees are contayned in a Table following, with an Index or Voluell. wherein is also described the names of them, wherfore fetting the Index upon any part of the Signes directly. by the line of the layd index you fi all know the nature of the degree, whereupon it is let. For the makining degrees are all blacke, the femining thate the lighte. the darke the smoky, and the voyd degrees are dissinguidled by (malllynes, betweene the which they are marked with the fieft letter of their names, as the light degrees with the letter 1, the darke with D,& to the other. The rest of the degrees as the Azimenes, the depe & those which augment fortune, they are marked with a figure of Arithmetick in their proper Circles, as the 6. 11. 16. 23. & the 19 degree of dries are called deepe, and so likewise the other as well that augment fortune, as the Azimenes, are noted as it appeareth by the Table following.

Here followeth the Table contayning the degrees Mafruline and Feminine, bright, finoky, and darke, vacant or voyd, leepe, augmenting fortune, with diminishing Fortune, and of those which bring imbecilitie or meakeness.



the Starres.

Of the Radiations or aspects of the Planets.

CHAP. V.



OW we will intreat orderly of the Radiations or Affects of the Planets, and their accidents, but will begin with the affects & shew that there is Fine forts of them, that is to say, a Coniunction, a Sextill, trine, quadrat or quartill, and Opposition: and albeit that the Con-

innction is not properly an Aspect, yet notwithstanding wee will place it in the number amongst them, some of them are Aspects of amitie, or loue, as the trine and sextill: others of enmitie and hatred, as the quadrat and opposition: the conjunction is doubtfull, for with the good Planet she is good, and with the e-uill she is contrarie: the conjunction is when the Centers or points of twoo Planets are distant one from the other, as well by longitude as latitude, one one lie degree or at least xvj. minutes, when he approchet his rest vnto a perfect Conjunctio, & that is when the centers of the bodies of both the Planets are in one point of the Zodiacke. The sextill aspect is when the centers

C

of two Planets are distant one from another by the 60 part of the Zodack, which is in valure two fignes or 60 degrees, wherefore this fextile is called aspect of vnperfect friend hip, because the Planets doe behold one another in that fort, and doe onely agree by a certaine qualitie. I hé quadrat or quartill aspect (also called a Tetragon) comprehedeth between the fenters of two Planers or celestiall bodies, the fourth part of the crooked circle, which is in value 3 fignes or 90 degrees, the which, because the lignes beholding one another by this alpect are most commonly of two qualities, therefore it is the aspect of unperfect comitie. The trine all ect contayning the thirde part of the layde Circle, which is 120 degrees, is called the aspect of persite amitie and loue, for that the Signes beholding one another by the same, doe agree in all qualities. The opposition happeneth when the moine or halfe of the Zniiack contayning 6 Signes, or 180 degrees, is betweene the centures of the bodyes of the twoo Plamass: the which is called the aspect of perfite enmitte or hatred, for so much as those partes of the Zodiack which beholde one another with that aspect, like vnto the disposition of the Heatten, they are directly cotrary. Amongst these aspects as Iulius Firmicus witnesseth in the seconde Booke of his Mathematicks the 25 Chapter: the fextile, quadrat, and trine aspects are double, that is to faye, a right and a left, taking the right for the hinder part, and the left for the fore part, as if we would fay, that Aries hath a right fextill vnto Aquarius, and a left vnto Gemini. Likewise Aries hath a right tryne vnto Sagitrarius, and a left vnto Leo.

the Starres.

In like fort you you must judge of all the other aspects. And it is also to been oted that the right aspectes are more forcible then the left. These continue so long as the beames of the Planers doe indure, of the which aspects there is also made applications and seperations, which are manyetymes taken for true aspects. And these aspects are described by certayne proper Characters and figures geometricall, as followeth.

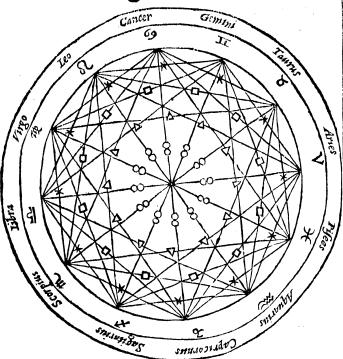
The Conjunction is thus noted of, Sextill *, the Quadrat , the Trine , the Opposition .

Hereafter ye shall have described a figure of all the aspects of Zociack.



6 3

Of



■ Of the applications and Separations
Of the Planets.

CHAP. VI.



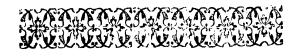
HE application hapneth when as the Circles or beames of the Planets come to ioine together by a corporall Conjunction, or by aspect of the one halfe of their Deamiters:

the Starres.

or when one Planet is distant fixe degrees from a true aspect to another, or that he doe joyne vnto another by the halfe of his beames. These Circles or Radiations are divers and different one from another, becaute the one is great, and the other litle. For Saturne casteth his beames circularly, 9 degrees forward, and fomuch backward, wherefore the halfe deamiter of his radiall circle containeth 9 degrees, and the whole Deamiter 18. The Radiall circle of *Inpiter* is of the fame quantity and bignesse. But the circle of Mars containeth in his Deamiter onely 16 degrees, which is 8 for his halfe. The Sanne casteth his beames in compasse 15 degrees vp on energy part, which maketh the whole deamiter of his Circle to containe 30 degrees, and the one halfe 15. Venus and Mercury cast their circuler beames 7 degrees euerie waie in length, so their whole Deamiter is 14. Finally the Moone lendeth foorth her beames on cuery fide 12 degrees, for the halfe of the Deamiter, and the whole contayneth 24 degrees. Then the right application of the Moone vnto Saturne by a fextill aspect, It albe when as betweene the centure of their two bodies there is contayned 49 degrees and 30 minutes, or at the most 54 degrees. The left application is, when as betwene the 2 centers is contayned 70 degrees 30 minutes, or at the least 66 degrees, for so much as the moitie of the halfe deamiter of the Circle radyant of Saturne is 4 degrees 30 minutes, & the halfe of the circle of the Moine is fixe degrees, if then these parts bee ioyned togither, which mounte viito to degrees and 30 minutes, and taken from 60 degrees for the righte application are added onto the fame number, for

the left, the applications will be easily found. Likewise must you judge of all other aspects of the Planets.

And now to come to the seperation it is to bee vnderstoode, that it is when one Planet doth leave or depart from the aspect of another, or from his Coniunction by the space of one onely degree, and alwaies he is still sayde to be seperating untill that hee hath wholy lest and is departed from the beames of the other. Also we doe saye that the Moone doth seperate her selfe from the Coniunction of tupiter, when thee hath left him one degree: and when the is from him to degrees and 30 minutes, then shee is said to be fally seperated. Likewise a Planer is seperating when he departeth seo the aspect or d. of another P.a. but 6 min and lesser oftentimes, which is much to be considered in the fig-nification of euerie question. Heere must it also be noted, that the inferiour Planets doe apply vnto the tuperiour or higher, and likewise seperate themselves from them, and not contrariwile, that the higher Plat froud apply to the inferiour, or seperate themselves from them, because their motion is more slowe, and they more waightie and heatife than the inferiour Planets arc.



the Starres.



Of the accidents which happen unto the Planets, as well among themselves as in themselves, and first of all, of their defence or let.

CHAP. VII.



Efides those things which are alreadie spoken of, there happeneth who the Firmer divers accidents, as well arrespectively as in their selves: among the which, the suffit that come things are alled the Freshbition, let or defence; which is that

which doth let and hinder the conjunctions & aspects of the *Planets*: the which happen after three forts or waies: by the bodie, by aspect, or by retrogradation or going backwards. The body of one *Planet* doth hinder the aspect of another, when he is never to the Co-iunction of that *Planet* which is beholden, then is the other *Planet*, that doth or would behold him: as you shall play nely see in the Table following, for the Sunne being in the first degree of Taurus doth let the tryne aspect that Mars would cast vnto Venus, or Venus vnto H

Of

Mars. Thus doth the bodyelet the aspect, when as the Planet and he that doth behold, are in like degrees, as by the example before thewed, the Sunne being in the first degree of Taurus, and Mars in the first of Capricorne.

A Prohibition or let is also wrought by aspect, when as the beames of him that doth let, are neerer vnto the third Planer, then the beames of him that doth behold him, or corporally apply vnto him: as the Moone being in the second degree of Cancer, by a sextill aspect doth let the confunction of the Sunne & Venus: for the Moone is merer vnto Venus than the Sunne, he being in the first. degree of Taurus, and Venus in the third. Finally Pro-Exbitien or let is done by retrogradation or going backward, when one Planet applying to another, becommeth retrograde before he perfectly behouldeth the other Planet, or be corporally joyned with him. As if Mercury were corporally applying to the Sunne, should become retrograde, before he were joyned to him: and this let is properly called a Refreynation, or houlding backe.

32 Of the Translation of the Light, and nature of the Planets.



HE Translation of the Light and nature of the Planets, happeneth in two forts. First, when a light Planct doth seperate himselfe from the Conjunction or aspect of another

heavier than he, and afterward applyeth himselfe againe to another that is more heavier, or more lighte

of the Starres.

than the second: for then the first doth transport or carie away the light or vertue of the seconde vnto the third. As Mercury separating himselfe from the Sunne, and applying vnto Venus, doth transport the light and vertue of the Sunne vnto her.

The superiour or highest Planers are more waightie than the inferiour or lower. For Saturne is more waitie than Iupiter, Iupiter tha Mars, Mars than the Sume, the Summe than Venus, Venus than Mercury, and finally Mercany is more heavier than the Moone. And they are called more waightie and heavie, because their motions are flower than those which are viderneth them.

Secondly, this translation doth also happen, when a light Planet doth ioine himfelfe corporally or by aspect vnto one that is more heavier than he: and the same againe to one that is more heavier. For then the second doth trasport the light or nature of the first vnto third. As if the Sunne stould apply vnto Mars, and Mars vnto Saturne, then should Mars transport the light or nature of the Sunne vnto Saturne.

> AR Of the Reception or receyting of Planets .



Eception is of two forts, strong and weake. The strong Reception is, when a Planet doth applie to the Lord of a house, or Exaltation or Triplicitie fro the place where

he is, and that likewise he hath some dignitie in the place where the Lord is placed, and if both two be in dignities one of another, having also dignities in the place

place where they are, and that their application be by a tryne or fextill aspect, the ix eception thall be the better and the more perfite. For example, the Moone being in Cacer & beholding Venus in Taurus, with a sextill aspect, doth receive Venus in her exaltation, and Venus the Moone in her Triplicitie, but when this application is, the Planets being in their lesser dignities as in their termes or faces, then their reception is weake and impotent.

Of the rendring up or giving backe of the light or vertue of the Planets.



Endring vp or giuing backe is double, that is to taye, of the vertue and of the light. The rendring vp of the one vertue, is when a Planet being in his owne house, or in any other of his dignities beholdeth another which is combust

or retrograde: for that Planer because of his imbecilitie which cometh by his Retrogradation or combustion, cannot holde or kepe the vertue which the other doth communicate or give vnto him by his aspect. As in the sigure following is shewed, where Verus being combust in Taurus, rendreth vp to the Moone her vertue which shee didgine vnto her by a sextill aspect. Such yeilding vp is good and profitable, if both the Planets bee in Angles or succeeding houses being fortunate: likewise if the Flaner that doth applye vnto the other bee in an angle, although the other bee in a salling house (so that there be some Reception between

the Starres.

them) is indifferent. Finally, it will be profitable if he which yeildeth vp his vertue be in an angle: otherwise it is altogether unprofitable. The yeelding or rendring vp of the Light is, when two Ptanets which doe not behold one another withany aspect, yet both of them doe behold some other Planet: for that Planet doth gather their Lightes and doth cast it back againe, either to themselves or to some other place of the Zo-atack, as appeareth by the figure hereaster placed. Mars gathering the light of Saturne & the Sunne, doth yeilde it backe againe vnto them. If it happen the third Planet to be more waighty then the other two, that shall bee called a collection or gathering together of the Lightes.

of the Contrarietic of the Planets.



HIS Contrarietic happeneth, whe a weightie Planet is placed in the middeft, betwene two light Planets, the first applying vnto the weightie planet, and the third being retro-

grade, ioyneth himselse to the second, and after to the first. I or not onely the Conjunction of the firste and second is letted, but also the thirde is ioyned with the second, and the first: as it appeareth in the figure, by Venus, the Sunne, and Mercury: for there Venus being retrograde, ioyneth her selse to the Sunne first, and after to Mercurie, and letter the corporall or bodily coium clion of the Sunne and Mercury.

as of the cutting off, or frustrating the light of the Planets.

His cut from t it hap third

His cutting of the light doth but little differ from the contrarietic before spoken of, and it happeneth after two sorts. First, when a third *Planet* going forward by certaine de-

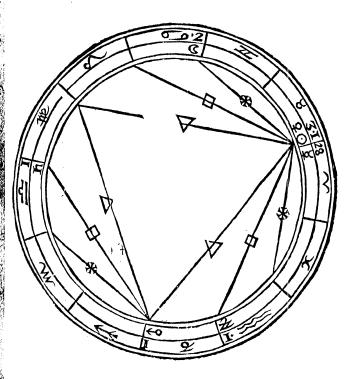
grees into another figne, where the first and second Planets are by retrogradation, joyneth himselfe to the second, and not to the first, as in the figure following, Venus retrograde joyneth her selfe to the Sunne. The second sort is, when as a Planer going to the coniunction of another more waightie than he, and the same doe behould another Planet that is more waightie, before the first be joyned vnto him. In this case the third Planet by his aspect, doth let the conjunction of the first and second, as for Example: Mercury going to the conjunction of the Sunne, and the Sunne behoulding Iupiter with a quartill aspect, Iupiter by his said aspect, doth let the consunction of Mercury and the Sunne, and because this happeneth at the time when the second Planet entreth into another signe to go to the aspect of another Planet more waightie and hea uy than he, it is called the frustrating or cutting of the Light .



the Starres.



Here followeth the Table containing all the aforesaid Accidents.



Here



♥ Of the Accidents which happen unto

Planets, as well among themselves, as also with the Sunne and Moone: and first of all, of the combustion or burning of any Planet.

CHAP. VIII.



OW to retourne to the Accidents which do happen to the Planets, as with the Lights. We will first speake of those which are the last, beginning with the Combustion or burning of any Planet: when any Planet is hidden under the beames of the

Sunne, so that we cannot see it, then it is said to be cobust or burnt, and so is still called untill it hath lest the body of the Sunne, by the space of 15 degrees, or at the least 12. Also a Planet is called oppressed, when it is within 12 degr. of ...

The Almuges of the Planets is no other thing but a vision or behoulding of face to face in respect of the two Lights: for it happeneth, when as between a planet and the Sunne or the Moone there is so many signes, as there is betweene the house of the planet, and the house of the Sunne or of the Moone: so that the said planet.

of the Starres.

net be occidentall from the Sunne, or orientall from the Moone, like as when the Sunne is in Virgo and Fenus in Sagittarie, then there should be Almugea, for between Taurus and Leo there be twoo signes, and as much betweene Virgo and Sagittarie, or if Venus were in Leo, and the Moone in Libra, there should bee Almugea, for Venus being Orientall from the Moone, there is one Signe between Cancer and Taurus, like as there is betweene Leo and Libra. The Planers are called Orientall, when as they doe rise in the night before the Sunne, and set in the day time before him, and likewise they are called occidentall, when as they rise in the tyme day after him, and likewise set after him in the night.

The Almugea of @ and & is when

So there can bee no Almusea between Q and Q and Q because Q is neuer elongated from Q about 47 degr: 16 min. and Q 23 degr: 30 min.

The Of the accidents which happeneth vnto the Planets among themselves.



Mong the accidents which doe happen vnto the *Planners* among themfelues, the first is when any of them is voyde or without course or motion which is sayde to be when one *Planer*

separating himselfe from another doth not apply to anye other during the time that hee tarrieth in that signe, and then hee is sayde to have his course and motion voyde. That Planer which is placed out of all his dignities is called peregrine or strange.

When a Planet is in a Signe alone by himselfe, and that no other Planet doth beholde the same Signe, that

Planer is called wilde or fauage.

The Planets are also sayd to be in their haine, which is as much to saye, as in their similitude or like, when the masculine Planets are in the masculine Signes, and the diurnals or day Planets are by day about the earth, and in masculine Signes and degrees: the contrarye is likewise to be considered of the seminine, nocturnals, or night Planets.

And in this manner a Pla: is sayde to be in his haiz 3 wayes, first according to his place about or beneath the earth: secondly after the sex of the signe masculine or feminine: Thirdly according to the quarter of the heaven which he holdesth masculine or feminine, and this is called the confirmitie of the quarter.



Of the accidentall forces, Strengths, and Fortunes of the Planets.

the Starres.

CHAP. IX.



Auing sufficiently spoken of the qualities and natures of the Signes of the Zodiack, and of the Plannets with all their dignities and forces which they have in the lame, and their accidents which may happen vnto them, wher-

by a man may generally understand and knowe when they be fortunate or unfortunate. Nowe to make it more easier and playne, I will briefly and perticularly speake of their fortunes and infortunes. The Planets then are most stronge and fortunate, when they are in the angles or succeeding houses, excepte the 8 house which is vnfortunate, or when they behold the ascendent, or else when they are in their essentiall dignities, or in Signes of their owne natures, or in the houses wherein they doe reioyce. As when Mercury is in the first house, the Moone in the third, Venus in the fift, Mars in the fixt, the Sun in the ninth, Iupiter in the cleuenth, and Saturne in the twelfth. Likewise when they are in the part of their excenters furthest distant from the earth, the which is called their Auxor increase: and also when they be Septentrionall or miridionall: so that of two Pla: yf both be septent, the more septent, is the flronger: if both be merid, the leffe merid, is the flronger: if one bee in the Eccliptick it is weaker then that which is septent, and stronger then that which is merid. when both are in th'eclipticke or haue both one latitude, yet that Planet which in longitude declineth most to the North or least to the South, is stronger.

Securi

CHAP.

Securitie of a Planer is when in his haine hee possesset an Angle and the temporal light likewise in an Angle from him except Opposition beeing Orientall from in the daye, and Occidentall from in the night: so hee must be in the 10 Signe from in the day, and in the fourth Signe from in the night, after the order of the Signes.

A Planet is fay de to be 1 fwift in course when hee 40 The 59 middle 3 o goeth after in 24 howers, 27 8 the his middle motion, & motion () o 59 o Z 8 contrariwise hee is slowe 59 3 when he is retrograde or 59 goeth lesse then his mid-5) 13 10 36. dle motion in 24 howers, as it may easily be decerned in the Ephem.

A Planer is increased in light when hee departeth from \odot , or \odot from him, and contrarily he doth diminish in light: when the Equation of the argument of a Pla: is added to the middle morion he is increased in number: yf substracted hee is diminished in number.

The masculine Planets are also fortunate in the masculine degrees, and quarter of the heaven. Like as when they are orientall from the Sunne, judging the the like of the seminine Planets, when they are occidentall from the Sunne, and in a seminine quarter of degree of the heavens.

The force of the diurnall Planets is advanced when they are by day about the earth, and by night under,

the Starres.

but the nocturnal Planets reioice to be by day under the earth, and by night aboue.

Likewise when their motion is encreased, or that they be direct, or at the least in their second station, then are they fortunate.

The like againe is, when they are in a fextill trine, or at the least in a quartill aspect of good Planets, as also when they are in the same degree and minute that the Sunne is, without any difference of longitude or latitude, or in a Sextill or tryne aspect with the Sunne, and when they depart from combustion or from vnder the beames of the Sunne.

Finally, they are strong and fortunate when they are free and without any aspect of the malygn *Planets*, or when they are in reception with the good.

The perticuler Fortunes of the Moone.



HEN the Moone is increasing in her light, or number, or motion, or that her course bee not voyde or emptye, she is strong and fortunate:



(

Judgements of



Of the missortunes of the Planets.

CHAP. X.



sentiall dignities, or being in the dignities of the malygne

Mars or Saturne, or that they be in their falles, or con- will being retrograde. trary signes to their owne houses, or else be retrograde or in their first station or meridional! speciallye ascen-The force and strength of the masculines is diminished in feminine degrees, and in a feminine quarter of the heaven, and when they are occidentall of the Sunne. The force of the feminines is likewife diminished, when the are in masculine quarters and degrees of the heaven, and be orientall from the Sunne. Lykewife when the diurnall Planets are by daye under the earth and by night aboue, and the nocturnall by night under the earth and by day aboue, or that they be flow

the Starres.

in their mouinges, or ioyned to the tayle of the Dragon, their force and strength is diminished. Like misfortune happeneth vnto them when they are belieged that is to fay, when a good Planet is placed between twoo enill, so that when he separateth himselfe from

one enill, he applyeth to the other.

So long allo as they are combust, that is, under the beames of the Sunne as before alreadie appeareth, or that they have their course in via combusta, that is, in the burnt way, which is from the 13 degree of Libra, HE Planets are called information with the 9 degree of Scorpio, they are likewise infornate when they are in fallyng stunate. They also receive great missortune & hurt houses, or that they doe not be-by the quadrat aspect of the entil Planers, but specially houlde the ascendent, and that by the Conjunction and opposition. Likewise their they are out of their owne ef. Iftrength is much weakened by the quadrat and oppofition of the Sunne. They suffer in like manner detriment and hurt when as the euill Planets are exalted a-Plannets as in the tearmes of bouethe good, or that the good doe apply vnto the e-

A Planer is said to be besieged when he is placed beween 2 infortunes as T and Z or within their beams: void of course is whilest a Pla: separating fro another, doth not againe ioine himfelfe or behould any other whilest he abideth in that signe: but this is to be vinderflood according to the radiations of their a pects, and

this is considered only in the Moone.

The particuler impediments of the Moone.

The Moone being voide of course and she diminified in her motion and light, is infortunate. When as ellossie hash her course thorow the signe of Gemini

whie!

fudgements of

which is the 12 figne from Cancer which is her house, or that the doth not beholde Cancer, or is in the first or twelfe houses, she is lykewise afflicted and hurt.

Allo when the fuffereth an Eclipse, or being in her increase hath her course with Mars, or in her decrease with Saturne, or doth not behold the place of her coniunction or oppolition, immediately going before fro the place that the is in, the is likewile infortunate.

Also when shee is in viacombusta that is from the midft of a to the middft of m, and after some opinions when hee is under the Sun-beames in the eccliptick

lyne, he is sayd to be in via combusti..

But of these dignities and debilities of the Planners here followeth a verye compendious Table wherein any may most redily behold at the accidents and Essentiall dignities and debilities belonging to the Planets.

Here followeth the Table.

Hert,

Here followeth a briefe and ready Table of all the Fortinides and Debilities of the Planers effentiall and accidentall.

5

5

Fortindes.	1	Pebiliries.
Həssfe.	5	Combust or under the beames
Exultation.	4	F
Triplicitie.	1 2	Reirograde,
Terme.	12	Occidentalitie of To 17. 8.
Exce,	1	Orientality of Q Q.
Free from combustion.	5	In his detriment
In the center or bart of .	5	Inhis f.dl.
Direct.	4	Peregrination.
Orientality of To 17. and A.	2	Slow in motion.
Occidentality of Q Q.	2	Application so infir.
Eucreasing light that is 9	1	Diminifling light.
fiothe of Toshe or of O. S	2	Diminishing number.
Encreasing maniber.		Ecclife.
, bonfe	2	Feralitie.
In mutually exception of \ cash.	5	In sermes of infir.
Both een 2 fortunes.	4	Voyde of courfe.
Intha fixed flarre of z	5	Lathe barne stay,
bis owne nature.	5	Befice caur between 3 infirmities,
Application to a fortuite.	4	58
Security.	5	Parsil spect of \ muh To 3.
SS		700
Partillashell of \ with 17. or \$	2 5	To the for adiogned &.
30	, ,	of with a fixed starre of enill
With thefe & addeth.	3	nature.
-	3	Difagreement of the quarter.
Toy by reason of the { figne place	3	Defagreement of Haz.
Hayn.	3	Voyde.
Confirmitie of the quarter,	3 2	Smokie.
Smitt of courfe.	2	Degree & Darke.
) -	Lime.
masc. or sem.	1	Rollen.
Digres & light.	- 1	
11.114.	I	
(augmenting fortune.	I	K In

In the affected, or 10.

In the 7.4. or 11.

In the 2. or 5.

In the 9.

In the 3.

Fortune.

In the Signes. Sor H

Strong and In the termes of H or R

Fortunate.

In aspect of Saddeth

To these adioyned B addeth

In signes of H or S

In aspect of Signes of H or S

In signes of H or S

In signes of H or S

In aspect of of H

Also it is strong or weake according to the house or place wherein it salleth, whereof you may eiudge in the sormer Table, as of the dignities of the Planets.

Of

the Starres.



Of the twelve houses of the Heavens.

CHAP. XI.



He antient Astronomers which have written of Astrologie, have in divers manners & forts doubted the 12 houses: not withstading for breuitie sake, wee will leave the varietie of their opinions, and following onely tolin. Regionomianus, will

dynide the houses by sourceircles, which shall passe by interfexions, or cuttings afunder of the Meridian and Horizon, and divide the Heaven into 12 vncquall parts, which are called houses... First of all the whole Sphere of the Henen is divided into four e parts by the Meridian and Horizon, the beginning of the which partes are called the Angles or chiefe poyntes of the Heauen. By these chiese poyntes are understoode the foure degrees of the ecliptick line, the which doc touch the menidian as well at mid-day, as at midnight, and the Horizon as well at the ryling as setting. These principall degrees are the culpes or beginnings of the first, Fourth, Seauenth, and Tenth houses. And the other Houles are at all dyings to har hadde and found 10

ludgements of

found by the 4 foresayd circles, doe passe by two divisions thorow the Meridian & Horizon, the distance of all which houses are equall in the quarter, the begynning therefore of those houses are taken fro those circles. For the first house beginneth with the East or rising Horison, & endeth according to the order of the Signes, with the succeeding circle, where the second house beginneth, and so going forward, the residue of the houses are had and sound out. Among these, source of them are called angles, the source next, succeeding; and the last source cadent or falling houses as in the sygure following shall appeare. The 1 house is called the loy of \$\frac{7}{2}\$, the 3 of the \$\frac{1}{2}\$, the 5 of \$\frac{7}{2}\$, the 6 of \$\frac{7}{2}\$, the 9 of the \$\frac{1}{2}\$, the 12 of \$\frac{1}{2}\$.

The Horizon divide th the whole Orbe into twoo halfe Spheares distinguishing the 12 parts or houses vz. 6 about the earth as the 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, and 7, and 6, under the earth as the ascend. 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6.

The meridian divideth the heaven into two halfes, that is to lay, Afcending or Orientall, as the 10.11. 12. 1. 2.3. Descending and Occidentall, as 4,5,6,7,8, and 9.

Allo the Horizon and Meridian doe divide the hea-

uen into foure equall partes or quarters.

The first quarter is taken from the cuspe or begynning of th'alcend. vnto the cuspe of the 10 house, and is called the quarter orietal asceding, attributed to childhood, masculine, sanguine, spring: it contayneth the 12, 11, and 10 house.

The second quarter is betweene the cuspes of the 10 and 7 house, & is called the meridian quarter, descending youth, seminine, chollerick, Sommer, it pos-

lelleth

the Starres.

teffeth the 9, 8, and 7 house.

The third quarter is from the 7 house vnto the cuspe of the 4, and is called the occidentall quarter, descending, manhood, masc, melancholy, Autum. it includes the 6.5, and 4 house.

The fourth quarter is from the cuspe of the fourth house vnto the poynte of the Horoscope or Horizon, and is called the teptentrionall quarter ascending, oldage, feminine, flegmatick, winter, it comprehendeth

the 3, 2, and I house.

Likewise the 12 houses are distinguished into Angles succedent. & cadent wherof the angles are the chiefe, for in them the Plannets doe more euidently expresse their influence. The succedent are next to the, and are indifferent between the angles and cadents. The cadents are inferior & abiect places, for in them the Planets are weakned.

In judgement of times the Angles signific yeres, succedent. monethes: cadent. dayes: as if in anye natiuitie, the signifier of life be strong in angles, it promiset health and long life. But in questions it is otherwise to be judged, for the Angles declare the readines & good speed of the thing signified, that is to say, daies, houres or weekes: the Succedent. weekes, or moneths: the Cadent. moneths, or yeares.



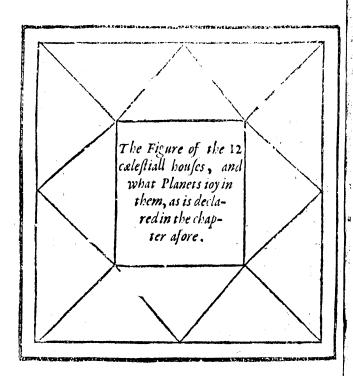
K 3:

The

Iudgements of

The Dignities of the Howses doe follow successively in this manner.

I 10 II 7 4 5 2 9 3 8 6 12. So that the 1 is preferred before the 10, and the 10 before the 11. &c. but *Prol*, preferreth the 10 before the first.



the Starres. Of the signification of the houses.

CHAP. XII.



OW that we have shewed the division of the Howses, wee will also intreate of the significations of the same, for every House hath his owne proper signification, as there be also proper Lords of the Triplicitie of the houses. By the Lords

The

of the triplicitie of the houses is understood the Lorde of the Triplicitie of the Signe which maketh the house whereof wee haue spoken before in the thyrde Chapter.

of the house which is called Lyfe.

The first house which is the Angle of the East and called the Horoscope significant the lyse and bodye of him that is borne, or that doth aske the question, and is the beginning of all thinges, as of Elections, life & byrth, and is therefore called Life. Also it signifies health, sicknes, con plexion, spirit, first age, and al accidents of the body, his consigurators and h, for if h be fortunate in this house not hindered by of nor by mean Pla: D & or O, he significantly glife and health, & the more being fortunated of 4 or 4, som attribute D to be consignife because it is cold and dry, and therfore even ie to nature of the parts of the bodye, it ruleth the head: of colours white: Ioye of 4.

UĮ

fudgements of

The first Lord of the Triplicitie sheweth the life and nature of him that is borne, or that demaundeth the Question. By the same is knowneasto what he doth loue or hate in the beginning of his life.

By the second Lord wee doe judge the force and strength of his body, and the middle age of his life. The third hath the same significations which the two first Lords had, and governethold age.

Of the second house called Hope.

The second is the house of substance, riches or seruants, and therefore is called *Hope*. Also all gaine gotten by labour, houshould stuffe, config. 8 72: it ruleth the necke, of colours greene, it is fortunate of 17, vnfortunate by 3 and 3. The first or the second Lords of the Triplicitie, which of them is strongest shall be indged the author or giver of the substance or riches, notwithstanding the first Lord giveth at the beginning of mans life, the second in middle age, and the third in the end.

Of the third house, which is called the Goddesse or the house of Bretheren.

The third house shewerh vs all thinges touching Brethren, sisters, cousines, changes, small journeis, kindred, faith and religion. Wherefore it is called the Goddesse. Configurators =: & J, it ruleth the shoulders, armes, and handes, of colours the croceall. loy of C. And the Lords of this Triplicitie have the same signification,

the Starres.

fignification, the first Lord signifieth the greater or elder brethren, the seconde the middle: the thirde, the leastfor yougest.

25 Of the Fourth called the house of Parents.

By the fourth which is called the house of Parents, we judge of Fathers; Houses, Lands, and antient heritages (but not alwayes of those that are dead) and of gardens, waters, woods, pastures, &c. & all things vn-moneable as of Castles, and other like things, & what maye happen after death. By the same also we doe gather a certaine & true judgement of hidden T reasures and all thinges hidden in the earth, & finally of the end of all things, configurators and of of partes, the brest, spleene, Lungs or Lights, of colours redde, it is fortunate of \$\frac{1}{2}\$, & infortunate of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ and \$\frac{1}{2}\$. By the Lords of this Triplicitie one shall know what will follow. The first Lord given hudgement of the Fathers. By the second we know all things touching Castles and Cities. By the thyrde, the end of all thinges is determined.

To Of the fift housensmed the house of Children.

The fift named the house of Children, hath his signification of them, of love, of Embassadors & messengers, and of gysts, ioyes, playing, banquets, apparell, configurators of \$\P\$, ioy of \$\P\$: of colors, hunney colour, it governeth the stomack, Lyuer, Hart, Sinewes, sides, backe, fortunate of \$\P\$ who who then the stomack of \$\P\$ and \$\P\$. The

ludgements of

first Lord of that Triplicitie signifyeth the Children or their life. The second loue: the thirde Embassadors, messengers, or gysts.

Of the fixt house, called the house of health, or Sicknesse.

The fixt house doth significinfirmities & Sicknesse, chiefly afflicting these, servants & maydes: by the same also may be judged at that shall happen before old age, or end of lyse, also chaungings and removinges from place to place, and all small beasts and cattell are signical. Confygurators mand & and it ruleth the inferiour part of the belly, it sheweth blacke colour, joye of &. By the fyrst Lord of the Triplicitie, you shall know the Maladies, diseases & griefes that shall happen by them, by the second you shall judge of servants. And by the thirde of the profyte and commoditie that shall come by them, and of the small cattell with their multitude and store.

85 Of the seventh house named Mariage or 2 Wise.

The seuenth house is the house of Mariage, women, contentions, warres, publique enemies, banishments, robberies, and it is the end of middle age. It is also the house of buying & selling & of run-awaies, thests, rapines & all wickednes, & of times it signifyeth death, because it is opposite to the syrst, his config. and D it xuleth the thighes and haunches, & the nauell downward,

the Starres.

ward, it hath of colours blacke.

The fyrst Lord of the Triplicitie giueth Iudgement of Mariage and women, the second of contentions, the thirde of the lawfull or vnlawfull joyning or coupling.

Of the Eight called the house of Death .

This house is the signifyer of Death, labours, sadnes, and heavinesse, heritage of dead men, and the end of the lyse. For whiche cause it is called the house of Death: also hidden Treasures, deadlye poysons, seares, confygurators, m and h, it ruleth the wombe, bladder, stones, yarde, it causeth the strangury, collick and stone, hemorods, of coulors white. The syrste Lord of that Triplicitie is Lorde of the Death: the second teacheth precepts and olde antient thinges: and the thirde, the heritages of the dead.

of the Nynth called the kouse of Religion, or God.

By the nynth house, Religion, Fayth, Visions, wisedome, the deitie, the true worshipping, rumors, and tales, dreames, declarations of thinges to come. Embassadors, long iourneys, and the halfe of mans lyse is fore-knowne, and it is called the house of Religion or God. Also ecclesiasticall dignities, wiledome, Arts, confyg. and 4 who being placed in the 9 signifyeth true religious persons, of colours it hath blacke, it ruleth the fundament, buttocks, & hipps, ioy of © who doth fortunate it, and is infortunated by & & †. The

Judgments of

rirst Lord of the Triplicitie sheweth the peregrinations or long journies, with the accidents which shall happen in them: the second Lord is the ruler of sayth and Religion with their accidents: the thirde is the interpreter of dreames, & the gouernour of witedome.

of the Heaven.

This tenth is a Royall house: for by this we searne to image of impire and the, dignit s, offices, arts, mothers, and of all things that are Rosen, & this is called middle or Angle of the Heatien, the misterie or Art that a man is inclined vitto, it significant the hase of the yeares of lyse consignif. A and D, it ruleth the knees and hammes, of colours red: forwated of and Hinfortunate of I and B. The first Lord of the triplicitie is moderator of the workes and aduating ements: the second giveth dignitic & boldnesse: the third significant the stabilitie or continuance of the dignities or aduating ements.

Es Of the Eleuenth house, which is ealled the good Spirite.

The Eleventhhouse is the house of Hope, trust and considence, of sootemen, of the ayde and helpe of the King, & of him which is most in sauour with the King. Of this house also is judgement taken for prayse and commendation: also the samiliar friends with whome one liveth, his consignif, and : ioy of 1, itruse h

the Starres.

the legs to the ancies, of colors it hath the croceall coloure it is fortunated of 27, and weakened by cr and h. The first Lord of the Triplicitie is the giver of faith, tawour, confidence, and boldnesse. The second of labours. The third is the foundatio of all the commodities and profites that come of the labours.

25 Of the twelfih house which is called the Enill strike.

This twelfth bouse which is called the Euil spirite, giveth a true and determinate judgement of privile & teoret enemies. Deceivers, envious persons, imprisoments, entil thoughts, whisperinges, great beatls, and cattell, and of all things good and euilt, which happen in the traveliof women, and of harlots: also it significates have and dissentions, and of certen disseases and sicknesses; his consignificators of signes & of planets \(\eta. Ioy of \(\frac{1}{2}\), it ruleth the sect and gowt, of colours it haut the green. The first Lord of the triplicitie is Lord of the secret enemies. The second of the labours & sorowes. And the third of the beasts and cattell: and these are the chiefe points briefly touched, diligently to be committed to memorie touching the significations of the twelve houses.

NATURALANA ANTANA

 L_3

By



By what meanes the other signification of the Howles may be found out.

CHAP. XIII.



OW having throughly confidered and wayed the first and principall fignifications of the houses: it is easie to finde the rest, nubring them successively, according to the naturall order and progression of the signes. The second house doth

alwaies give certaine judgements of the substance of riches of the house that goeth before him. The third house of the Brethren. The fourth of the Father and heritage, and other significations pertinent vnto the sourth house. The Fift house of Children. The Sixt house of Instrmities and servants. The seventh house of Wives and women. The eight house, of Death. The ninth house, of Religion. The tenth house, of rule and dominion. The eleaventh of friendes. The twelfth given ludgement of secret enemies, whereuppon they are named with these names, Life, Hope, woods, or Brethren, Parents, Children, Health, Wise, Death, Religion, or God. The Middle of the heaven, the good spirite, & the evill spirite: by these names & places as Inline Firmicus affirmeth, judgement is given vpon

the Starres.

the whole byrth of man, the which if they be diligently looked upon and marked what dominion the Planets have in them, there is nothing whereof you shall not be able to give true ludgement. These tignifycations are not onely gathered beginning at the alcendent, but also take their beginning at every house, whereby it comes to passe that the other houses have more divers and almost insynite signify cations, wherefore that this doctrine may the better bee understanded, wee will give you an example of the first and second house.

25 Of the first house.

For so much as the first house is the second from the twelsth, it give this deement of the substance, ryches, and servants of the secret enemies, and for somuch as it is the thirde house from the eleventh, it signifies the brethren of friends & other things which the third house doth signifie.

And because it is the sourth from the tenth house, it ruleth the Eathers of Kinges and their heritages and Casses, it signifyeth also the Children of religious persons, because it is the systh fro the nynth house, it hath also rule over servants and sickenesse, of samiliars and open enemies, and of women that doe not dwell with their husbandes, because it is the sixt house from the eyght, and because it is the seventh from the seventh house, it signifyeth the wives of open enemies. Touching the death of servants, also it gyveth it deement because it is in the eyght place from the sixt house, it sheweth also the Religion and long journies of children,

Judgements of

dren, being the ninth house from the fifth: likewise, being the fourth house from the tenth, it sheweth the dignities and advancements of the fathers, it declares also the friends of brethren being the eleauenth from the third house: and finally it sheweth the secret enemies of the ministers or secuauuts, because it is the swelfth from the second house.

es of the second Howse.

By like reason and order, the second house giveth sudgement of the brethren and lifters of the open enemics: also it representeth the fathers of friendes, because it is the fourth house from the eleanenth: it gouerneth likewise the children of Kings; being the fifth from the tenth: it give thindgement also of ternants, and sicknes of religious persons, as that which by naturall order hath the fixth place from the ninth, by this the wines of our familiers and enemies are kno wen as being the house of mariage, and the seuenth from the eight: but the eight house hath not this signification of his owne proper nature, but bicause it is the second fucceeding the fearnth house which dorn principally fignific wines and enemies, by the second the cause of the death of wines is knowen, because it possesset the eight place from the feuenth house: also the religion of feruants and their long journels are knowne by the second house, because it is the ninth from the fixt.

The dignitie and advancement of the children is gathered from it, because it is the tenth from the sisth house, it signifies has the friends and estate of fathers

being

the Starres.

being the eleanenth house from the sourth house. 13 nally, it fignifieth the fecret enemies of brethren, be cause it is the twelfth house from the third; and in this fort we must indg of the other hot fee. Notwithstilding thele fignifications doe firetch it farther, as if any man would aske in what house the substance or riches of the Viicles is to be placed: first it is to be considered what house hath the dominion or rule of Vncles: that it may be the better knowen, you must looke which of the twelve houles is the third to the fourth houle, because the fourth house doth signific the Father: and the third house from any other house doth signisse the Brethren. Therfore the Sixthoule, which is the third house from the fourth, doth lignifie the Vncles on the Fathers behalfe, and the Jubstaunce and riches of the Vncles is contained in the feuenth house, because it is the fecond house to the fixt. There may many other and divers fignifycations be founde in everye house, the which who to doth understand rightly that which already is spoken, shall easily fynde it out. Wheresore for breuities fake, we will goe in hande to speake of other matters briefly.



M

How



How to finde out the Lord of any bouse, which of the Arabians is called Almanen.

CHAP. XIIII.



Aning declared as briefly as maye be the fignification of the 12 houses, wee will also according to the doctrine of the auntient Aftronomers, new you the meane and wayes to finde out that Planet which shall rule in enery of the:

the which of the Arabians is called the Almuten, in Latine Lominum, and in English the Lord, beginning therefore with the Diffinition of the name, this Almuten is as much to fay, as vanquilling or furmounting, and therefore is called the Lord. The Lord therfore of the accendent or of an other house, is the Pla: which bath most dignities, or greatest strength in that place. If then thou defire to know what Planet is Lord of the alcendent feeke what figne and what degree of the Signe is in the occinning of the first houte. It with that figue and that degree you doe enter into the Table of the dignities of the Planers, and place your Index upon the degree of the figure found out by and by under the Index, directly under the lyne of the fame finall appeare all the dignities of the Planets, as for example, if a question be opt of cowhose alcendent is the

the Starres.

filidegree of Aries, and you would knowe the Lords thereof, placing your index vppon the fifte degree of Aries in the Table of the dignities of the Planets, I doe fee the Sunne to bee exalted in Aries and therefore to haue soure vertues. Then you see that although the exaltation of the Sumne bee in the 19 degree of Aries yer it stretcheth broughout the whole tigne as the exaltations of the other Planets doe, he hathalfo a dignitie of a Triplicitie because the question is by day, and therefore hath three vertues, but Mans because Aries is his house, hee bath there five dignatics and one by a face: Impirer also I ord of a terme, hath there two dignities, the Sume therefore is Lord or Almuten of the ascendent because he doth excell with most dignities, for he doth furmount by the dignities of the exaltation and triplicitie, having four eguen him for his exaltation, and three for the triplicate, which are fenen, Mars hath fixe dignities, flue for his house, and one for hys fice: Inpiter hath only two for his terme, but yf that 2 Planets be found having like dignity in the same place, then must it be marked if any of them be in the ascendent within 2. 3, or 4, degrees necre to the beginning of the fyrst house, for that Planet although it hadd but two dignities shalbe Lord, and the other although he had all the dignities that hee might have in the fame place, yet because of his absence he shall not be Lord, if none of them be in the ascendent, then looke they doe behold the ascendent, for he which beholdeth yt with the better or stronger aspect shalbe Lord, if none of them doe behold the ascendent or bee equal in aspects, then which of them is strongest in the Heauen, that M 2

Inderments of

there, none of them be in an Angle, and the other in spacecoding house, or one in a fucceeding, and the other in a traing Louie, that which is in the Angle or facecoding house, that bee adjudged the Almuten or Lo.d. If it flil happen that they bee equall in dignities, then looke which if them is in degree moltagreeable to his nature, as if it il oulde bee a masculine plaand the analyticuline degree, a teminine in a feminine, or to the lit, darke, deep e, voyde, azemene, or degrees that doesh, increase fortune, then which of them shall Howethoryelf, It all bee the Lord: Finally, if they the in all positisalike, then the houle is preferred befor the other dignities, and the exaltation before the Triplicity, the Triplicitie before the tearme, and the terme before the face, as for example: A question being proposed for the daye tyme: Whose a cendent is the two & twentith degree of Aries, the Lord where-A you woulde knowe; therefore fetting your Index sponthe 22 degree of Aries, in the Table of dignities storelayde, straight-wayes it will appeare, that Aries is the house of Mars, and hath also his tearme in the same degrees, wherby he possession in the same place 7 digrines, fyue by his houle, and two by his tearme. Likewite the same hath featien dignities, four eby his exaltation; and three for his diurnall Triplicitie. Venus hath onely one for a face. Now it is doubtfull which of these two shalbeadiadged Lord: but because the Summe is found in the beginning of the tenth house beholding the alcendent with a quadrataspect, and Mars in the lixt house having no participation with the afcendent, the Sunne shalbe the Lorde of the ascendent?

the Starres.

not withlanding Mars shall be partaker with the Sunne, because of his dignitie which he hath in Aries, & bearethrule with the Sunne in the ascendent, although the Sunne be the chiefe Lord. Inlyke forture the Lords and rulers of the other houses to be searched & sounde out. Yet after some mens opinion whosoeuer be Almuten, yet the Lord of the house is more properly significator of the thing signifyed.



By what meanes by the helpe of the

Tables placed in the Fphemerides, the Fygures or houles of Headen are to be erected in enery houre of the day.

CHAP. XV.



Lbeit there be divers and sundrye times of the daye, in the which the Cælestiall fygures or houses maye bee erected, notwithslanding we have reduced them onely to 2 times, that is the Noone time, and the after-noone time. This

 M_3

after-

ludgements of

after-noone time is reckoned from the Noone of the oneday, till Noone of the daye following, reckoning from one of the clock, vnto the end of 24 hours, out first we will speake of the crection or the houses for the Noone time, oecause it is most easie, and afterwarde for the after-noone. If you will then erect a Cereitiall fygure for the house of the Noone: little frame your fygureafter the manner Aftronomicall, then you must leeke out the true place of the Sunae layour Tables of the Ephemerides, the which you shall finde directly our against your determined day, in the I able that serveth for your yeare. This degree being founde with the minutes, if there be any, place it in the Culpe or beginning of the tenth house togicher with the Character of the tigne, wherein the Sname is the fame day, this being done, you must search amongst the Tables of the houses, for that Table which is calculate for the aititude of the Poule of your region or place, in the which I'able you must feek out the Collumne of the houses, vnder the which is placed the figne, wherein you found the Sunne that day, & under the title of the tenth house adding or leaving certaine minutes, you shall finde the whole degrees, amongst the which having sound the degree of the Sun in the right line, leading to the right hand, you thall find the degrees with the figures, which shall be set in the elementh, 12, 1, 2, and 3 houses, as the tytle set ouer the doth teach you: and so have you sixe houses of the figure crested, the other fixe houses are founde out by the contrary fignes, with their contrary degrees, but if your time of your figure be spoken for the after-noone, after the same maner you must seeke

the Starres.

out the degree of the Sunne for your houre appointed, leaving as it is aforelaid, the minutes if they be vnder 30, or putting to one degree if they be aboue 30, you must enter as before into your table which terueth for your place, and in the columne, vnder the which is placed the tigne where you found the same that day and houre, under the title of the 10 houle, going directly to the left hand in a little columne, whole inscription is Tempus a merica, that is to say, the tune after not ne or mid-day, you fi all fee the houres and n inutes of the noone tyde, vnto the which the houres and minutes of the time supposed are to be added, also because the Sanne in fixe hourest pace doth run 15 mimites of a degree of the Zodiack, by his proper motio, & to those 15 minuts doth answere one quarter of a degree, of the Equino Etiall, the which quarter is in value one minute of time. Therefore for enery fixe houres in the after-roone adde one minute of time vnto the number that is gathered together. But if the number of houres &minutes gathered together, doe furmount 24, then take away those 24, and the relidue which remaineth so gathered og ither, and seek it out in the table of the houtes in the little Columne intituled Tem-Justan critica, and if you fit duot the fame number take the next leffe before, and to fl all you commit the leffe error, and directly oward the right hand in the right line overthwart fl al appeare the lignes and degrees of the fixe houses, that is, of the 10.11.12.1.2. and 3 houfes. The other fixe houses are eatily found by the oppolite signes and degrees: I wait othere serve, if amy man being (kilfull in Arulmencke will cree his houses

ou!

fudgements of

houses after a more exact manner, for mee I leave it to his owne discretion. In this place I onely goe about to teach those that are ignorant and would learne the Art, prescribing vnto them whole degrees, least by the diffycultie and hardnesse in reducing of them into minutes and seconds, I might onerburden and surcharge their wits and Capacities.



• Of the manner howe to place the

CHAP. XVI.



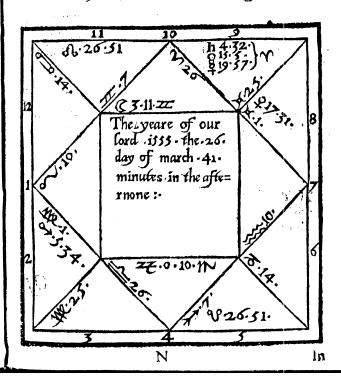
HE fygure being erected, all the Plannets together with the head and tayle of the Dragon, are fytlye to bee placed in it, which is done by this meanes. The place of the Planet being founde out in the Ephemericles for the houre proposed, must

likewise bee sought out in the houses, which beyng sounde, you shall place your Planet there. But it happeneth many tymes, and that verie often, that the

the Starres.

Character of the signe of the place of the planet is marked in some house, in the which the Planet is not to be placed, because the degree of his place is in another house, in the which (as by example following shall appears) the Planet with the degree, minute, and Character of the signe is to be placed: For the character of the signe is written agains when as there is another signe marked in the beginning of any house.

Hereafter followeth the Figure,



ludgements of

In this Figure the Sunne is found in the 15 degree of Aries, wherefore hee is to bee placed in that house whereas the 15 degree of that figne shall be found, but that degree is not in the tenth house, although the character of Aries be there marked but in the ninth house because that house hath his beginning with the 25 degree of Pifces, and doth end with the 26 of Aries. Therefore in the ninth house the Sunne must be placed with his degrees, minutes, and character of the figne of Aries, as appeareth in the example before placed: in the fame house are likewise placed Saturne & Mercurie with their degrees & minuts wherin they are found. Venus is likewise placed in the eyght house being soud in the 17 degree and 31 minutes of Pisces, because the eight house hath his beginning with the first degree of Pilces, in like order the other Planets are to be placed with the head and tayle of the Dragon, but in the Ephemerides the head of the Dragon is only marked, and not the tayle, because the tayle is alwayes in the contrary or opposition of the head.





of Certaine parts, and the waye and means how to finde them out.

CHAP. XVII.



HE part of fortune is likewife to be placed in the figure, like as also the part of life & death, & of the Planet which is cause of the death, which is called the intersitient or killing Planet: if the question bee touching any sicke body, the find-

ing out of the which wee will now e prefently teach. The part of lyfe in the day time is gathered from tupy ter to Saturne, and in the night contrariwife, and both times are projected from the ascendent.

The part of fortune in the daye time is taken from the Sunne vnto the Moone, and in the night from the Moone vnto the Sunne, and both day and night, like the part of life is added to the ascendent.

Ptol. doth alwayes take it from \bigcirc to \bigcirc , except a full Moone come before the Natiuitie or quest: and therein the \bigcirc is stronger than the \bigcirc , and then it is taken from \bigcirc to \bigcirc projected from the ascendent.

 N_2

The

ludgements of

The part of death as well by night as by day is gan thered from the Moone to the degree of the eyght house, and is projected from the signe wherein saturne is.

The part of the interficient or killing Planet is reckoned in the day time from the Lord of the alcendent to the Moone, contrariwile from the Moone to the Lord of the alcendent, and is projected from the Lorde of the alcendent.

Therefore when you will finde out or fearch the place of anye of these parts, first bring your signes into number in order, so that Aries may be in the sixt: Faurus in the second, and so orderly place, that Pilces may be found the twelfth, as followeth.

Aries, Tsurus, Geneini, Cancer, Leo, Virgo, Libra,

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Scorpius, Societarius, Caprisornus, Agasrius, Pisces.

3 9 10 11 12

Then take awaye the place of the Planet from the which yee beginne to reckon vito the other, from the place of that whereunto you doe reckon, and put the differences that remayneth, vito the degree ascendent, or to some other signe or place of the Zodiack, as in the exposition of that part is before sayd. But if there canno substraction bee made, then put 12 signes vito the signes and degrees from whence the substraction should be made.

Then accounting fto the beginning of Aries, where the number shall end, there shall that part be placed,

the Starres.

as for example; if you woulde finde out the place of the part of fortune in the fygure before placed because it is a daye figure, the place of the Sanne is to bee sub-

Reacted from the place of the Moone.

The place of the Moone is two fignes, 3 degrees and 11 minutes: the place of the Sunne is onely 1, degrees and 5 minutes from the first minute of Aries. If then you doe to biliract is degrees and s minuts, which is the place of the Sunne, by Aftronomical subfiraction from 2 signes, 3 degrees, and 11 minutes, there will remaine I figne, 18 degrees, and 6 minuts, which being added vnto the degree ascendet, maketh; signes, 28 degrees and 6 minutes, because the ascendent is of 4 signes and to degrees: then taking your beginning fro Aries, the part of fortune shall bee placed in the 28 degree and 6 minutes of Virgo: or elle the part of fortune is thus taken more redily & truly, take the distance between the Luminaries.viz.from 💿 to 🍞 by day: but by night contrary, and adde it to the degreatcending, as in the former example, the distance

S. Gr. Min.

From © to D. 1 18 6

to which I add? & 10 0

the deg. afend. S

the whoe fumme. 1 28 6

which accompited from a endeth in the 28 degr. 6 m.

Another way more ready.

39

Indgements of

the former example. In this order muste you proceede in the sinding out the true places of the other parts before mentioned. Alwayes this is not to bee forgotten, that in all them the difference is not to bee added to the ascendent; as in the part of fortune, wheras the difference is to be added to the place of Sarurne, notwithstanding in every part yee must take your beginning from Aries.

Of such thinges as are to be observed before you jue sudgement of any question.

CHAP. XFIII.



OW having erected your fygure, and placed your planets with the parts in the fame, as is before thewed, before that you doe give indgement upon any question, certayne thinges are diligently to be colidered, least error be comitted in the

fame. First therefore the 7 house and the Lord theros, are to be collidered, for if the 7 house be lettted by the aspect or presences of malygne Planets, or that his Lord be letted, that is, if hee bee in his fall, or retrograde, or combust, or otherwise hindred by missortunes afore-sayde, you may not safely give judgement, fearing to commit error. For Ptol. in the 14 Aphorisme of his Centiloquium sayth: In how great error shall the Astronomer be wrapped, when the 7 house and the Lord therosfare afflicted? Furthermore it is diligently to be mar-

the Starres.

ked whether the question bee radicall or no, which is knowne if the Lord of the ascendert and Lorde of the houre be one, or of one Triplicitie or nature. For this constellation rising, the question is radicall, cotrariwise it is not, and therefore absolute judgement is not to be giuen. Herenote that the first euill extendeth no further then when the question demaunded doth nor appertaine to the 7 house, for then it takethno place, but rather sheweth that the question demanded it al haue ill fuccesse or essect. Likewise neither the first nor secod rules do not hold in nativities, neither in any queflion where the certeyne houre of the thinge done is knowneand given. Ganiuetus giveth warning to the Astrologian of these things, especially if the ascendent be the latter degrees of anye ligne, the question is demaunded Temandi caula, or for deceite: Alfoif 5) be in the latter degrees of any signe, hee commeth of mischiese to intrap thee, and the rather is she be aspected of the infortunes or seperated from one of them.

Of the significators, and how for to finde them out.

CHAP. XIX.



Efore that wee come to gyue iudgement, we must learne to knowe what the significators are, & who they are, & how to find them out. The significator then is both the house that significant the thing demanded, & the pla: which hath most digni-

ties in

fudgements of

in the same house, which is called the Lord of the house: of the finding our whereof we have already spoken. When as therefore any question is prepoted, the Alcendent and his Lord are to be attributed vinto the querent, or moner of the question, and the house that lignifieth the thinge that is demanded, and his Lord, are attributed vinto the question or thing demisded: the Moone which in every question is common, is attributed alwaies with the alcendent and his Lord, vnto him that moueth the question: as for example, if a man should moue a question to enquire of the state of his brother, the alcendent, & the Lord thereof, and the Moone, are given vino the querent: but the third house and his Lord are given viito the brother. Or if that any man frould enquire of the dileafes and ficknes of another, the Ascendent, his Lord, and the Moone, are lignificators of the Patient: but the fixt house, and the Lord thereof, doe fignifie the diseases: and in this manner is to be dealt in all other questions. Notwithstanding it is to be knowen that many times you must take many significators, as in those thinges which are done by Perionages or Ambassadors comming between, as in bargainings, treaties of peace, mariages, and fuch other like: for in these things with the ascendent and his Lord, and the Moone, the Planet fro the which the Moone is separate, is to be joyned. And the Planet whereunto the Moone doth apply, with the house that signifieth the thing demaunded, with the Lord of the same house, is to be given to the question. Alto they doe ioyne to the fignificators, any Planet which hath any communitie or fellowship with the fignifica-

the Starres.

fignification of the thing. As for example, a man propoleth a question of a friture mariage. Here the ascendent with his Lord, and the Moone with the Planet from which she is separate, is given vnto the querent: but the seuenth house and the Lord thereof, and the Planet whereunto the Moone doth apply, you shall give vnto the thing that is demaunded. But if it be a man that is the querent, you shall ioyne the Sunne vnto the other fignificators, because the Sunne doth fignifie a man. But contrariwise, if it be a woman, Venus is ioyned vnto the fignificators, because she ruleth the woman, and the Sunne to the thinge that is demaunded: and thus must you doe in all other questions. For their disposition either one to another, or to the fortunate or vnfortunate Planets, doth shewe what shall come to passe of the thing demaunded. Thus we have fufficiently spoken of the Significators, and now wee will happily haften to the ludgements.



How

C



How many wayes, thinges are brought

CHAP. XX.



Auing finished our treatile sufficiently touching the principles of this science and observations necessary. Now the right order calleth vs to the setting downe of the right Method and waye to bring thinges to their perfect end &

fcope. Therfore we will now shew how many waies thinges may be perfected, the which happeneth by 4 meanes and wayes, that is to say, by commetion, by translation of light and nature; by collection of lighte, and by being in houses: when as therefore the Lorde of the ascendent, the significator of the thing demanded, bee eyther corporate joyned, or by aspect, the thing demanded without ald oubt shall come to passe, specially if the consumction be in the ascendent. Notwithstanding it shall come to passe but with some difficultic, if it happen the conjunction to be in the house that significant the thing that is demanded.

Secondly it is brought to perfection by translation of light and nature, that is when as the say de significators are joyned by conjunction or aspect, & that some other Planet doe separate himselfe from one of the significators, of whom he hash been received, & applieth

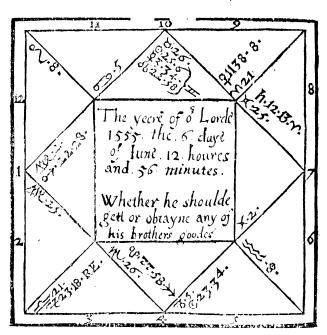
the Starres.

to the other fignificator before that he doth behold or apply virto any other Planet, for then hee transporteth the force and nature which hee tooke of the one vinto the other, and he which receive the helight, is the author of the persection of the thing. But when it comes to passe in this sort, he that doth demaunde or aske the question doth agree with him for whom it is demaunded, for the thing that is demanded, by means of some man, messegr, or nidge, sent or coming between the.

Thirdly, things are brought to paffe whe as there is collection of their light by a Planet more waighty then the Lord of the alcendent or tignificator of the thinge demanded, that is, when the Lord of the alcender & the fignificator, or the thing demanded doe both behold a Planet waightier then themselves, and specially by receptions, for that Planet is as it were judge that causeth the things to come voto intier perfection.

Fourthly, & finally, things are finished by the dwelling of Planets in houles, for if the lignificators of any thing be in the first house, specially if they be received it doth argue the thing shall come to passe without any labour. But if the Lorde of the Horoscope or the Moone, or any of the fignificators of the querent bee in the house of the thinge demaunded, it sheweth that it shall come to passe, but with much labour and travell. These things by example shalbe made playner, let this therefore be the example. In the yeare of our Lorde 1555, the 6 day of lune, houre 12, minutes 56, there was a queftion proposed by one, whether he shoulde get or obtaine any of his brothers goods: at the which houre the figure of the Heaven was erected in such Merfort as followeth.

fudgments of



Mercurie is heere Lord of the ascendent, and Mars fignificator of the thing demaunded, because he being Lord of the fourth house, wherein is contayned the substances of Brethren: because it is the second house to the third, he shall suffly signifie the thinge desired. Now therefore wee must looke if by any meanes the querent shall obtaine or get that which he e desireth: which thing being confidered, there appeareth no coniunction betweene the Lord of the alcendent or the Moone with the sygnificators of the thinge demaunded.

the Starres.

maunded. Wherefore by this meanes the Querent

shall not have his desyre.

But I do see further a translation of the light and nature of the fignificator of the thinge to be wrought by the Moone vnto the Lord of the Horoscope, for the Moone being separate from the trine aspect of Mars whome Mars had received in his exaltation, it doth shew that the querent shall obtaine his desyre more eafily than if the translation had been done contrariwife. By the third meane which is by the collection or gathering of the light, it cannot come to passe, because there is no waightier Planet than they that doe behould them both.

Fourthly, it is like that the thing shall come to passe, because the fignificator of the thing desired is placed in the ascendent, therefore we doe also judge that he shall baue that which he desireth, because the significator of the thing, doth possesse the ascendent, and his light is translated to the Lord of the horoscope: in this fort you shall judge of all manner of questions proposided, alwaies taking heed vnto the disposition of the Significators, and marking the good or euill aspects, with the fortunate or vnfortunate Planets, their applications, or separations. For their disposition with the good sheweth good, and with the cuill the contrary: for their application doth sygnific inclination, & their feparation their privation. Further, their applications which are by a trine or fextill aspect, doe easylie bring the thing to passe, but those which happen by a quadrat, or of polition, doe cause many difficulties. And this shall inflice to resolve fundrie questions, not-

with

Judgements of

withstanding to make this doctrine more easie, wee will mew an example upon enery one of the houses. beginning with a questio referred vnto the first house and to profecute the rest in order.

The first Question to know whether any man that is absent, be dead or aline.

CHAP. XXI.



Any and fundry questions are mooned, which are referred to some of the 12 houles because of their fundry tignisications. But because energy house hathe almost innumerable significations, if wee would touch them all, or

bring them into one volume, our labour would be tedious and very great. Wherefore fetting downer one onely question vppon energe house, catte judgement may be ginen of the rest, to that which is spoken before, be well understood and perceived. The firste house giveth judgement of the lyfe, & therefore the question proposed of one that is absent whether he be dead or aliue is referred vnto the first house. Whe you will therefore refolue fuch a question, looke whether the Lord of the alcendent, the Moone, or the Lord of the 8 house bee joyned together, for that sheweth that the man is departed this life. Looke 216 if there be any translation of the light of the Lord of the ascendent vnto the Lord of the 3 house, or contrariwise; or whether the Lord of the 8 house be in the alcendent, or the Lorde of the ascendent bee placed in the angle.

the Starres.

of the earth, for all these do declare that the man hath ended his life. I wrthermore, the dispositions of the Lord of the ascendent is to be in arked whether it bee with fortunate or infortunate Planets for the applications with the good Plannets frewethlyfe, but with the eviil it bring eth hurt and death. The like is to be judged of the ascendent and part offortune, for the good Planets being in the alcendent, or with the part offortune, or beholding them with good aspect signifiethlyfe, as contrariwite the malygne or euill Planets being so placed, doe threaten mischiefe and death.



Whether any man shall have or possesse riches and substance or such like, and at what time.

CHAP. XXII.



Hen any man proposeth a questio, whether he if all have any subflaunce or ri-Kl ches, & if it snall come to passe, at what time and when it f all be, & yet he will not tell from or of whome hel of eth to

have or receive any riches. I hey that st algine answer In this point, must then to refee if there be any application between the Leid of the second house, the Moone

Iudgements of

and the Lorde of the first house or not, also you must looke if there be any translation of light and nature between them, or that their light bee gathered by anye

higher Planet.

Or if the Lord of the seconde house bee fortunate in the ascendent, or if the part of fortune or Lorde of the ascendet be fortunately placed in the second house. For if these or any of these, or the most part of them do happen, it doth lignifie that the **Querent* shall have substance and riches*. But if none of these be found, it sheweth the contrary, if the *Moone* bee not placed in the second house.

But to know when it shall happen if vnto every degree that is betweene their Conjunction or aspect to supiter, or the part of fortune or one significator to another, you do give a day, a weeke, moneth, or yere, according to the qualities of the signes, you shall vnderstand the time. The moveable signes doe determine hours or dayes: the comon signes, moneths or weekes: the fixed signes, monethes or yeares: by this meanes also a man shall know e when any thing that is demaunded, shall come to passe.





To knowe whether a man shall keepe or leave his servant.

CHAP. XXIII.



Eruaunts oftentimes being in good credit with their Mayflers, doe feare leaft their maifler will give them over vnto fome other, or that they shall not be in so good state as they are, as it happeneth in those Countries where they sell or

giue their seruants, wherefore if any man will know if he shall bee in better case with another then with him that hee serueth, he may put foorth his question, to knowe if the Maisser will keepe his seruant or leave him, for answere whereunto wee will first set down, the first house and the Lord thereof, and the Moone, for the interrogant, and the sixt house and his Lorde for the seruant, and the tenth house and his Lorde, for the maisser of the seruant. Then we must consider the disposition of these significators as well among themselues as the Angles, for if the Lord of the ascendent or the Moone be corporally ioyned with the Lorde of the Tenth house, by Coniun Sion or aspect, and that the same bee in one degree or minute, it signifies that

ludgements of

he stall be delinered by his maister: and if they be already separated, or that they doe separate themselves, the servant hath had already leave to depart: but if the lord of the first or sixt house, or the Moone doe separate themselves from the lord of the tenth house, and doe apply to some other Planet of whome they are received either in his house, exaltation, tearme or triplicitie, it doth thew that his maifter thall give him to tome other, and that he if all be better than with the first maister: but if they separate themselves from the lord of the tenth-house, and doe not apply to some other Planet, his maister shall not keepe him although he give him vnto another: if they separte themselves from the lord of the tenth house, and doe apply vnto a maligne Planet without reception, he stall be given vnto another maisser with whome hee shall not be so well as with the first. And if there be no conjunction or separation found betweene the lord of the ascendent, the Moone, and the lord of the fixt house, with the lord of the tenth, then looke if there be any fuch thinge betweene them and the Sunne, for then you must judge as you would doe between them and the Lord of the tenth house, if none of these confiellations be found, the feruant shall dwell kill with his maister, specially if the ascendent or sixt house be fixed signes, or that the lord of them, or the Moone, or the most part of them be in stable or fixed signes.

How to knowe whether a man shall obthat woman in mariage which he desireth.

CHAP. XXIIII.



His question beinge proposed by a man, will also serve to answere the like demanded by a woma, giving vnto each their proper significators, as is before shewed, it may be resolued in this sort: I irst give vnto the Querent the ascendent and

his ford, and the Moone with the Planet from the which the Moone doth separate her selfe, and the Sunne for his significator. But to the woman, the seventh house and his lord, the Planet vnto whome the Moone doth apply, and Venus. Then marke diligently what disposition there is between the lord of the ascendent, & the Moone with the lord of the seventh house, and with the Planet from whome the Moone is separate, with the Planet to whome she doth apply, and with the Sunne and Venus: for a trine or sextill aspect or application betweene them, doth alwaies shew that the matter shall be easily brought to passe; but the quadrat and opposition likewise sheweth it very hardly, and the separation also declareth that it

How

Indgements of

ihall come to no effect or purpole. If the Lord of the ascendent or the Moone bee in the seuenth house, and the planet from whom the Moone is seperate, dothbe, holde or apply vnto the Planet whereunto the Moone doth apply, or the Sun do behold or apply vnto Venus, it significant that the mariage shall com to passe but with much labour and difficultie, and specially if the applicatio or aspects be of enmittie, for these aspects breede hatred and displeasure, and destroy the worke, except some other better significations come between.

But if the Lord of the seventh house bee placed in the first, or be corporally joyned vnto him, or that the Planet viito whom the Moone doth apply, doth behold the Planet fro whom the is separate, by a trine or sextill aspect, or doth apply vnto him by like aspect, or that Femis doth the like vnto the Sunne, the querent that catily obtaine his wife. Notwithstanding if this be one by a quadrat or opposition without any reception, it shall hardly come to passe. But if the Lord of the ascendent be received or any Planet, it signifies that it thall come to passe if the Planet which receive th him, have any dignities in the fenenth house, but if you find none of these things before spoken of, the marke whether there be any translation or collection of light between the, for they do likewile promise vnto the querent his wife, as the other alpectes before mentioned, notwithstading it shalbe brought to passe by messegers or others that shall deale between. Finally, the Moone tree h o mi fortune & receiued, promiseth the like, but if it happe that there fall out none of these foresaid co-Hellations, then the querent is not to have any hope to obtaine

the Starres.

obtaine his demaunde.

Whether a man shall enion the goods and donnie of his Wife.

CHAP. XXV.



Ometimes it happeneth this question to be mootied: whether any man may have and enjoye the goodes or dowrie of his wife, which question is auniwered according to

the disposition of the alcendent and his Almuten, and the Maone with the Eyght house and his Lord, because the eight house being the second and succeeding to the seuenth, the house of the substaunce of women. Yf then the Lord of the first house and the Moone bee joyned with the Lord of the Eyght house by aspect, coniunction, or application, the querent stall obtagne the womans goods or subflance: or if there bee any application between them with Reception, or translation, or collection of light, the querent in all haue that he feeketh, if none of these besounde, looke if the Lorde of the Eyght house be in the first or the Lord of the first, or the Moone bee in the eight house, then the querent stall have the goodes of the woman, but with much labour and inureaty, But the Lord of the eyght house in the ascedent bringeth the matter easily to passe. But if none of these aspects dothat peare, then that helceketh, is frustrate and voyde.

T 3

Of



¶ Of the speedie or slacke returne of him that taketh in hand any journey, and of such things as shall happen in the journey.

CHAP. XXVI.



Eing demaunded of anye man which would take in hand anye iourney, what shall or may happen vnto him in the lame, and of his fhort or flacke returne: take diligent heed to the fignificator of the journey, & to the Lord of the ascendent, and the

Moone; for if the lignificator of the journey which is the Almuten of the Nynth house, and the Lord of the ascendent, or the Moone, beeiogned together, or that one of the lignificators doe apply vnto another, or that there bee betweene them translation or collection of light, or the greater part of the be in moueable signes, the journey shall soone be ended, & the returne short: but if they be in fixed lignes, it will be a long journey, and long returne, but if it bee in common fignes, his iourney shall bee indifferent, and his returnelike, but by the way he shall take in hand another journey. But the Lordes of the ascendent and the Nynth house, being infortunate, retrograde, or combust, doe' hinder the journey and bring great daunger. But if the lord

the Starres.

of the ascendent and of the Nynth House Be formnate, or doe at ply to the lorde of the Eleventh house, or the lorde of the Eleventh house be fortunate in the ninth, it signifieth a prosperous iourney, and that the querent stall obtaine that he transileth for . But if the Moone: bee in the fixt or twelfth house, or loyned with the lorde of the fixt, and be infortunate, or that the lorde of the ascendent or of the Nynth house be afflicted by the lorde of the fixt, it fignifieth that the tranayler mal be ficke in his journey, but if the affliction bee by the lorde of the 12, it it eweth imprisonment. And by this meanes you may judge of the fortunes or milfortimes, by the disposition of the lords of the houses, with fortunate or infortunate Planers.

EDEDEDEDEDEDED

To vuder stand whether a man shall obtayne that dignitie or effice that he defireth, or seekern for.

CHAP. XXVII.



F any man moone a question of an Office or dignitie which hee hopeth to obtaine, to vi derland or know whether hee flall have ucreo: Lebeldit the lerde of the

Tenth house whiche is the Lignificator of the Office, bee joyned with the lorde of the first house, or if one of them doe at plye vnto the jother, by a

Iudgements of

trine or sextill aspect, with receptio, then judge boldly that he shall have an office. The like you shall judge allo if you finde the Lord of the alcendent and the lord of the tenth house placed in angles, so that there be no missortune betweene them. But if the Lord of the ascendent be cadent or falling from the lord of the tenth house, and doe not behould him: or the Lord of the tenth house be falling from the tenth house, and doth not behould the same, except some fortunate Planet doe come betweene, and translate the light of the one to the other, the Querent shall not have the office that he seeketh, for it signisseth that it is already given to another. Yf the Almuten of the firste house, or the Moone, be received in the Tenth, or the Lord of the Tenth be received in the ascendent, they doe promile the office vnto the Querent. If any Planet heauier then the Lordes of the ascendent or tenth house, doe gather their light, he placeth the Querent in the office, as the other Constellations doe: But if the Lord of the house of Hope, be an unfortunate Planet, and behold the Moone being unfortunate, or that the Moone be in the Eleuenth houle vnfortunate, the office shall not be graunted vnto the Querent. But if the Lorde of the eleuenth house be fortunate, and behold the Moone being also fortunate, or the Lorde of the alcendent or of the Tenth house with a good aspect, or apply vnto any of them, or be placed in the Tenth house, he doth promise and give the office and dignitie to the Querent! But if a fortunate Planet be Lord of the Eleventh house, and bee placed in a very good place, and the Moone being unfortunate be found fal-

the Starres.

ling from the fortunes, and the Eleuenth house. the Querent shall obtayne but a parte of his suite' and if that milfortune of the Moone doe come by Mars, and that Mars be stronge in the Heauenbehoulding the Lordes of the Eleuenth house alcendent, it sheweth that the Querent shal be murthered or slayne after hee hath gotten the Office, except some fortunate Planet comming betweene doe let or hinder that mischiefe. The Lordes of the Tenth and Eleuenth house being fortunate and behoulding one another with Reception, although the Moone bee afflicted by Saturne, they promyle the Office vnto the Querent: who notwithstanding by meanes of the milfortune of the Moone,

wrought by Saturne, shall in his Office bee of ill behauiour, and thereby get no loue or friendship, but hatred and displeasure.

 (\cdot,\cdot)





To knowe whether a man shall have the thing he hopeth or looketh for.

CHAP. XXXIII.



Question being moued by any man of any matter, whether it bee dignitie, office, or any other thing, whether he shall obtaine it or no, and you will not tell what it is that he hopeth for, nor at whose hands he looketh for it. Take

your fignificator from the Eleuenth house for if the Lorde of the Eleuenth doe apply to the Lorde of the alcendent, or the lord of the alcendent, vnto the lord of the Eleuenth, or doe behold him, the Elevent Itall obtayne that he lookerh for, and that very easily, if the application be by a tryne or sextill aspect. The lyke shall come to passe when the Lorde of the Eleuenth house is received into any angle. Also when the receiver of the disposition of the Moone is received, and his Receiver againe received, the Querent shall obtayne lightly and easily.

In like maner you shall sudge of the Lord of the ascendent: if the receiver of the disposition of the Moone be in a common or moueable signe, hee shall obtaine

the Starres.

but a small or the least part of the thing he seekethr but if he bee in a fixed tigne, he shall have it wholly. The like also shall come to passe when there is any applications, translations, or collections of light, where.

of we have spoken oftentimes before.

In like manera man may judge when any man doth demaunde whether he shall obtayne the good will or friendship of him that he seeketh or desireth. If you sinde the Lord of the ascendent, the Moore, & the lord of the Eleuenth house, joyned together, or any of the applying to any other, judge that he shall have his desire, and so much the rather if it be by friendly aspects. But if the aspects or applications be visitedly, hardly shall he obtaine his desire, but if it happen he do obtayne, the friendship shall not continue long, but there shall ryse discord and contention between them, and hardly shall they be made friends againe.

¶ Of a mans secret Enemies.

CHAP. XXIX.



Question being moued of the state or condition of a lecret Enemie, consider well who is the Almuten of the twelfe house, and his disposition with the other houses and Pla. For according to

his dispositio, shal give indemet of the secret enemy. If the Almute of the 12 house be in the 6, or ioyned with the lord of the 6, it sheweth the enemy is sicke, or the

Q 2

Tyke

Judgements of

like, if the Lord of the fixt house be in the twelfth, but if the fignificator of the secret Enemie bee found ioyned with the Lord of the Tenth house, it sheweth that the Enemie is eyther at the Court or talking with the King, to have or obtayne some thinge of hym which shall bee hurtfull vnto the Querem. If the fignificator aforefayde doe beholde the afcendent or his Lorde with a quadrat or opposition, and so you thall judge. But if the Lord of the twelfth house bee founde placed in the fourth house, or in the house of Death, or joyned to the Lord of the eight honse, which is the house of death, you stall affirme that hee is eyther alreadie dead, or else that he will die very thority. In this fort a man may judge of the flate of his fecret Enemie by the difpolition of the fignificator, with the Lords of the houses and the Plannetts good or bad. But if the Querent will tell you the name of his Enemie, or that hee bee not a privie, but rather an open enemie, you must seeke out his condition and state by the seuenth house and the Lord thereof, for because the seuenth house doth beholde the ascendent with an ennious Apect, worthyly therefore the state of open enemies is drawen from it. By this meanes, and in this fort, a man may give judgement of every question propoled, and answere vnto them.



W bether



VV bether a woman be fruitfull and haue Children or not.

CHAP. XXX.



HE dispositions also of the significator with the Lord of the ascendent, & the Moone wherof we have often spoken doth shew the lyse, yf the Almuten of the ascendent or significator doe beholde any Planet being in an angle it doth declare co-

ception, contrariwife if they being in an angle do beholde a Planner in a falling house, or that there bee a moueable figne in the accendent, or any malygne planet, it sheweth that there is no conception, or if there were, it sheweth abortion, but a fixed signe in the ascendet with a fortunate Planet in the same, foresheweth true conception, also a Planet having many dignities in the fifth house and placed in the same & beholden of the Meone doth flewe true consception, likewile the Lorde of the fift house being strong in the afcendent or tenth house, doth stewe the lyke, now yf that you desire to know when a woma is conceaued, whether the shall bring foorth a manchilde or a woman, behold whether the lord of the accendent, the Moone, and the lord of the fifth Louic be in malculine signes. fudgements of

fignes or the most of them, for that doth signific the woman shall beare a man child: if they be in femenine fignes, it she weth a woman childe: like wife marke if the Lord of the house, and the Lord of the house of children, and the Moone, or two of them be e in masculine fignes, for then it she weth a man child: in feminine signs, it signifieth a woman. I would also haue set downe some question upon the fixt house, but minding hereafter to add another treatife vnto this worke, the scope whereof shalbe almost wholy referred to the nature of the fixt house, now we will onely touch a short question of the same house, as followeth.



Of the inquisition or searchyng out of brethren.

CHAP, XXXI,



LL thinges are in nature according to the variable and divers qualities and Complexions of men, for some men do continually trauell & passe fro Cittie to Citic, fro country to country, other som very lieldom or neuer trauell out of their own courry,

the Starres. or remove from their owne habitations, but vnto such as bee wanderers or trauailers fundrye accidents are wont to happen, whereupon also divers questios are proposed, as some doe inquire for their Brother, some for their Father, others for their Cousyn, and one for another. Therefore when any man moueth a queflion to understande the state of his Brother being abtent, the thirde house is diligently to be considered, for it giueth judgemet of brethren, also the Lord therof, and the Lord of the Triplicitie are to bee marked, for their fortunate or unfortunate disposition sheweth in what effate the Brother is, yf the lorde of the thirde be in the fixth, or the lord of the fixth in the thirde, or one of them have application or aspect to the other, it flieweth that he is ficke: if the fignificators of the brother be in the feuenth house or the Moone, or Lorde of the seventh house be in the third, or that there be any application between them, it showeth that he hath or frailmarrie a wife: but if these dispositions be sounde with the lord of the eight house, or in the same house, or that the lorde of the third, be in the fourth house, it theweth that he is deade. Likewise the application asped or Conjunction of the significators of the Brother, with fortunate Plannets sheweth his good essate & condition, but with the infortunate, it sheweth the contrary. After this fort may you judge of the dispositio of the significators of the brother, with the lordes of the other houses & of other questios proposed, whe ther it be of father, Mother, wife, or children, or any other thing whero! divers and fundry judgements may be ginen. Ta



To knowe whether any man shall possessed and enjoy the house or land that he desireth to buy.

CHAP. XXXII.



F any man demaund a question for the buying of a house, whether hee thall obtaine it or not: give the Ascendent and his Lord & the Planet fro whome the Moone is separated, vnto the Querent, and the fourth house and his lord

& the Moone vnto the house or ground desired, and the 10 house with his Lord vnto the price or value of same: but if he will not tell you who it is that doth sell it, then attribute the seuenth house and the lord thereof, and the Planet to whome the Moone doth apply unto the seller: but if he will tell you his name, then another significator must be giue vnto him, as if he did delire to buy his brothers land, then the third house and his lord is to be given vnto the feller: but if he will not tell the name of the feller, either because he knoweth him not or otherwise then as is aforesayde, the seuenth house with his lorde and the Planet whereunto the Moone doth apply shall bee the fignificator, but now to know e what shall come to passe in this matter, we must looke what the disposition or habite of these significators is, for if the lord of the ascendent and the lord of the seuenth house be in Consunction, or there be any application between them, or Translation of

the Starres.

hight the Querent shall easily obtaine, speciallye of there bee a Reception or that the aspect or apply-

cation be friendly.

Yf these thinges happen not, then must you looke if the Lorde of the sewenth house be in the sirst, or the lord of the first in the seuenth, for that would cause the Querent to obtayne his request. The like is to iudged, if there be any Application or Conjunction, or Translation of light between the Planet fro whom the Moone is seperate and that to whom she doth apply, so that the translation bee not wrought by the Moone, or the Planet from whom the Moone is seperate, be in the seuenth house, or that whereumoshe doth apply be placed in the first house, the Querent shall obtayne the thinge hee seeketh, but if none of these be founde, then marke if the Lorde of the ascendent, and the lorde of the fourth house and the Moone be joyned together, or whether there bee any Application or Translation of light between them, or if the lord of the fourth house, or the Moone be in the ascendent, or the Lorde of the ascendent in the fourth houle, these shall bring the matter to passe like the other constellations before fayde, in lyke manner may you judge by the disposition of the Lorde of the tenth house with the lorde of the ascendent, if any of these constellations be sounde then shall the Querent haue his desire otherwise not.

Wherefore this shall be sufficiently spoken of those questions according to our compendious institution and purpose, for manye other wryters have written more at large of energy question, as Guydo, Bonatus,

Haly

ight

Judgements of

Haly, Aben-ragell and others, vnto whome I referre them that defire to know emore herein, not with standing who so ever shall diligently read and perfitly vnderstand that which were have before declared he shall be able to give a certaine and determinate sudgement of all questions that shall bee proposed or demanded.

(·.·)

Thus endeth the Introduction to the ludgements of the Starres.





A briefe Treatife of the proper Elec-

tions for the enterprising or beginning of any thing: written by Claudius Dariot Phisition, and translated, corrected, and augmented by Fabian Wither.



Ollowing my purpose and deliberation, after that I have now sufficiently intreated and shewed the principles and Elements of the whole arte, and by what meanes and wayes a man maye attayne vnto it: and howe all questions demanded may bee

referred & reduced vnto the 12 houses that their significator may be sounde out. Nowe to the end that I will leave nothing vntouched, I will briefly and with a short phrase or style set downe a certayne Treatise contaying the generall principles for choosing of sitt times to begyn or take in hand any manner of action. Therefore I will shew you how in the beginning of any matter the constitution and due disposition of the Heavens and heavenly bodyes is to bee observed and marked, for every houre of the day is not apt or sit for the beginning of every worke, but the constellation of one houre is meete for one worke, and another for another. Thersfore in great & weighty matters,

H

as

Iudgements of

as also in those things which are ruled by the natural course and constitution of the Elements and Starres, the due constellation of the Heauens is to be clect & chosen. Wherefore in this Treatise following, wee will shew such things as are to bee observed in every election, and first wee will speake of the rootes and soundations of Elections.



Of the rootes or groundes of

CHAP. I



Irst it is to be remembred, that an Election is not to be made for him whose Nativitie or reuolution of that yeare is vnknowne, or of anye question whereof the houre or ascendent is not likewise knowne.
For peradueture therby might

be chose an ascendet corrary to the ascedet in the root of his Nativitie: for peradueture there should be set down for the ascedent that sign: which in the nativitie was in the 6,8, are 12 houses wherby the Electio supposed to bee made for comoditie or profite may turne

the Starres.

to hurt or damage. For we see oftentimes some one that beginneth his worke vnder a good constellation wherof notwithstanding he reapeth nothing but hurt and milfortune. Contrarywile another attempteth a matter under an euill constellation, and yet notwithstanding reapeth commoditie and profite by the same, yea and it oftentimes happeneth that two more together even at one and in the (elfe same houre, doe take their iourney or enter into a shipp, whereof some of them returne home with gayne and good fortune, othersome be in great daunger and hazard, and others returne with loffe and milfortune: the which thinge happeneth vppon no other cause but through the diuerlitie of the ascendents in their nativities. For a good Election cannot turne away the euill that the planets hath threatned at the time of the natiuitie. Some therefore will fay that Elections then doth profite nothing: truely a good Election doth help when the fignificators of the thing in the natiuitie doe helpe the goodnesse of the election, for if they bee good or indifferent good, and not altogether enill, then the clection shall profite. But if the significators in the nativitie do promise in any matter some good or some ill, a good election shall helpe the good and let the euill, or at the least diminish or make the euill the lesse. For Prolomey in his fift Aphorisme of his Centiloquium fayth? The wife man may turne awaye or pur of many effects of the flarres when as he knoweth their natures, and prepareth himfelfe before they woorke their effect, and salomon fayth: a wife man shall rule the flarres. He therefore that doth foresee thynges that

fudgements of

that thall happen, is accouted wife, for hee will either withstad or let the euil that thal happe, or else diminish or make it lesse, otherwise Elections taketh no place: for if any man woulde make election of a time set or meete for begetting of children, and hath the significators of children vnsortunate in his nativitie, and therefore signisse the privation of children, an Election will helpe or profite him nothing at all, for it cannot take away the damage which the signissicators brought in the nativitie, except the election be very good, and the goodnesse thereof equall to the euill of the nativitie.

What is to be observed in the signes at the time of an Election.

CHAP. II.



HE signes as hath been alredy spoken, are dyuided into many sortes, some be moueable, some fixed, some meane or comon, and therfore enery signe cannot be apt or fit for enerye woorke, for the fixed signes bring stabilitie and continuace

vnto thinges. Those thinges therefore that are done to continue long, as building of houses & Castles, planting of trees, mariages, and such lyke, they shoulde take their beginning when fixed signes are in the ascedent. For the moueable signes woorke altogether

the Starres.

the contrary, infomuch that whatfocuer is begun, they being asceding, it cometh twiftly & in sl. ort time to an end, wherefore whilft they bee in the Horelcope it is good to fow feedes, to buy and fell, and to plight faith and troth with a woman, and to take in hand tuch other like things, that require todaine or haftye accom-The common or meane fignes have a plithment, mixt or indifferent qualitie betwixt both, and therfore vnder them it is good to begin luch things as be common to two or more, as for to enter into locietie with any man, or to doe any thing for lucre or gayne fake, it is verye good, for those thinges that are done under them, are subject to mutation: as if a disease bee cured vnder them, it returneth againe oftentimes, as yf any man take a journey from one, he straight way entreth into another journey. By this, reason we see that fignes agreable to the qualities of the things you will take in hand, are always to be chosen. And this is not alonely to be observed in the moueable, fixed or common fignes, but also in all the other qualities: for amongfithe fixed fignes, the earthly fignes are most couenient, & amongst the moueable, the aierie or siery fignes. If any man therfore would worke any thinge by sier which he wold haue quickly brought to effect, let him chuse common signes siery, or at the least ayrie. When any man woulde plant or build a house or such lyke, let him chuse fixed signes, but especially earthly. Or ifany man will take a journey by water, hee must chuse a moueable and watry signe. And so in all other things hee must make his electios of the signes according to the qualities of the worke: now follow certain canons touching the electios of works. Rules



Rules or Canons for the Elections of workes.

CHAP. III.



Auing the natiuitie of any man his rauolution or question, the house and significator of the natiuitie or question of the thinge you would take in hand are to be framed, but if these be vnknowne, then the house that sig-

nifieth the thinge and his Lorde are to bee framed and made sortunate in the houre of the beginning of the thinge, which houre muste bee dilygentlye fought out. As if any man would take in hande a tourney to the King, the nynth house and his lorde are to be made fortunate, and if it may be the tenth house of the Nativitie, revolution or question are to be set in the ascendent, and the Lord thereof to be fortified in the ascendent or tenth house, also the ascendent and the Lord thereof, and the lorde of the house where the ascendent is placed, are diligently to be fortified and framed, and let the figne of the ascendent bee in nature and qualitie agreeable vnto the thinge to be taken in hand, as in taking in hand of warre, the signes of Mars are to be chosen, and so of other thinges as aforelayde. But if the Lord of the ascendent be unfortunate, frame him to behold

the Starres.

the ascendent with a tryne or sextill aspect. Lykewife the Moone because she is comon vnto all things, shee and her Lord, that is, the Lorde of the signe or house where shee is placed, are to bee fortified and framed. Notwithstanding let not the Moone be in the ascendent, for there shee is vnfortunate. You shall also place the Sunnein the Horoscope, or in the house that signifieth the thing you will take in hand, or else in Aries, or Leo, for otherwise he is thought to be infortunate. Also the Planet which naturally signifieth the thing is to be fortified, as if any man would marrie, Venus is to bee fortified. Mars if any man would begyn a skyrmish or battell, but in election for substaunce and riches, Iupiter is to bee fortified, for these Planets doe naturally gouerne such thinges. Furthermore you must take great heede to fortifie and strengthen the place of the Coniunction or Opposition of the lights, and the lord thereof immediately going before: likewise the house of Hope, and the lorde thereof, the tenth house and his lord, & the planet that fignifieth the end of things are strogly to be placed: but the Planet which sheweth the end of things, is the Lord of the 4 house if he be in the 4 house or behold the same, otherwise it shall be the lord of the house of the Moone, if he doe behold the Moone, or the Moone him, else it is the Planet viito whome the Moone shall bee first corporallye ioyned, or elfe the lord of the part of fortune, if he doe behold the part, otherwise the signification therof remayneth vnto the Moone and her Lorde, or to the fourth figne from that wherein the Moone is, or

the

Judgements of

as some indge, the Lorde of the fourth signe from the

part of fortune.

These are chiese poynts that are to bee observed in all Elections: if all these cannot bee framed, you must indeauour to observe and keepe as many of the as you may, for the lignificator of the thing, the ascendent and his Lord, and the Moone at the least are to be fortified. But if the Moone be unfortunate, you shall place her falling from the ascendent, and thall choose the planet that doth afflict the Moone, to be the Lorde of the accendent, so that the Horoscope being under his rule and power, hee will not hurt himselfe, so that he be otherwise free from other infortunate aspectes, but if he cannot be Lord of the ascendent, at the least let him rule the Tenth, or the Eleventh, or the 5 house, and if the Moone bereceyued of that Planet, shee will doe little hurt or none, for her malice shalbe abated. Allo the fortunate Planets, as Iupiter and Venus areto bee placed in the ascendent or tenth house: or esseif you can make fortunate the lord of the houre, it will helpe you very much in the matter. Thus wee have briefly shewed what thinges are to be wished and observed in all Elections: nowe I will as briefly in fewe words touch what thinges are to be auoyded and taken heede of.





The things that are to be auoyded and taken heede of in all Elections.

CHAP. IIII.



Y nature all thinges are subject to letts and hinderances, wherfore in the beginning of anye worke it is diligently to bee taken heede of, that the Lord of the ascender be not retrograde, or combust, or infortunate, for whe he is so disposed, althat he

doth he turneth rather to euill then to good, and worketh all thinges veterly to the contrary, for albeit that all the other fignificators be wel disposed, yet the matter shall not take effect, or else with great payne and labours for the retrogradation doth hinder and let the operations of all things, also you must diligently marke and take heede that the euill and vnfortunate Planetts doe not possesse that the ascendent, the middest of the heauen, or any other Angle, specially if they be Lordes of any euill house, as of the fixt, eyght, or twelsth house. Also that no fixed Starre of the nature of the euill Planetts be placed in those places, specially in the ascendent or Tenth house, also the lixt, eyght or twelsth house

The

fudgements of

house of anye natiuitie or question, are not to bee ascendent at the taking in hand of any enterprise, for those houses have no fellowship or aspect with the ascendent, and therefore be eaill and peruerse & bring great hurt, and therefore are justly to bee eschewed and anoyded. Also you must not begin or take in hand any worke in the tyme of the Coniunction or Oppolition of the two Lights, that is at the new or full Moone, specially if it happen with the head or tayle of the Dragon, you must take heed that neyther the head or tayle of the Dragon be in the alcendent, or in the house of the thing that is demaunded, or with the part of the thinge, for the tayle of the Dragon is worle then the head. The Moone also is to be eschewed when she is placed in the ascendent, fixt, eight, or twelfth house, for then in those places the is euill and vnfortunate. Finally, the part of Fortune must not be separate from the Conjunction of the Moone, or some aspect, neyther cadent from any Angle in the beginning of any worke. But if you ioyne him with the Lorde of the ascendent, or place him in anye aspect within, it will bring greate commoditie vnto the worke. This therefore shall suffice to be briefly spoken touching Elections.





Of the vnequal called the houres,

CHAP. V.



Auing deliberated how to entreate of thinges in order or with the least confusion that may be, I will speake of the vnequall hours which are attributed vnto the dominion or rule or the pla-

nets, for that the dominion of the houre serueth to the Planet as for a dignitie. Then to returne to our purpose wee will shew how the auntient Astronomers haue dyuided their artificiall day,& likewise the night into 12 equall parts, which they call vnequall houres, because the artificiall dayes are vnequall by meanes of the obliquitie of the Zodiack, and the ascention of the fignes, the houres must also be vnequall for the houres of one daye are greater or lesser then of the day following, or of the night of the same daye, always the houres of the Clocke or of the Equinoctiall and the vnequall houres, are like and equall when the Sunne is in any of the Equinoctiall poyntes, for then the artificiall day and nights are like. The Balina isansand their followers have given the dominion and rule of these houres vnto the two lights, & the och . Planets, giuing vnto Saturne which is highertab

S 3

Of

ludgements of

the rest, the rule and Dominion of the first temporals houre of the Sarurday, the second to Supiter, the third to Mars, the fourth to the Sunne, the fifth to Venus, the fixt to Mercury, the seventh to the Moone, the eight to Saturne againe, & so in order according to the Circle of the Pla: vntill you come to 24 hours, that is 12 by day, and 12 by night, the 25 houre which is the first houre of the day following is gouerned by the fourth Planer, (following the order which we have spoken) which is the Sunne being the fourth from Saturne, & he is Lorde of the first houre of the Sunday, Venus of the seconde, Mercury the thirde, the Moone the fourth, Saturne the fift, Jupiter the fixt, and so likewise of the rest. By the which order he that doth proceed shall easily finde out what Planet doth gouerne euery houre of the day, but for the better vnderstanding we haue hereafter affixed a table conteyning the 12 hours of the daye, and as much by night with the Planets which have the rule of them, to that having foud out the vnequall houre, you shal by the chapter prefixed before the Table, eafily finde out the Planer, with the quantitie of the houre. (∵)





Hecre followeth the table of the unequal hours, wherein the Planets have their pominion enery day and night through the whole yeare.



Or so much as the houres of the dayes and nights in the whole yeare wherin the Planets haue their raigne and Dominion are altogether vnequall, by reason of the Sunne his rysing vpp toward the North, and his going backe or declination towarde

the South, which causeth the day to be soger or shorter according to the course thereof, the day being accounted from the rysing of the Sunne, and the sunne, and the houre which is the twelsth part of the day and likewise of the night, is thereby verye vnequall and hard to be decerned, and yet most necessarie to bee knowne, as well for Elections as also for auoyding of sundrye actions and doing es: I have reduced into a compendious Table, the vnequal houres as well of the nightes as dayes of the whole yere, which for breuities sake, and because the difference is so small that it may hardly be decerned, I have divided by 3 in this maner, 3, 6, 9, 12, &c. wherby you maye

the Table.

may verie easily finde out the eviqual houres of euery day and night, by this rule and Methode following first in the torpe of the Table is set downe for a Title the houres before Noone; then ouer the first Columne which contayneth the Caracters of the fignes with the degrees dynided as is aforelayd by 3 is fet the place of the Sunne, ouer the lecod Columne the Sun riting, which the weth the beginning of the first houre, and ouer the other Columnes orderly towardes the right hande, these numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, which sheweth the end of enery houre, and endeth alwayes at 12 of the Clocke at noone, and so lykewise by the Tytles you shall see the houres in the after-noone vnto the Sunne letting in lyke number, and from thence to mid-night, and to to the Sun riling againe in the mor-Now to proceede by example to teach you to finde out what houre you desire, I will set downe the 2 daye of October, with which I enter into the Almanack or Fphemerides and feek in what figne & what degree of the figne the same is in, which I finde to bee the 8 degree of Libra, with that I enter into my Table, and under the title of the Sunnes place I finde the fame degree, then in the 2 columne I finde the Sunne to rise at 6 of the clocke 38 minutes, which is the beginning of the first houre. Then I proceede to the next columne which I finde to bee 7 of 32 minutes which is the end of the first houre and the beginning of the fecond, and to you shall proceede throughout the columnes both of the day and night. Further note that whereas you finde but 3 signes directly under the place of the Sunne, and other three on the other fide

vnder the lyke title, vnderstand that these signes make like vnequall houres according to the declination of the Sunne, so that if the Sunne be in any of those signs you shall seeke the degree in the columne vnder the tytle of the place of the Sunne on the right hand of the page, and begyn your houre on the left syde of the page vnder the tytle of the Sunnes rysing, and so proceede orderly as before. Nowe to know also the order of the Planets, I returne to my example of the 2 of October, bein Wednesday and therefore I give to the i houre \$\frac{1}{2}\$, to the 2 \$\frac{1}{2}\$, to the 3 \$\frac{1}{2}\$, to the 4 \$\frac{1}{2}\$, to the 1 after noone \$\frac{1}{2}\$, to the 2 \$\frac{1}{2}\$, and so forth orderly, as here ensueth, beginning with every Planet appropriate to the day at the first houre.

Saturday, Thursday, Tuesday, Sunday, Friday, Wednesday,

Mondaye.

vnde

Then having given the Planner appropriate to the day vnto the I houre, then follow the order fet down in the example according to the planets, which is thus.

Thus have I briefly finished the Methode and order orthis Table, the vse and commoditie whereof maye in practice be founde such as will bring no small pleasure vnto the diligent Practitioner.

FINIS.



Place of The function The houtes before Ngone the Sun. This houtes before Ngone the Sun. This houtes after Noone. This		For the elevation of the Pole 52 degrees 30 minutes.
The Sun. Things T	Corpl C	The pines of
		1 - Cum
S. D. H. M. N. S. D. V. O. 6 O. 7 O. 8 O. 9 O. 10 O. 11 O. 12 O. 19 30 O. 27 O. 10 O. 27 O. 20 O. 27 O. 28 O. 27 O. 28 O. 29 O. 20 O. 27 O. 28 O. 29 O. 20 O. 27 O. 28 O. 29 O. 20 O. 27 O. 28 O. 29 O		7 8 9 10 11 4
The image is a content of the image is a c		H. M. H. M. H. M. H. M. H. M. S. D.
The color of the		3. D 0 2 0 4 C 5 0 6 0 my 30
3 5 40 557 50 8 57.2 58 10 59 0 27 6 47 477 51 51 52 4 56 58 0 24 9 41 44 477 51 54 57 0 21 12 35 35 36 43 48 52 56 0 18 70 15 12 44 8 1 17 21 25 18 70 15 16 16 22 31 38 45 52 56 0 18 70 15 18 27 38 45 15 10 18 27 38 45 15 10 12 4 8 17 25 33 38 12 24 10 18 27 38 45 15 10 0 3 24 10 18 27 38 45 15 10 0 3 27 27 27 31 32 32 32 44 56 37 38 39 30 24 24 10 18 27 38 45 15 10 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		V 0 1 0 2 0 3 1 1 2 1 2 1
6 47 477 51 54 56 58 6 23 6 23 6 10 1 10 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 12 12 3 18 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 19 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	3 5 54 6 5,5 7 56 8 57 9 58 ro 59 0 27	3
9 41 44 47 51 54 57 0 21 12 35 26 42 48 52 56 0 18 V 15 5 28 6 33 7 39 8 44 9 49 10 55 12 0 18 15 18 27 35 48 53 41 49 52 53 0 9 24 10 18 27 35 43 52 0 0 27 2 13 22 32 41 55 0 0 27 2 13 22 32 41 55 0 0 27 3 1 3 24 28 39 10 59 12 0 18 3 5 0 + 57 6 8 7 18 8 29 9 39 10 59 12 0 18 3 5 1 3 24 28 37 49 0 27 6 45 5 58 60 28 149 39 10 59 12 0 18 3 15 1 3 24 28 34 40 0 18 3 15 1 3 24 28 34 40 0 18 3 15 1 3 24 28 34 40 0 18 3 15 1 3 24 28 34 40 0 18 3 15 1 3 24 28 34 40 0 18 3 15 1 3 24 28 34 40 0 18 3 15 1 3 24 28 34 6 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 48 57 20 11 2 21 3 32 44 6 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 48 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 35 46 58 9 27 10 19 29 38 45 57 3 12 22 3 3 3 40 58 58 57 3 12 22 3 3 3 40 58 58 57 4 12 21 31 32 57 4 12 3 3 3 3 40 58 58 57 4 12 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	6 47 47 51 54 56 58 0 24	0 2 4 0 9
12 35 35 44 48 52 56 0 18 12 4 8 1 17 21 25 18 18 27 28 35 41 147 54 0 12 27 10 19 25 3 38 12 27 27 27 27 27 27 27		
V 15 5 28 6 33 7 39 8 44 9 49 10 55 12 0 m² 15 V 15 1 3 2 17 2 10 4 21 5 27 0 31 m² 15 18 20 28 35 41 1 147, 50 0 12 31 16 22 2 29 37 44 33 38 12 24 10 18 27 35 43 55 0 0 35 23 0 0 37 44 9 24 10 18 27 35 43 55 0 0 3 17 25 33 42 30 3 42 50 3 3 42 50 6 27 2 13 22 32 41 51 0 0 3 52 0 0 0 3 17 25 33 42 3 42 50 6 3 51 3 14 28 37 49 0 27 7 30 14 28 37 49 0 27 3 12 2 33 42 6 53 7 3 m² 2 3 17 21 46 0 18 3 12 2 3 3 46 58 9 3 15 2 4 9 46 55 7 7 20 33 47 0 0 13 12 2 3 3 4 7 0 13 12 2 7 40 53 7 20 3 15 2 2 38 60 6 3 15 24 3 57 12 20 12 34 48 55 58 40 58 49 20 20 10 45 12 0 80 15 11 12 21 32 33 46 5 37 30 12 2 33 4 46 53 7 30 12 2 33 4 46 53 7 30 12 2 33 4 46 53 7 30 12 2 33 4 46 53 7 30 12 2 33 4 46 53 7 30 12 2 33 46 53 7 30 12 2 33 4 46 53 7 30 12 2 33 4 47 6 53 7 30 12 2 33 4 47 6 53 7 30 12 2 33 4 47 6 53 7 30 12 2 33 5 46 5 38 57 12 20 13 2 2 5 38 60 5 37 30 13 2 2 5 38 60 5 37 30 14 5 3 2 31 3 46 6 5 37 30 15 2 3 3 3 46 6 5 37 30 15 2 3 3 3 46 6 5 37 30 15 2 3 3 3 46 6 5 37 30 15 2 3 3 3 46 6 5 37 30		4 8 1 17 21 25 10
18 27 28 35 41 147 53 0 12 18 0 13 19 25 3 38 12 11 16 22 31 38 45 53 0 9 24 10 18 27 39 43 59 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		12 1 3 1 1 2 1 C 4 2 1 5 2 7 6 3 1 My 1 5
18		V 15 28 12
24 10 18 27 39 43 57 0 6 27 2 13 22 32 41 51 0 3 5 0 5 57 6 8 7 18 8 29 9 39 10 50 12 0 ttp 4 3 51 3 14 28 3 47 9 9 1 12 34 48 3 17 21 46 0 18 5 15 4 28 3 46 5 8 8 12 12 23 3 3 5 46 58 9 27 18 21 34 48 31 17 21 46 0 18 5 15 4 28 3 46 5 8 8 12 17 21 46 0 18 5 15 4 28 3 46 5 8 8 12 17 21 18 15 2 31 3 46 5 16 17 31 0 15 18 21 18 25 30 48 6 24 42 0 6 6 24 42 0 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 24 12 30 48 6 6 27 12 30 48 6 7 12 30 48 6 7 12 30 6 21 30		18 22 20 37 44 9
24 10 18 27 35 43 52 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
27, 2 13 22 32 41 5 0 3	24 10 18 27 39 43 52 0 6	24 2) 33
S		
3 51 3 14 26 37 49 0 27 6 21 2 3 35 46 50 9 27 6 21 2 48 0 18 25 38 50 6 3 15 24 2 12 34 48 0 18 2 17 21 46 0 18 2 17 21 46 0 18 2 17 21 46 0 18 2 17 21 46 0 18 2 18 2 18 2 17 21 28 44 0 20 11 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 1	3 0+ 576 87 188 299 39 10.5 0 12 0 th	
6 45 5 5 7 20 33 47 0 31		2 12 2 3 35 46 58 9 2/
9 4c 5 7 20 33 47 0 31		
1		0 13 27 40 53 7 10 21
12 34 4 6 5 1 6 17 7 31 0 15 1 15 2 31 3 46 5 1 6 17 7 31 0 15 18 23 39 55 12 28 44 0 11 11 15 2 31 3 46 5 1 6 17 7 31 0 15 18 23 39 55 12 28 44 0 11 11 15 2 31 3 46 5 1 6 17 7 31 0 15 15 18 23 49 5 21 37 17 17 18 18 25 39 48 6 18 18 27 45 4 23 41 0 13 36 54 12 30 48 6 18 18 18 27 19 27		13 26 18
S 15 4 28 5 4 40 5 8 14 9 29 10 45 12 08 6 15 16 32 49 5 21 37 11 18 21 38 39 55 31 37 34 51 8 25 41 9 10 41 12 30 48 6 24 42 0 6 24 27 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		16 177 2100 15
18 23 39 55 12 20 44 0 211 20 44 0 211 20 44 0 211 20 45 45 45 45 45 45 50 15 15 23 24 37 37 37 37 38 25 41 9 24 12 30 48 6 24 42 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	The state of the s	9 9 12
21 18 35 52 9 26 43 0 9 21 17 34 7 12 30 48 6 24 42 0 6 6 27 45 4 23 41 0 3 7 56 15 37 57 56 0 27 45 4 23 41 0 3 7 56 15 37 57 56 0 27 45 4 23 41 0 3 7 56 15 37 57 56 0 27 45 4 23 41 0 3 7 56 15 37 57 56 0 27 57 58 18 39 0 24 5 21 41 8 1 27 57 56 15 37 57 56 0 21 41 8 1 27 57 56 15 37 57 56 0 21 41 8 1 27 57 56 15 37 57 56 0 21 42 3 25 44 5 26 48 9 21 57 57 56 15 37 57 56 15 37 57 56 0 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	18 23 39 55 (12 128 44 0 0)	
24 12 30 4 4 0 24 42 0 6 6 27 45 4 23 41 0 3 3 52 36 4 8 29 21 10 41 12 0 91 0 12 0 12 0 12 0 12 0 12 0 12	21 18 35 52 9 26 437 0 9	21 1/ 34 /
27 8 27 45 4 23 41 0 3 3 5 7 5 6 15 31 5 31 5 3 5 7 5 6 1 6 38 7 57 5 6 0 6 38 7 57 5 6 0 6 38 7 57 5 6 0 6 3 7 7 5 8 18 39 0 24 9 9 5 13 34 56 17 39 6 21 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	24 12 30 40 6 24 42 0 6	24
01 04 35 236,478 29 21 10 41 12 00 1 0 12 0 20 20 40 4 1 21 418 1 27 0 24 0 55 13 24 56 17 29 6 21 42 3 22 44 5 20 48 9 21 12 48 10 32 54 16 38 6 18 6 18 1 22 44 6 28 50 12 18 15 2 3 45 5 8 6 3 6 7 5 3 9 15 8 6 3 9 12 0 6 9 15 18 2 3 2 4 5 6 53 8 15 6 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 16 38 6 18 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 16 38 6 18 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 16 38 6 18 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 16 38 6 18 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 16 38 6 18 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 16 38 6 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 16 38 7 5 7 8 6 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 1 8 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 5 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 5 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 5 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 5 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 5 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 5 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 5 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 5 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 5 15 18 18 2 3 2 5 4 5 10 6 5 3 8 15 6 5 15 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18		1 (a) 1(1) 4(1) 7(1) 7(1) 7(1) 7(1)
6 55 10 37 7 58 18 39 0 24 6 21 42 3 25 44 5 24 9 21 18 15 2 3 4 5 5 8 9 20 15 8 9 30 15 18 18 23 46 9 31 54 17 12 18 18 23 46 9 31 54 17 12	Command Comm	111 (/)
6 55 10 377 58 18 39 0 24 6 21 42 3 25 44 5 24 9 21 18 15 23 245 1 8 5 10 53 8 15 9 15 18 15 23 245 1 8 5 10 53 8 15 9 15 18 15 23 245 1 8 5 10 6 53 8 15 9 15 18 18 23 46 9 31 54 17 12		1. 2. 201 4014
9 5 13 34 56 17 29 6 21 12 48 16 32 54 16 38 6 18 11 15 2 3 2 45 5 8 6 30 30 7 5 29 15 80 39 12 065 15 18 23 46 9 31 54 17 12	- in the second of the second	
9 5 13 24 50 17 29 6 21 12 48 10 32 54 16 38 6 18 17 15/2 45 5 8 60 30 7 5 20 15 80 30 15 80 30 15 18 2 3 46 9 31 54 17 12		22 4 5 26 48 9 21
1 1 2 48 10 3 5 16 38 0 18 18 1 2 2 45 18 5 18 15 2 3 2 45 18 17 12 18 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		5 28 50 12 18
18 1 5 2 45 5 6 6 7 5 2		1 8 :06 528 15 69 15
18(-72) 18(-72) 14 4 27 6 12 18 23 40 9 31 74		
	186 43 6 29 52 14 37 0 12	18 23, 40 9 31 34 1
21 47 47 27 51 14 27 0 9 21 2 40 10 32 50	The state of the s	21 2 40 10 32
20 0		20\

	1	7	he Lat	le of il	ie Tinci	Jun Pl	0112	ac aft	La au	7				
	Place	 : of	Sunnes	1	Haur	cs bef	00.	Non-	ve are	ili c	ralla	ay.		
	the S	un.	rifing.	1	2		ore	4			6		plac	e of
	S.	D.	H. M.	H. M	1H. V	1.H.	W	H. 1	<u>5</u> 1개년.		ў. Ін . і		S.	
	7	0			8	09			-:			-		D.
	_	_	6	<u></u>	-	 ,		10	<u> </u>	0	12	0	X	30
	i	3	ļ		. 1	4	3		2		l	U		27
	I —	6	13			وا	<u>7</u> '		4	2		0		24
		9	19	10		3	10		9	₹		c	:	21
		1 2	25	2 1		-1	13		7	4		c		18,
ĺ			6 32	7 27	8 2	19	16	10 1	1.1		12	0	€	15
		1 8	38	30	2	5	19	1		6		0		1 2
		2 1	44	₹7	2		22	I	: -			0		
		24	50	42	33		25/		.	7				6
ı		27	<u>/</u> - 57.	48					- 1	∤		<u>o,</u>		
ı	m	0					9	19	1	9		0	,	3
1			<u>-</u> -	58			3 3 1			10		0)	<u> </u>	0
-		3:	9		40	- 1	35	23				o¦	2	7
-		6	15	3 3	- 5 C	1	8	25	1	3		0	2	4
Į		9	20	7	5 :	4	10	27	1	3	(0		
1		2	26	12	57	4	13	29	1	4	(1	8
1	lk 1	57	7 328	17	9 1	9 4	61	0 31		5		- - :	₩ I	
1	3	8	37	21	5		9	32		6		-		2
	2	1	42	25	8	·	1	34	1					-
ľ	2.	4	48	30	12		4	36		<u>/</u> -		}-		2
1		7	52	331	15		6					-		6
1		7						37	1	2 -		7		3
F		38					911		[12	<u> </u>		×		0
1			7	41	21		1 _	4 0	2			1	2	7
-		5		44	2 3	-	2	41,	2	ī	c		2	i l
-	5		9_	48	26		4	43	2 :		O	1	2	i
1	11	.f	12	5	28		5	44	2 2		C	-	18	3
1	·	-	15.8	539	30	0 8	3/10	45	11 2 1	1	2 0	3	15	
L	18		17	54	31			45	2.3		 O		1 2	1
	21	1	19	50	33	10	-;	46						1
	24		20	57	33	10			2 3				9	
	27		21	- 8	2.3		1_	47	2 3	<u> </u>	0	t.	6	
_		_				-		-						

For	thee	enatio	n of the	Pols 5	z degrei	11 30 m		
Place of		T11	houres a	Cena Nic	000		The pla the Sun	ce of
h: Sun.	 7	8	Q Q	10	11	I 2		
	,				Н. М.		\overline{S} . D	
3. 1	0 2		3 0					
- O	591	58					27	
3	48	56				<u> </u>		
c			54	51	40	47	24	
9-	57	54	5 1	4:		41	2: 18	
12	5(_	5	4	43	39	35	l	
亚150g	55 L	49){ 15	
18	54	47	41	35	28	21	1 2	
21	5:	4	38	31		16	5	<u> </u>
24	52	431	35	27	81	10	6	 .
27	511	41	30	23		3	3	
m co	50 1	39	2 29	3 18	4 8	4 57	X o	
3	49	371	26	14		-	27	
(48	3 5	2 2	10	3 58	45	2.4	
9	.97	3 3 !	20	7	5	4C	2.1	
1 2	40	3 1	12	3	48	34	15	
m, 15/2	451	29	2 14	2 59	3 43	4 28	०७ । १	
18	4	28	1 2	5 5	39	22	1.7	
21	4-1	26	9	5 2	2.5	18	9	
2.4	43	2.4	(48	30	13	6	
27	41	2 3 !	4	45	27	8	3	
47 0)	411	2 3	-	2 42	3 23	4 3	१६५ ०	
	40	2(0		19		27	
6	39	1 8	1 57				24	,
6	39	17	56		13		2.1	
17	₹8	16	54		10		18	
x4 15 3	8.1	15		2 30	3 8	2 45		
18	37,	14	51		i	<u>'</u>		
31	$\frac{27}{37}$	14	<u> </u>		}	·	9	
	_'				1		\	!

				fthe	uncqua	ı!l bour	es of th	e artifi	ciallnig	ht.		7		For the	Elenal	on of th
		Sonnes letting		ť	Houres	s b efore 3	midnigl	١٢.	6	place the S			lace o		T	11
Ŝ.	D.	H. M	1:	l.M	H. M	.H. M	H. M		14.	_ 1	D.	ľ]	1 7	8
γ	C	6	7	0	8 c	9	10 0	11 0	0 12	np	30	Š	. D	Н. М.	H. M	H. M
	3	(5	4		:				27	٦	V (1 0		0 ∤
	6	13		II	9	7	2	1			24		1	55	1 5	2 57
	9	119	2	16	13	10	(2		2	1		Ć	58	50	54
	I 2	25	-	2 1	17	13	}	4			8		5	-	-	1
γ	15	6 32	7	27	8 21	9 16	10 1	11 9	12	np 1	5		12		52	48
	18	38		<u>3</u> 0	25	19	1;	6			2	17			1 49	2 44
	2 I	44	_	37	29	22	15	7	7	2	9	-	18	·	47	
	24	51	_	42	53	25	17	8	3	2	6	-	2 !		45	-
	² 7	57	_	48	38	29	1 0	9		2	3	-	24		43	-
<u>ځ</u>	0	7 3	7	73			10 21	11.10	12 (m	0	3	27		41	·
	3	9		58	46	35		11		2	7	ğ		0 50	1 39	-
	6	15	8	3	50	38	2 5	12	0	2	4	ļ.,,	3		37	
	9	20		7	5:	40	27	I 3	0	٠	1	-	6	-	35	23
, -	12	26		12	57	43	29	14			- 1	-	9	-	33	20
<u> </u>	'1	7 3,2	δ —	175			1031			1 38	-	g	12	46	1 29	17
	18	37		21	<u> </u>	49	3 2	16		1	2	۲	15	0 45 44	28	12
	2 1	42		25		51	34	17	0]	2	-	21	43	26	
	24	48		30	12	54	36	18			6	-	24	42	24	9
	27	52	-	331	15	56	37		0		3	-	27	41	27	
· 	0	· ,,	0	38			10 39			00	0	I	-/	•		2 2
	38			41	21		40	2 C	<u>C</u>		-1	-	3	40	20	
	6			44	2 3	2!	41	2 [С	2	-	-	- 6	39	18	
	9) 2	9		48 50	28	6	43	22	0				9	39	17	56
	5 8		?	25 539			44	2 2					12	38	16	54
	8						10 45			1 00		H	150			
	1	17		56	31	9	45	23			-		18	37	15	51
		$-\frac{19}{20}$				Ic	46	2 3	O				21	37	14	51
	-1 -			57	33		47	2 3	C		1		34	27	12	-50

	~:=					2		
Place of	מון יום	Elenat	on of th	e Pol 2	g degre	01301	Asnutes.	
the Sun.		1	מ נ	boures !	efore m	udnighi	. The p	ace of
		1 7	8	9	10	17		Sunne.
S. D.	H. M.		₁ H. M.		H. M.		12	
	1 0			·	I		1. C. D.	
				4 0		6	0, 40	
3	59		2 57	-		5 5	4 27	
6	58		54	51	49	4	7 24	
9	57	54	51	47	44	4		
12	56	5 2	48	43		3		
N 150	55	1 49	2 44					
18	54	47	41	-		2 2	·	
21	53	45	38					
24	52					10		
		43	35			10	i ———	
37	51	41	32		13	3	3	
0 00		1 39	2 29		4 8	4 57	my o	
3	44	37	26	14	3	51	27	
6_	48	35	23	103	58	45	24	
9_	47	33	20	7	53	40		
12	46	31	17	3	48	34	18	
8 150	45	1 29	2 14	-		-		
18	44	28	12	55	39	23		
21	43	26	9	52	351	18		
24	42	24	6	48	301			
	-					13	6	
1 0 0	41	23	4	45	2 7	8	3	
	41		2 2	413	23		0 36	I _:
3	40	20	0	39_	143	5	27	
6	39	1.8	57	36_	15	55	24	
9	39	17	56	34	13	5:1	21	
12	38	16	54		10	48		
II 150	381				_			
18	37	15	51	28				
21					5	43	12	
	37	14	_51	27_		41	9	
	27	13	10	27.	3	40	6	

lise	Table a	t thev	nequall	houres	of the	artificiall	day.
Place of Surthe Sundet	ines	H.	oures be	fore m	id-nigl	ıt,	place of
	<u>м</u> .н.		,	4		5	the Sun.
}		0.8				H. M. H.	
	<u> </u>		00		0 0	11 012	C X 30
3 5	546	557	568	575		10 59	C 27
6	<u>47</u> _	47	5 1	54	56	58	0 24
5	41	41	47	511	54	57	C 21
12	35_	39	43	48	<u>5 2</u>	56	c 18
1.5 5	286	337	398	449	49	10 55 12	o X 15
18	23	28_	35	41	47	54	0 12
31	16_	23	31	38	45	5 3	0 0
24	<u> 10</u> _	18	27	35	43	52.	0 6
27	3	131	23	. 32	41	5 1	0 3
111 04	576	87	188	299	35	10 50 12	
3	, 51' <u>-</u>	3	14	26	3.7	49	0, 27
6,	455	58	10	23	35	48	0) 24
9	40	53	. 7	20	3 3	47	0 21
12	34	48.	- 2	17	31	46	18
m 154	28:5	436	598	149	29		0 2015
18	23	39	55	I 2	28	44	C 12
21	18	33	52[9	26	43	c 9
24	12	30	48	6	24	42	0 0
27	:3	27	451	4	2 3	41	0 2
×7 04	3.5	235	428	2 9	21	10 41 12	
33	59	19	39	G	20	40	0 27
o,	55	16	377	58	1.8	39	C 24
9	51	13	34	56	17		0 21
12	48,	r c	32	54	16	39	0 18
7 15 3	455	83	30,6	5.3 9		10 38 12	0 75 15
18	43	6	125	52	14		0 1 1 2
21	41	4	27	51	14	37	
3.1	4)	3	27	50	13	37	0 9
27	9	2	26	30	- 3	5 /1	

A 30 CHOICE			/		a of al	e (ے ماہ ح		1					
1		For th	E C16	нагы			5	20	ryrce		30 173		res. The place	
Place the S				The he	ourcs	fte	t mid-	ni	glie.			ι	he Sunu	
	- 1	7	•	3	9		10		11		1 2	-	1	
S.	D.	H. M.	H.	M.I	1. M.	Į-	I. M.	H.	. M.	H	. M	١.	[]	
<u></u>	0	1 0	2	O	3 C	4	c	5	O	6	()	3	30	
-	3	1		2	3	-	4		5		(27	
	Ó	2		4	7	1	9		11		1 3	-	24	
	9	3		O	10		1 ,		16		14	-	2	
	12	4		8	13		17		2 I		2 5	1	1	
3	15	1 5	2	Li	3 10	4	2 1	5	27	ტ	3 1	13.	(15	
	18	6		13	19		2 5	1	3		3 8	} -	1	
	21	7		15	2		29	L	37		4			
	24	8		17	2		3		42	_	۲,	-	6	
	27	10	1	19	29	21_	38		48		. 17	1	3	
111	C	1 1	, 2	21	3 3	14			5.3	. 7		. In		
	3	1:		2 3	3	5	40) -!	5.5	۱ -		1.	2 7	
	Ć	13		2 5	3	8	50	6	3		1	5	1.1	
	_9	1		27	4	0	5 :	3		7	2 (2 1	
1_	12	1,	1	29	4	3	53		1 2	2	2	4	15	
m	15	i 1	1	31	3 4	6	5	16	17	7.7	3	1 3	₩ 15	
	3 1	1	5	32	4	!*		5	2 i		3	7).	1:	
	21	1	. 1	34	5	1		3	2 5	-1_	4		9	
	24	i	8	36	·	4	1	- _	30	2	48	3	. 6	
1	27	1	9	37		6	1	· 1	3 2	-1	5 2		3	
*	C	1 2	C 2	39	\ <u>5</u>	9	5 1	8 3	<u>`</u> _	-1-		7 *	<u>ප </u>	
	3	2	0	40	4	1	ž.	-	4	1 8	1	_	27	
L	(2	1	4	·	2	2		4.	- 1-		5	2.4	
	•	2	2	4 3		5	2		4	-1-		9	2 1	
	1 2	<u> </u>	2.	44	-	6	2	I-	51	-1-	1		18	
1			3/2	49	4	8		1.	5 5	3	3 1	5		
_	18	3	3	40		9		1			1	·	1 2	
	21	2	3	40	3	0	-	2	50	-1	1	9	9	
	_2	نـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		47		0	3	3	5	7	. :	20	6	

eneronenenenen

TOR the further commoditie of such as desire the exactnes of working to finde the Planetary hower without having any Table, for that at all times one cannot have a Table about them, for which cause memorie being the best Schoolemaisser, I have set downe an easie rule for the same, which is thus.

First, it is necessarie to knowe the length of the Planetary houre, which is thus knowen: dyuide the length of the Artificiall day into tewlue equall parts, and the number of minuts which one of those partes contayneth, is the length of the Planetarye houre: that done, dyuide the number of equall houres from Sunne rising to the houre desired by the number of minutes contayned in a Planetarye houre, and the product will shewe you the number of planetary howers past, and also what part of the planetary houre it then is.

As for Example.

The 24 daye of Aprill being Monday this prefent yeare 1598 at two of the Clocke in the after Noone, I defire the proofe of the rule aforefayd, the length of the day is then 14 houres 40 minuts, which divided by tewlue, there wil be in the quotient 1 hower and 13 minutes for the length of a planetarie hower the day aforefayde: then dyuiding 9 houres 20 minuts the time from Sunneryling to two a clock after

₹ }

noone

moone by one houre 13 minutes, the length of a Planetaric houre, there is in the quotient seauen houres 49 minutes: and so many Planets have ruled that day in the time aforelayde.

Then I conclude that Luna shall have ruled 46 minutes of her second hours that day being Monday the 24 of Aprill 1598 at two of the Clocke in the after noone, because that vppon that day the Sunneriseth at 4 of the Clocke 40 minutes in the Morning: and Luna having the first hours shall be then in her eyghth hours which is the seconde hours of her regiment for that day.



If ye desire this Table of the Planetary howers more exactly for the Latit: of London vz. 51 deg. 34 minuts: ye shall find it in the seconde Booke: tituled more briefly, and more ready to the present view, calculated.

A

seatise of Mathematicall Phisicke, or briefe Introduction to Phisicke, by Indiciall Astronomy.

Natures and Qualities of all dileases incident to humane bodyes by the naturall influence of the Cælestiall motions.

Neuer before handled in this our Natiue language, written by G. C. gent. Practicioner in Philicke.

into is added a most ready and per-Table, of the Planetarie and vnejual howers under the Latitude of \$1 deg. 34 mi. which is the true meridian of this most famous Citie of London, exactly calculated by the sayde G. C.

Optimé virtus seipsa nouit, & qua amabilis su sintelligit.

AT LONDON

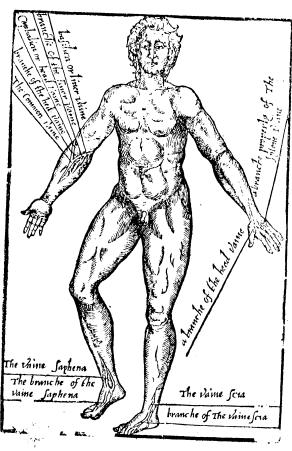
R Printed by Thomas Pursoot.

1598.

To the Courteons Reader.

HE chiefest and most difficult poynt of Phisick (by the opinio of Galen and others excelling in that Art) is to decerne the Nature & property of euery disease & ficknes, & therby to manisch the causestherof. Nam sublata cansa, tolletur effettus, the cause being remoued, the effect is eafily extinguished . Vnto the knowledge wherof Judicials Aftronomy is most necessary & most anaylable: expressing very certenly & perticulerly the coplexion of the body, & the nature of th'infirmity, & cosequently the causes of the same; which being vnknowne, how dagerous a thinge it were, & how haynous to apply any Medicines, no man is ignorat. And in voine he laboreth to expell ficknes and difeafes, which observeth not a due & convenient time for the operatio of his medicines & ministring Phisicke: for by the motion of the Mocne & Planets (fayth Innel, & experiece daily approve th the fame) are known the Criticall & dagerous days: whe the ficknes wilbe more grieuous & vehemet, & whe it wilbe ir ore remisse & placable, & in what dayes it is conuenict to vie outward or inward medicines. And if the Philition (as Hypocrates affirmeth I Pregn.) do by Indiciall Aftronomy pronouce the end of the ficknes & causes therof, the patient doth the more confidetly comit himselseinto his hads & deliuereth him fro blame, For this cause (getle reader) I have colle Acd this short Treatise of Mathematical Phifick entreating of the natures & kinds of diseases & infirmities to be decerned by the influcce of the superior motios, & figmfieth (by a questio proposed or time of the first coplayning or lying down of the party grened) whether the ficknes wilbe long or short, or wilbe dangerous or of smal force, & of what property the infirmity is, which contagiously doth afflict the body. If this my labor may be gratefully accepted (as I doubt not if ye please to ccsure infly therof) I shalbe encoraged to proceede in the 2. Booke of Claudius Dariet hadling more copicusly this point, of Astrology, & had byn far more fitting (I confesse) for this place, yf time & oportunity had permitted : & the rather being induced to publish this litle volume at the instatrequest of som worshipfull men, whose ymportunacy I could not withflad. So I refer this first fruits of my labor to thy discretio(courteous reader) hoping ye wil fredly accept the same, as for the rauenous lawes of malicious Sycophants, I feare the notwhose ignorance maketh the envious: for it is a true faying, Sciencia nul u habet immicu nisignorante. If any fault be foud herein, with fauor beare with it or amendit. So shal, I (as a denoted frend) endeuor my felf by al means conite vout courtefies: euer praying to the omnipotet creator for your

The Anatomie of mans Bodie.



ETTENTATION OF THE STATE OF THE

Mathematicall Phisick or a brief? Methode of Phisick, by Indiciall Astrologic.



N the causes of Sicknesse and Infirmities, the methode and way of judging by a Cælestiall constellation or Fygure, is required from the places of the Heauens, and from the Planets that are fignifiers both of the nature of the partie di-

seased, and of the qualitie of the disease: In knowing of what Nature and Complexion they bee of themselues, and also what state and condition they hould in their proper places, which is sayde to be accidentall. By themselues, that is to say, the Moone hath fignification of the body and lyfe, and likewise the Sunne, but chiefly the Ascendent, and these are sayde to bee signifiers by themselues in the state of the bodye and life of the partie diseased, and their dispofiters or Lordes to bee fignificators by accident, that is by reason of the Dominion and power which they houlde in the places of the former fignificators as when Saturne or Mars or some other Planet shalbe dispositors and haue chiefe power in the sa de places, and this according to the Nature and disposition of the partie diseased.

But as touching the Nature and Qualitie of dif-

ease or sicknesse: the signifiers of themselues, are the fixt house, and the Planet or Planets in the same, but the fignifiers by accident, are the dispositors of the fixt house, together with the maleuolent Planets Saturne and Mars: who if they bee fignificators by any meanes, they doe affiich the bodye, and also the planet from whome the Lorde of the alcendent is separated, or which separateth himselfe from the Lord of the ascendent: which sheweth the part or member diseased and grieued, for the part or parts of the body fignified by the figne and house wherein the layde planet is placed, are furely grieued and payned according to the qualitie of the disease: now the state and condition which they holde, is discerned diverfly in fundry wayes, as in his owne proper nature, in the figne wherein hee is, also in habit or place which hee possesseth, then according to hys affection bee it good or euill, wherewith hee is affected, then by his Fortitude or Debilitie being strong or weake, fortunate or infortunate as well by nature and by himselse, as by acceident, being able thereby freely to extend his forces or nor. Laftly by his configuration and aspects which hee hath with other planets be it good or badde, fortunate or vnfortunate. And it is specially to bee regarded that we diligently examine, the concordace & habitude which the Significators do hold aswel amog theselues as with the other planets: whether they be aspected or be voyd of course, separating or applying, or in the selse same degree or minute: also whether the aspe & be good or badde with Reception or without, with

Phisicke,

Translation, or with returne of light, with impedimen, or without let or hinderance, also if there be frustrating of light, refrayning, belieging, defirite tion or abscition & cutting of or fruttration of light and nature. Furthermore wee ought to regarde whether these fignificators have any other way of concordance and habitude among themselves, or with other Plannets. And whether they bee in fignes beholding one another, or in fignes commanding or obeying, or if one be in the Imifin of the other, or in the Nouena or Deacatemeria of the other. For the cause and reason of these thinges is not to bee contemued and reiested. With these also it is most necessarie to be regarded, and notesse consideration ought to be hadde of the fixed Starrs, especially being of the first and second magnitude; for if a fixed Starre shalbe placed in the house lignifying the question proposed, or in th'ascendent or Tenth, or other Angle, or elfe shalbee conjoyned to any Planet fignificator, specially the Moone the Sunne or Lord of the ascendent: so much that fixed starre doth promise & effect, as the pla: whose nature & property he holdeth: as if the same planet should be so placed in the same house, or conjoyned to the same significator: also the Lord of the hower hath the sa ne fignification as the Lord of th'ascendent hath: lykewife you must have respect to the parts, as the part of Lyfe, the part of Death &c. for they doe helpe and anale in delinering true Judgement. These things ought carefully to be regarded of the Afronomer, before he enter into Judgement of the flate

B 2

of:

of the sicke partie or sicknesse. Therefore I haue briefly collected these principall and most necessary rules belonging to this science as followeth: readily expressed to the sodaine view of the studious Practitioner thereof, whereby the fayd science may be the more easily understood and practiled.

To sudge in cau- I the places of the Heauen, that is to ses of sicknesse by say, the signes. the Calestial motions, is required: 1 from The planets (What they bee significators of by nature. the bodye and

Infirmitie In knowing What disposition they hold.

Phisicke of the by themselves the o.house sickenese & Dispositor of the fixt by accident house the maleuolent) pla: which being signif. in anye fort doe afflict the body, planet from whom the L. of the afcendent doth seperate or is separated. Of the Phisition of Lord thereof The sig-nificators Of the Phisicke Sthe Lord thereof Sthe Sunne. they are Th'end of sicknesse Sthe 4. house Sthe Lord thereof Of the Death The 8 house the C. thereof

The

The

what

Mathematicall	CD1:C1:
The significators owne proper nature some Signe 2 what disposition Place 3 they houlde in Affection 4 their Fortitude 5 Configuration 6	In the place house or situation, the figure of the long that thinges it hath signification: what part of the body it governeth.
In their owne or fem. of the day or night hot, nature, vz. yf cold, moyst, or dry, sanguine, they bee by namelancholy, chollerick, or phlegmatick, what diseases what parts of the body they gouerne.	Direct Retrograde fivific fincourse In his first or station A
In the signe or fem. sixed, move that, or dry: fiery, earthly, watry, or ayerie:mas. In the signe or fem. sixed, move able or commove, humane, bestiall, or douare, whether it blebodyed, what member it gouerneth, and what disease or sixenesse.	whether he encrea- slight on diminishing thereof. in latit. { Sept. } From the coliptick. It his Aux or apposite to it, Combust, under the Sunne beames { contening from them
In place or fitu- ation, yf the In place or fitu- ation, yf the In a house, wherein he reioy- seth, or lesse comforted.	Occidentall and such lyke dig. or oriental! [and such lyke debil.] which for the most part are referred to the chapare ter of affection and considered by to ef-, figuration and in some of the be feet hys for is discerned in this signif. Voz. yf the

signif.

fignif. be lin any of hys dignities.

In term of Scood planties

Sextill

Quadrat
Aspect of Trine
Opposition
Consunction
or altogether voyde
of course.
Applying
Aspect Seperating
In the same
deg. & min.

In Configuration
whether it be in

In the same

deg. & min.

Impediment as Abscition of

destruction light,

Besieging.

or altogether without let & hinderance.

Beholding

In signes Commanding

Obedient

Antiscia

In the Nouenaria of one

Dodecatemoria Sanother.

Ioyned to a fixed Starre.

These

Phisicke.

These sewe rules well considered, the same are more easie and very delightfull, so that the Astronomer by Gods permission maye safely enter into true Iudgement of the state of any party diseased, & of the Qualitie of his sicknesse or disease.

In the former Treatise it is sufficiently declared of the erection of the 12 Cælestiall houses, & the placing of the Planets in them. And also of the Nature, Complexion and properties of the planets, and of the signs, as well mutually amonge themselues, as severally by their proper significations, notwithstading it is not amisse in this place to set down these sew notes as concerning the pla: and signes not before mentioned.

- Told and dry Orientall Addeth Scold and moisture.

 Melancholy Occidentall addeth Drynes.
- Hot and moist Sorientall Saddeth SHeat & moisture.

 7. Sanguine Occidentall Saddeth Moysture,
- Het and dry
 Choller
 Intemperat Occidentall Saddeth Drynes,
 Drynes,
- Cold moyst Orientall addeth Heate & moisture.

 Pleagme Occidentall addeth Moysture.
- Asthe Pla: Orientall to whom he is Occidentall addeth Drynes.

Nathematicall.

The Swin Stan Sol Sobo Sin Fle- moderne melan-

The Moone | of to the first | Hotte and movst | Hotte and dry | Colde and dry | Colde and movst.

Also the Moore of her owne proper nature is cold and moyst, yet farre more moyst then colde, mightily enter-mixing her nature with the planets that aspect her, and from whom she is separated, also according to her encrease and decrease.

For Sencreasing with of addeth Heat and drynes. Decreasing with & addeth Cold moysture.

Furthermore she changeth and varieth her nature according to the place of the Heauens wherein she is, as hath been observed by auntient *Phylosophers*, and thersore they have assigned 28 Mancios of the *Moone*, declaring their severall Complexions and Qualities as hereaster followeth.





A Table of the Mancions of the Moone.

12	Be	ginni ry M	ng o	f on.	
Mano				quality.	Elections.
i	1	Ī	26.	<u></u>	The Moon in this first Mancio, causeth a fitt time to journey, & to give Phisick chiefly laxatives
2	8	2.	17		Good to goe voyages, to fow, plant, but contrary to purge or voinit.
3	8	15.		Verye moyst.	Good to make Marchandize, to buy cattell, contrary to Nauigations.
4	8	28.	(Colde moyst more colde.	Good to plant, and fow feedes contrary, to make mariages, and to make voiages by water.
5	п	10.	52	hott .	this is fafe to viage, to make wed- lock, or marchadize, to fend chil- dre to schole, to make medicins.
6	n	23.	43	rate.	An apt time to war, but cotrary to fow feeds, & to doe all things, whereof you defire good end.

An

 \mathcal{I}

A Table of the Mancions of D

A Table of the Mancion of D

				of qua m lity.	Elections.	Manc	gisdi. cman	ng of cion	qua- litic.	Elections,
-1 SC	Î	6.		T	An apt time to plow and sowe, but enill to sourney or goe on voyage.	105 SY.	i deg.	mi.	1	Good to digge and delue, and euill for voyage and mariage.
8	69	19.	26	t em.	A fit time, to take a voyage of lourney, and to take Philick chiefyly in pilles.	16 m	2.	17.	ind	An infortunat time for al things (pecially to make voyage, to buy, to put on new apparell, and bad
9	\. 	2.	17.	Drye	It is good onely in Nauigation, in all other thinges it is contra- rie. It is good for Matrimonie, to	17 m	15.	9.		to take philick. An apt time to buy bealts, to put the to passure, & to marrie a widdow, euill for Nauigations.
I c		15.	9.	mois!	plant or build: euill to make a voyage. A fauourable time to fow feeds	IS m	28.	0.	drye.	Good to build, fow feeds plant, to Nauigate, contrary to make marriages.
11	₹.	28.	C	perat fom- what	and to plant, to deliuer prison- ners, contrarye to take laxatiue medicines,	[9 x	to.	52.		A fit time for warfar, & to be- liege a place, alfo to plant, fowe feedes, and to make voyage.
12	my	10	52	cold. moist	Conneniet to plant, fow feeds, make Marriage, yll to Naui- gate.	20 🖈	23.		97	A conuenient time to buy cat- tell, to hunt wilde beafts, cotra- ry to make wedlock.
13	ny	23.	43	tem- perat	Good to iourney, or nauigate, to low feeds, & to plow, to contract matrimony, to fend Embaffage.	21 3	6.	35.	Der at	Good to build, lay foudations, to fow feed, to go to a prince or Maiestrate for fauour, but con-
14	,~, 	6.	35.	tem- perat	It is connenient to fow, plant, & to take phisicke, contraty to journey, and to wed a widdowe.	22 %	19.	16.	moi st	trary to matrimony. A conueniet time to take Phy- lick, to nauigate, to put on newe apparell, contrary to marriage.
1	•		(·	Good	1				0. 1

A Table of the Mancions of

	the	nning of nancion	litie.	Elections.
13	11	. 17.	Tein- perat	Good for Philicke, and to make a voyage, cuill to marrie, and to lend.
22	1 = 15	9.	erar.	An apt time to leade an armieto battell, to make marriages, and to low leeds, and good to take medicines, contrary for voyages.
25			orye.	Good for iourney, voyage or iourney towarde midday, or towarde Sun-set, and is good for soundations, for marriage, and for strife. This day is good for to take phicke, but in all other thinges it is read.
27	H 23.	43. m	oist. to	A cómodious time to fow, plant, o vie Marchadile, to make matri- nonie, but contrary to Nauigatió.
28	r 6.	35.170	em-ce rat.Pl	An apt day to vie merchidile, to elebrate matrimonye, and to vie hilicke, contrarye to lend and to be on a voyage.

Furthermore

Phisicke,

Furthermore the skilfull Phittion and Astronomers forbiddeth to touch or let blod in that part of the body signified, by the signe wherein the Moone is soud, and therefore it is convenient to know what part of the body is signified by every signe, as is lively sette downe in the Anotomie prescribed in the beginning of the sirst Booke, and is more perticularly declared, with the diseases incident vnto them, as followeth.

- Ruleth the head, eares, eyes, and difeafes of themas head-ach, pymples, 'ooth-ach, paynes of the eyes, merphew, the feurfe in the face, and fuch like.
- Neck, throat, & the difeafes of them:as kings eaill, hoarcenes, weakenes in the necke, blacke choller, font-what temperate.
- Armes, shoulders, hands and fingers, their diffeafes, proceeding of blood.
- Frest, paps, upper part of the belly, plean, lungs, so noteth ympediments of the eyes, the scabbe, leapry, pushes, and spots in the face.
- S. Hart, breft, ftomack, ribbs, back-bone, small gutts, & their sicknesse proceeding of yellow choller.
- Gutts and belly, and entralls, small gutts, & signifieth all Infirmities proceeding of melanchaly or blacke choller.
- Reynes, ioynes, hamms, hanch, huttocks, & specifieth the dymnes of fight, retention of wrine and of digestion, sluxes.

m Bladder,

- Bladder and privile parts, flanck or fmall guts, and fhervet's lepry, scales, spots in the face, canker, fiftuloes, emrodes, stone, &c.
- Thighes, privie members and their difeases: as fewers, fall from hie places, from the 10. to the 18 degit notesh ympedimens of the eyes.
- **Enees, and their diseases: as leapry, scabbe, losse of speech, dumnes, surditie, dimnes of the eyes, seuers, sluxes by th'inferior parts.
- Leggs and their difeases: as blacke I aundies, incisions of the veynes from the 20 to the 25 degree, it noteth paynes of the eyes.
- Feete and their difeafes: as the gowt, feab, leapry, palfie, this is a figne altogether fickly & Flegmatick.

And these are the proper signification of the signs alone by themselves, or when the Moone is in them throughout all the parts of mans body: notwithstanding the Moone and the other planets have divers & severall significations in all the signes particulerly appropriated to themselves, being derived from their dignities and houses which is most necessarie, to be diligently observed of the studious laborer in this art, as having a speciall Relation to the part of the body diseased and grieved, and is playnely set forth in the Table sollowing.

Phisicke

The parts of mans body which the pla: doe sigfie of themselues.

Hath the speane, right care, bladder, bones and and their sicknesses proceeding of colde and drynes, leapry, quarten Ague, morphew, canker, elephancie, blacke choller, Rumes, cough, passie, loosenes, of the bodye, and such like.

ZZ Lungs, ribs, liver, grissels, seede, arteries, lest eare and infirmities of the, as pluresies and such as pro-

ceede of abundanc of blood or windines.

Gouerneth the gall, reynes, veynes, left eare, and their licknesses as tharpe seuers, tertian and quotidian pestilence, vicers, red choller, madnes, pustles, carbuncles and such like.

Signifieth the fight, hart, right fide, finnewes, right eye, and the diseases of those partse, as fluxes of the eyes, catarras, ruimes, and such as grow of redde

choller, also cold stomack and liner.

A The liner, loynes, sperm, fatnes, reyns, matrix, genitalls papps, throat, and their passions as of the stomacke, liner, genetalls proceeding of cold and moysture, sistuloes, and such like.

The memorie, hands, tongue phatalies, mouth, brayne, sinnewes, thighes, and noteth madnes, lethargie, passions of the tongue and malencholy, hoarcenes, vomits, tysick, cough, much spettle, and such like.

(C) Hath the left eye of a ma, the right of a woma, flomack, belly, left fide, bladder, flones, wombe, lyner, breft, & the taft, & noteth the dileases of the as catar-thaes, pallie, epilepsie, chollick, menstrues of women, aposthumes, dropsie, default of light as squintedness disconsists finnews. coming of opilation of the liner,

The

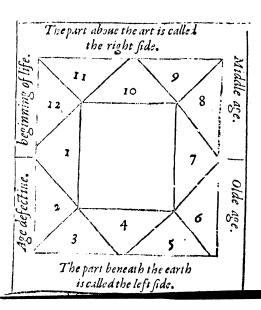
A verie necessarie T'able declaring what part of the body is payned and diseased, by signification of the Planets in every signe through all the parts of mans bodie.

ı	7 4 3 0 1 2 3	1
~	Brest Necke Arme: throat Bellie Thighs Reynes Secrets Knees hart Head Feete Leggs Head	5
3	Hart ders Reynes Knees Secrets thighes Leggs Brest Armes Throat Bellie Bellie Necke	
п	Bellie Brest Secrets Leggs thighes Knees ders & Ancles throat Head Armes strights	5
69	Reyns Hart Knees Legges Head Bellie fecrets thighes Brest Feeve. Sholders Throat brest st. Armes Eyes mack	-;
n	Reynsthighes Hart Knees Head Legges Armes stomach Reynsthighes Hart Knees Bellie Hart Throat Heart	k
my	thighes Reines Leggs throat flomack Brest Armes fecrets Knees Bellie Heart and sholders Feete: Bellie Heart bowells	

1 Vecr	ets Feete	Throat	Brest
A Knees Legg	s Raines (holde	rs head Hart	Raynes
thiobs Head	d Secret Arme	s small stomac	Hart
Eyes		guts Bellie	Bowells
	sHead	Troat Sholder	
L'mas Foot	Gerrers Brett	Raines Armes	and hart
Tonge	armes & har	el secrets borrels	Secrets
1653	thighs	Backe	Bellie
1 Vina	esthroat	Sholder Brest	
Tagge Hass	d thighs Hart	Armes Rayne	
Leggs Head	shands Bellie	Secrets Hear	
Feete ing	Feete	thighs Secret	
- 			k Reines
Leg	s Armes	Brest Shar	
To Head nech	re of shot Bellie	1.7.1.	
Feete Eye.	Knees Backe	1	1 138.00
_ {	es or legs		1100000
Feet	e Brest		Secrets
	s Leggs Reines	Heart I night	Leggs
head Shold		Knees & har	Ancie!
Bres			1
arms Head		bellye Reines	
H Shol- Bres	Feete Secrets	Leggs Knees	Feete
	Bellye Thighs	Necke Secrets	w Jucced
necke Har	t ancles	Backe Thighs	

D 2

As it is declared of the lignes and Planets, so like. wise the houses have their speciall and proper signification in the parts of mans body, and have most properly Relation to the cause from whence the Infirmitie or licknes doth proceede, as if the Lorde of the fixt house be found in the fift, you may Judge that the cause of the sicknesse was of surfetting or ryot, or by ouermuch voluptuousnes, or such like causes specified by the fift house, and that his payne & diseased is caufed by ill digestion, or from defect of the Lyner or Sinnewes, because the fift house hath Relatio to those parts of the bodye, and so much the more certaine is the ludgemet if the of planet lignificator or lign wherin he is found shalbe the same qualitie and nature and shall have signification of the same part of the body as the house hath wherein he is placed.



Phisicke.

The order of framing of the houses and Cælestiall Fygure is before declared in the former Treatile, and likewise the properties, Disposition and Qualities of them with the Colours, Sauors, and fuch like belonging to them, and therefore it is needelesse here to recite them. Infomuch as by Gods permission I have undertaken in this short Treatise, onely prescribe certayne briefe Rue Is and Cantions not before mentioned or spoken of in our vulgar tongue, most necessarie to the studious laborer in this excellent Science, whereby he may with eatie labour, and small practile attayne to a perfect and rype knowledge of Indiciall Aftrologie in deliuering a true Iudgement of any partie sicke or diseased, and of the qualitie and nature of his sicknesse. Therefore I have briefly set downe the Natures and Complexios of the 12 houses, and the diseases incident to them, and the parts of mans bodye fignified by them as followeth.

Th'ascendent or first house denoteth blood, & the diseases proceeding of superfuitie of blood, it signisieth the Lyfe and Spirit, and dayly sustenance, it governeth the head, eyes, parts, eares, mouth, speech and

taft, and it is Flegmatick.

The second lignifieth sence, foode, riches, gayne, it ruleth the Necke and Throate, and the dileales of

them, and is Flegmaticke.

The thyrd gouerneth the Shoulders, Armes and Handes, it signifieth short iournies, hospitallitie, brethren and kinsfolke of all sorts, and it is Flegmatick.

The fourth gouerneth the Brest, Lights, Splean & the diseases of them, it declareth Parents, patrimony,

 D_3

Buil-

Building, Land, Treasure hidde, and it is Malencho.

The fift gouerneth the Stomack, Lyuer, Hart, Sinnewes, Sides, Backe and the diseases of them proceeding of Melancholy, it signifies pleasures, ryot, children, gysts, vestments, banquets, and such like.

The lixt is the house of licknesse and diseases, seruants, small beasts, it gouerneth the lower part of the bellie and haunches, and the diseases of them, and it signifies Melancholv.

The seauenth gouerneth from the Nauell downeward, also the Thighes, Reynes, Loynes, it signifieth Marriage, and Concupisence, and diseases by ouermuch pleasure, and it is Chollerick.

The eyght house hath signification of Death, and the manner & qualitie theros, hidden faculties, seares and sorowe, poysons, and such like, it gouerneth the privile parts, the back-bone, small gutts, and noteth Choller.

The nynth house hath the Lyuer, halfe the Haunches and Arse, and their sicknesse, it noteth Religion, truth, journey, dreames, Philosophie, divinations, and is Chollerick in Complexion.

The tenth gouerneth the inferior part of the hanches, Knees, it lignifieth honor and offices the country the kinde of fludie and Magisterie, and the Mother, his Complexion sanguine.

The elementh gouerneith the Leggs, to the Ancles and the infirmities of them, it signifies Friends, hope, Fauors, and and help, and is Sanguine

The twelfth fignifieth thought and cares, forowes, hatred,

Phisicke 0

hatred. prisonments, harlots, deceyuers, great cattle and hurt by them: it ruleth the feete and diseases of

them and is Sanguine.

Last it is to be considered what agreement or disagreement, what loue or hatred is betweene themselues, as well with the Planets as with the signes where they are founde according to their naturall disposition, for some are beneuolent others maleuolent, others indifferent or doubtfull: Lykewise both the good and the maleuolent may disagree in qualitie and propertie, as good with the good, & the euill with the euill. So Mars & Saturne though by nature they bee both maleuolent, yet they dyffer and contend in qualitie, th'one being cold & dry, intemperate, th'other hott and dry, intempeperate and is the more feruent in drynes, & therfore are sayde to bee enemies: Likewise those plannets are sayde to bee enimies, whose houses or exaltations are Opposite, for so they doe contend in qualitie and nature. And therefore it is convenient to notifie this briefe Table following which declareth what Planets are Friends or Enimies amonge themfelues, as it hath been specified by auntient & skylfull Astronomers.

What

·				
	What Planets are Friend, and what are -F nemies among themselues.			
1				
	t are \$ 0		th are some	
	닉 al but ♂ ♂ onely ♀		4 onely 3	
	• are \$ 4		or all but ♀ and or chiefly ㅂ and ⊙	
Priend of	Fall but the		⊙ are So So So	
		of	Q onely h	
	\$\pi are \frac{7}{5}		gare So	
	Dare Sty		C are \$\frac{\nabla}{\nabla} and partly \oldsymbol{\ol	
			Share St par. O	
	si are \$24		८ भ	
ļ	v are \tag{\frac{\pi}{\zeta}}	Fer '	v are 0	
		<u> </u>	Friendes	

Phisicke

Friendes by reaf- (30)
on of agreement of agreement of by constance, qualitie, fubstance, and power are

Phisicke

Enemics house 500
by constance for their power are

Exal- 500

tation.

Also the agreement concorde, or disagrement of the signes is to bee regarded according to their aspects to on another as what signes doe beholde and which doe not doe behold one another as maye bee perceaued by this Table following.

The	Radiations of the Signes.	
are commannding.	These are obedient and doc not behold one another.	
·	R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	,

Of

Of the Aspects.

and do begyn 🗌 is distant when their 90 deg. orbs do touch I 20 one another, as DO 5 doth aspect h N 26 with [].

The disno aspect and happeneth when the Orbs of 2 or more Planets doe eonioyne together; the perfect dis within one degree, but in dyou must have respect to the latitude of the Planets according to Ptol, which likewise is to be considered in the aspects.

> [Good planers is good as & 4 ? euill is bad as & h & but in respect of the temperature of their body they are good in some fort.

Meane planetts is indifferent as of ♀ ற except the of of the Luminaries which is The of of verice euill, good with euill is euill as of h 4 and this according to the strongest pla-

Good with meane is good as of 24 5), e-Luill with meane is badas of カコ.

Phisicke. Ofgood planets are good as 4

2 or △ Of euill planets not euill as * or \triangle of δ . good are ¿Meane planetts are good as △or and is of I and C.
which if Meane with good augmenteth they shall | the good as 2) 2+ \(\Delta\) or * Meane with euill increaseth the Leuillas & ħ △ or *.

pects of the Planets. or oo Euill are

□ andoo≤

which if

it be ...

be

The af-

Ofgood planetts it is not euill as 4 \$ △ or 00 Ofenill planets are euill as $\square \hbar$

Of good planets with euill are euill, as 4 d or oo Ofmeane Planets are not euill as

yn □or oo except the or oo, of the Luminaries which are alwaies euill.

Meane plannets with good are not euill as \$ 4 □,00

Meane plannetts with euill are leuillas & 5 ar or oo.

The pla- good & therefore called the fortunes are 4 and 2 nets euill and called the infortunes are which ATC

Imeane & indifferent are O & D. Also

E 2

The

[1 [Reception 2 Collection 3 Translation Also in as- 4 Prohibition of light and petts these 25 Contraritie or destruction | vertue. thingsought ! to be consi- 6 Restitution 7 Refrenation dered tha**t** is to say. 8 Frustration

> 1 Whe one plais in the dignitic of anotheraspected as \$ # 3, \$ \$ 3 lieere \$ receaueth & yeilding to her his light and

2 When a Planet in his owne dignity aspecteth another having none, as C & To where C giveth strength to to though he have no dignity in her place. 3 When a Planet in his essentiall dignities aspecteth another, having also dignitie in his place, as $\odot \sim 3$ \circ , where d and ⊙ recease one another and this

Lmutuall Reception,

on is ei-

ther

Where note that in Reception the Plannet having most authoritie yeildeth vp hislight more then the oPhisicke.

ther aspected doth give vnto him as if h bee sounde in gand in the terme of h beholding him thee receaueth him most forcibly then he vnto her, and yeildeth to him her light and Disposition.

> [House as @ r, J s, where is mutuall reception by a \square betwene \mathbb{C} and \mathbb{C} .

Exaltation as D ~ ⊙ 6 where ⊙ receiueth > in his exaltation, giuing to her his light and force.

Triplicitie as ħ ~, ⊙ II, here ⊙ giueth

Also Reception is ei-

ther from

light to \$. Terme&Face as ♀23 ⊌, ₺23%here ₺ receaueth 🖫 and yeildeth to him strength and verme, and this is the weakest reception for it cannot bee onely in a face except it have some other Essentiall dig-

Collection when 2 or moe Plannets are ioyned 2 to one more waighty and heauier then they for he doth gather and retayne their Light and Nature.

Translation

When a light plannet seperating from a waightier before he befully separated shalbeigy ned to another, he carryeth the light of the first to the second.

When a lighter planet separating from one applyeth to another of the same qualitie as \odot \pm 27 (C 1 x or 10 mhere of doth transferre the heate of \odot to σ .

Translation of light.

> When a light planet is joyned by aspect to a waightier & that same againe to one more heaty then he for then the second doth transferr Lthe light of the first to the third.

on.

C When three planets in one ligne the waightier passing more degr. then th'other, the the middlemost doth hinder the aspect of the first 4 Prohibi- and second, as of 6 m 4 9 m hm 10, where 4 cometh to h before and so doth prohibit their & ħ doth prohibit the d of d & 4 and this is also called Abscition of Uight and nature.

When

Phisicke.

(When two plannets in d or alpecta lighter planet doe cast his beames between them, for fo the light planet doe deny the aspect of the other, as 5) 10 m, 8 m, h 12 m heere D doth hinder the & of & and Tr.

When two planets in one figne the thirde being lighter aspecteth the first of the second more mere-Ive and so hindereth their of as ý 10 rd 12 5 4 15 r, here & doth prohibit the of of of and 4 by a □.

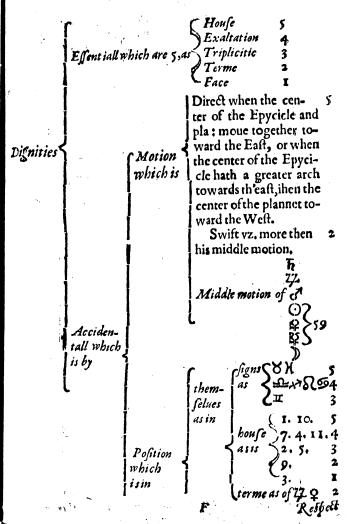
Contrarietie or destruction also called Abscision of light and nature when three planets in aspect the lighter by retrog. ioyneth first to the waightier and so to the seconde, thereby cutting of the aspect or of the first and seconde, as 24 om 1) 8 m of 12 mretrog. where of by retrog. is joyned to h before 4 & so destroyeth the of of h & 4, & this may bee called Abscisson, except that Abscisson is more

more properly in the ending and entring of figures as 5×28 , 4×24 , 7×29 retrog. where 6×69 retr. cutteth of the 6×69 of 5×49 , by a \square aspect.

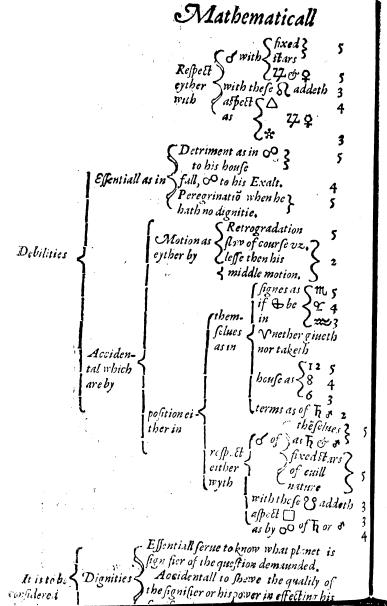
- Restoring of lyght when an inferior planet bechouldeth a superior combust or retrog, then hee returneth to him his light and vertue, being not able to retayne it.
- Refrenation when an Inferiour planet seeketh the of or aspect of another before he beë ioyned becometh Retrograde as \$ 5 m retr. \$ 12 m, where \$ seeking the of of \$ by retr. is refrayned.
- Frustration when a light plannet seeketh the of or aspect of a waightier and the same againe going out of that signe shalbee ioyned to another by aspect in the next signe before the first, as 3.0.23, 24290, 5 m where 4 is ioyned to 5 before 3, whereby the of of 3 and 4 is annihilated by 5, & is also the of of 5 and 3 frustrated by 24, and this as Prohibition, except that Frustration is in the ending or entring of Signes as Abscition.

Phisicke ...

Of the Dignities and Debilities of the Planets Effentiall and Accidentall.



Of



Phisicke.

[Essentiall, sheweth the weaknes of the significator in his operation, and his malice.

Debilities Ac

Accidetiall, doth demonstrate the defect of a significator in performing his signification or his manner of effecting eyther good or euill.

Here followeth a Table of the Essential dignities of the plat vz. their day and night houses, Exaltations, Triplicaties according to Alcabitius and Ganinettus, their termes, Faces, and the signes wherein the Pla: doe reioyec.

Soufe exalt	city af- ter Ga-	Termes of the Plas		s of the	Ioy of
10	l,n,c.		XO 3		
V 18 4 1019	047 7 77 6	Q12 Q20 0 2	5 h 30 0	0 2	
8 5 1 1 3 3	5 D 2 2 8	平14722 1 2	7137 (이약)	$\mathbb{D} h $	Q
TI 8 d 87 3 H	, इ १५ ६ ६	17 12 917 012	4 7 30 22	8101	
55 d 7715	200 07	213 419 72:	26 h 30 Q	위》	
		1 1]]]	1 1	
	776	♀11 月18 ♀24	4 30 h	47/01	
\cap \cap \cap	_			,	
m 41 415 4	FD8 \$7	2 17 77 21 0 2	8 To 30 ⊙	우	<u>φ</u>
Qd 5 21 h	女好 16	平 14 77 21 年2	8 (3° (3° (3° (3° (3° (3° (3° (3° (3° (3°	h 22	
m 0 2		早11年19年2			
m, 12 d 89 0	225 2212	우17일 21 1 26	30 \$	h of	
7 7 n 1 28 c	5) 8 2 7	714 \$ 22 h 26	0 30 27	801	
		13 27.20 2 25			~~~
X 77 / 8 27		7.16 4 19 # 28			
	······································	F 2			

¶ A Table of the accidentall dignities of the pla; vz., of the degrees Mife. or Fem. light, darke, Imoky and voyde, deepe or pitted, deficient or lame, and wanting members, increasing and diminishing Fortune, which are so termed by reason of fixed Statres in those degrees.

1	Deg.Light, Dark		leg lame,	deg. ē
Degr. misculine & se	m. Smokic, Voyde.	deg, deepe	ir defiti-	cresin
			ent.	Fort.
V. Mafo, 8. 15. 30.	d 3.18, d 16. 120	6. 11.16		19
Fcm, 9. 22,	v 24 l 29. v 30.	2 3. 29.		
8 m.ifc. 11. 21. 30.	d3,17 v 12.115.	5. 12.	6. 7.8.	3. 15
fem 5. 17. 24.	v 20.128, d 30.	24 25.	9.10.	27
mafo. 16. 26.	14.47.112.016.	2. 12. 17.		11
fem. 5. 22. 30.	122. d 27. v 30.	26. 30.		
50 miss. 2, 10. 23, 30	o. 12. d14. v 18. sin	12.17.23	2101112	1 2 3,
1em. 8. 12. 27.	201.28 v. 30.	26.30	13.14 15	415.
Cmf. 5. 15. 30.	d 10, smo. 20,	6. 13.15.	1827 28	2 5 7.
_ fem. 8, 23.	v 25.130.	22.23.28		19.
Ψ' m 1/2, 30,	15.18,010.116.			3 14.
fem. 8. 20.	(m. 22, v 27. d 30.	21.22.) ^ 20
1 miles, 5. 20, 30.	15. d 10.118.	1. 7.		3 15
fon. 15. 27.	d21.127. v 30.	20,30.	!:	, •, 21
ს <i>ო∫</i> . 4. 17. 30.	d3.18.v 14.122.	9, 10, 22	0 1	7 18
f.m. 14. 25.	Sm. 24. v 29. d 30.	23.27	1	20
7 milje, 2, 12, 30.	19. d 12, 1 19 5 23	7.12,15	9	1320
fem. 5. 24.	1/30.	24.27.30	18. 19.	. 3 40
mafe, 11. 30.	d7.110.515.119	7.17.22	6. 27	
1 Com. 19.	d22.225.d30.	24.29 2	20449	1213
of mills. 5. 21. 27.	fn. 4.19.d13.	1.12.17		420
fem. 15. 25. 30.	121.025.130.	22.74.29		7.00
misc. 10. 27. 30.	d6.112.d18.122.	49.24.	L	7 20
fem. 20, 28,		27. 28.	1	3 20

Whither

Phisicke.

Whether the party be sicke or not, of whome the the question is demaunded.



N this question looke to the signifier of the Querent, for if the Significator of the state of the body be sounde in a Signe not agreable to him but resisting his nature, or if

the fignificator shalbee in a cadent house chiefly in the

6, then he is greeued and sicke.

Also when a pla: significator shalbe Diurnall by day vnder the earth, or Nocturnall about the earth by night, that is to saye contrary to his hain, or is he be ill affected, retrog. cobust in his fall or detriment, or is he be weake or in the term of euill pla: he is payned and sicke. Also it is chiefly to be considered if he haue any euill configuration of a contrary or euill pla: or at least-wise is he be aspected of the L. of the 6 or 8, or ioyned to them, or to a fixed Starre of euill nature, or if hee be besieged of the infortunes, then it appeareth that the party is diseased and sickly.

But it sufficeth not that these thinges be considered in one significator alone, but also in them all, and by the consent of the greater and stronger part, Judgment

is to be given.

From what cause outward or inward the sicknesse doth proceede.

HE inward cause of sicknesse dependeth for the most part from the euill condition of the significator in respect of his signe, place and proper F 3 affection:

affection: as if he should be in a signe not agreeable to his nature, and in place verie vnfortunate and be euill affected, or if any of these conditions doe happen. the caule is determined by reason of the temperature and matter specified of the same Signifier, or from the signe, place and affection or configuration good or euill of the same Significator. But the outward cause proceedeth from the infortunes or cotrary pla: which being lignificators doe afflict by their owne malice & and euill affection? As when the fignifiers of the bodye shalbe safe and fortunate in respect of their signe, place, and proper affection, and yet afflicted or relisted by the infortunes and contrary planets: the reason perswadeth (though he labour not with any inward cause) yet some outward causes hath happened to him, whereby he is payned and diseased, and this ought to be determined by reason of the place, proper nature & condition of the pla: for elifting: as if hee bee in the 9 house, or bear erule ouer the same (being the house of Iourneyes, and of fludy) it is to be judged that the ficknes hath proceeded fro the like causes signified by the same house, so in the 12 house it procedeth by causes of hatred ymprisonments and great griefe, yf in the first fecond, or 5 house the cause was of euill dyet, excesse of pleasure, sports, and such like.

25 Of what kinde and nature the sicknesse is.

HE qualitie and nature of the disease and sicknes generally (as it hath pleased antient writers to set downe) is to bee judged of the nature of the signe

P bisicke.

signe of the 6 house, and the disposit or thereof, which standeth with very good realo, becau se they are chiese significators of the licknes, therefore if therebee anye configuration or aspect of these with the significators of life, and then also if there bee one and the selfe same nature of the 6 house and dispositor thereof, of the same nature simply we may safely sudge the disease to be, but if their nature and condition be manifold & divers, the cause of the sicknes is also many fold and diners: and then it is very requisite that with great consideration we examine the lignificators of the bodye: In what fort and of what pla: they be afflicted and corrupted: for according to the condition and nature of them the paine and licknesse is determined, as if the j should be affirsted by the euill configuration of Mars, itappeareth the disease to be of his qualitie that is hott and drye, and of the same kinde which is signified by Mars: and so much the more if the signe wherein hee is, be of the sierie Triplicitie: but if the signe bee of a contrary nature it mittigateth the feruentnesse of hys signification: but if the fignif be afflicted not only of Mars also of Saturnus, or some other pla: or fixed starr, then we must pronounce the qualitie of the sicknes in mixing together their natures by reason and discreti-

Where it is to beenoted that according to the nature of that pla: which doth most violently vrge, and vehemently afflict by him, and after his nature, the party is specially payned and diseased.

The kind and qualitie of the sicknes is taken fro the nature

aspected of the fortunes: it noteth weaknes of nature of the party dileased.

Also if the Lord of the ascendent apply to a fortune and shall begynto be retrograde in his first station before he doe touch the beames of the same fortune eyther by aspect or Coniunction, it prolongeth the ficknes. Also the Lord of the ascendent in the 6 house, or contrarywile the Lord of the 6 in the alcendent, fignifieth the same. Furthermore the significators of the ficknes in fixed figues declareth the ficknesse to continue, and contrariwise in mooneable signes it will not

The Lord of the ascendent affiicled of the Lord of the 6 or 12 house, and he or 5 beholding an infortune (chierly Saturne) in fixed figues, flow of courfe, diminithing tight & number or Retrograde, the party complayning will be very long licke. And contrary wile if they be twift and doe spedily passe onvosihe signes wherein they bee founde, or if they bee in moneable figusailified or applying to a fortune, for energy degree of distance be tweene them is signisted a day. In common figues a weeke or moneth, and if they be found in fixed lignes it commonly lignifieth for every degree of dillance between the lignificators a moneth or longertime, and sometimes a yeare, for in distinguishing of time you must vie reason and experience.

Also you must have regard to the hoases, for the angles declare spedines as dayes and howers, the sliccedents indifferent time, as weekes, sometimes moneths, and the cadents fignific long time, as moneths and So also you must have regarde to the Pla: the.nPhisicke,

themselues, for the D is sayd to bees wist and significal short time, because she accoplisheth her course in 28 dayes: \$ 4 @ & & declare indifferent or short time, & chiefly &, but hand 4 demonstrate long time, be. cause they are long in fulfilling their natural couries.

The Lord of the alcendent comming todainely to a beneuolent planet in any fort, doth fignific the tick-

nesse tobe fort.

The of flow in motion, & increasing light, denounceth encreale of licknes.

The Careasing with an Threatning daunger.

The Moone in a fixed figure and unfortunate fignifi-

ethalong and dangerous licknes.

The Dideparting from combustion to the full noteth encreate of ficknes, where if the meete with good planets it is good: if with cuill plannets eyther the party will die, er the ficknes will be prolonged.

The dispositor of the Meine vnsortunate causeth

lengthning of the ficknes.

I he ligne of the 6 house being fixed and the Lorde thereof eyther a heatie planet as f, & or placed in a fixed ligne doth demonstrate long continuance of the sicknes. Yf the signe of the 6 house be a comon signe: or if the planet from whom the L. of th'ascendent is separated bee placed in a common figne, it noteth recouerie in floretime. The parts chiefly the part of life, and the part of death and & if they bee infortunate in fixed fignes and in cadent places, it doth argue longe time officknes, but if they beefortunate in moueable fignes and in angles and well aspected of the fortunes, it noteth short time of ticknes. 25- W/:e-G 2

& Whether the ficke body will recover health or not.



HE same consideration ought to bee had of this as of the former queltion, for if the Moone and th'other significators bee not very unfortunate or oppressed with the

beames of infortunes, but if their condition be better in affection and good configuration, that is to say, more good then enill, more stronge then weake, more fortimate then vinfortimate, the the partie by Gods help, will soone be restored to his former health, and the rather if the lignificators doe separate from the maleuolent Pla: and apply vnto good, or shalbe besieged and befet of the beneuolent starrs, or with planners of his owne nature and qualitie. Yet notwithstanding this is to be noted that if the fignificator doe apply (as is fayd) to a fortune or any of the beneuolent pla; (hall apply vnto the same significator, if then in the meane time it shall happen before their beames bee perfectly ioyned and meete together, some euillaspect of another Planet shall come betweene and be joyned to the same significator: then it is evident that the Querent will fall into some other sicknesse before hee recouer health, or shall more grieuously complaine of the same which he felt before.

The same affirmeth the signe of the 6 house beeing a common figne, and especially a signe double bodyed, also the signe wherein the Lorde of the 6 house is founde signifieth the same, if it be a bycorporeall or a common ligne,

Further-

Philicke.

Firthermore, if the greater part of the lignificators halbefree from infortune and from query enill affection, and notwithstanding others be infortunate and enill affected, yet there is hope of health, But the fignificators be so aspected that there be enillapply carjon and disagreement among themselves, and then the fame fignificators (halbee in cadent places: it is to bee feared of the death of the Querent.

Likewise it is to bee observed that if it happen the fignification both of lyfe and alfo of death to be divers and manifold then the Judgement ought to be preferred by reason of the most significators & the stronger.

Yf the Lord of the ascendent shall enter into the 6 house, the sicke partye shalbee delinered of the same sicknes, likewise if the Lorde of the 6 shalbe entring into th'ascendent he will escape.

The Lord of the 6 in a moucable figne, and also the figne of the fixt house beeing mooueable denoteth shortnes of the sicknes.

Yf Saturnus or Iupite: be Lord of the ascendent and shalbe departing from combustion of the Sunne, the ficke party will recouer health, but if they he in combustion of the Sunne and Occidentall from him it lignifieth death.

Yf Mars be Lord of the ascendent and bee in combustion within 10 degr. of the Sunne and Orientall hee will escape, but if he be Occidentall more then 18 deg. from the Sunne hee may escape: yf within 18 degr. he will die, and how much the neerer hee is in of to the Sunne so much the more it is to be doubted.

ture and in the 8. house significant death.

Yfa waightier planet gather the light of the Lorde of the alcendent and Shoule by a Tor of aspect, if hee be cuill of himselfe or doe trapslate the light so gather red to an cuill planet it denote the death.

Yf the Lord of th'ascendent and Lord of the \$ doe behold themselves though with good aspect it sheweth death.

Yf the Lord of th'ascendent be in the 4, or apply to a pla : in the 4 or aspected of him with \subseteq or it shows weth death.

Yfthe Lord of th'ascendent be under th'earth and so ioyned to a platinahe lixt, nyhth, or twelfth house it signifieth death.

Mars being nere to the degree ascending (within 4 or 5 degr.) it is a token of death, specially if moe chill pla: be in the ascendent with him or doe behold him: and for the most part we bee in the ascendent in any equestion of the sicke partie they will raue and bee mad in their sickness a little before death.

Yf th'ascendent be aspected by a ☐ of a pla: in the 4 house it noteth death.

The infortunes nere the ascendent within twoo or three degr. is a very dangerous signe, and the distance of degr. doth manifest the time as if it bee a moueable signe it denoteth dayes and howers: if a fixed signe, moneths or weekes.

Vi the Lord of the accordent doe behold the Lord of the 3,8 or 12 house viisortunately: at the hower of the perfect aspect the party will dye.

Ville Lord of thalcendent doe give force to the

Phisicke

Lord of the 8 house being a fortune, & receauing him he shall waxe sicke vnto death, but will escape because of the Reception, but if the lord of the 8 be an infortune he will die, although he receaue the lorde of the ascendent.

Yf the Lord of th'ascendent be combust, fwift in an angle at the houre of combustion is the time of death.

The Almuten of thalcendent in his fall or detrimet, vnfortunate, combust or retrog. doth threaten death.

The almuten of thalcendent or \supset or \odot if all or the flronger of them, that is to fay, the temporall light doe aspect the Lord of the house of death, hee will hardly escape.

The Lord of th'ascendent or D impedit, is a token

of death or long licknes.

The \supset in the 4 with σ without aspect of all bene-Signification places: noteth tions from death.

The so ioyned to the lord of the 8 without reception: or if there be Translation of light between them: or if there be Collection of their light, if hee which to gathereth there light be a maleuolent pla: or doth traslate or yelld the light so gathered to an euill pla: it is a token of death.

D Oriental within 12 degr: of the © the neerer the

worser.

in the burnt way corrupted of \dagger , or combust of the *Sunne*: threatneth death, chiefly within the 3, first degr. of masslicted of \dagger .

impedit of to the ford of the 8 and placed in the H eyght

eyght, 12 or 4, and neere the 3 doth denote deprina-

Decreasing with \$\frac{2}{5}\square\text{Sinflicth death or long}\]

Decreasing with \$\frac{2}{5}\square\text{Inflictoristic.}\]

A maleuolent pla: corrupting the D or O withour

aspect of a Fortune, noteth death.

and her dispositor in cadent places sheweth an euill end, if th'infortunes be stronge in Angles in aspect of and other dispositor, is a simme token of death; but if the fortunes bee stronge in those places and in good aspect, it promise the health.

5) in th'ascendent with any of the euill planets, the

sicke partie will dye sodainely.

Signification from the Lord of the eyghth house vnfortunate in the 4 the Lord of the eyghth in th'ascendent or 4 chief- at 8 kerfe. By R etrog, or combust or ioyned to maleuolent pla.

The Lord of the eyghth in thacendent and anye of the lignifiers of the bodye infortunated by him, deno-

teth death sodainely.

The Lorde of the eyghth or \supset departing from one infortune & applying to another doth threaten a more grieuous sickness then that which then hee suffereth.

A maleuolent pla: in the eyghth or Lord of the 8 being euill by nature is a bad token, but if he receaue the the Lord of the acedent or 5) (not too much afflicted) he will escape after greatest feare of death, chiesly eyf the Reception be strong.

The

Phisicke.

The diurnall pla: fignificators about the earth, and Nocturnall under the earth, also the Lord of the first Triplicitie, of th'ascendent and Lorde of the hower, if many of these be infortunate in the 6, 12, or 8 or their Lords, they are euill tokens.

The lorde of the 6 infortunate beholding thacen- From the dent or lorde thereof with \square or \circ° , also if the lord of L, of the 6 the 6 be in the ascendent or 8 ioyned to easily planets, it

threatneth death or long licknesse.

The Almuten of the figure applying to a pla: cuill Signifiplaced or afflicted by a pla: which translateth his light cations find vato the L. of the 8, or contrariwise denote the death. the L. of

The Almuten of the figure in the 4,8 or first house, the figure feparating from fortunes, and applying to infortunes,

lignifieth Death.

• infortunated or his dispositor combust is an e- Fronthe will token.

the 8, or in euill aspect of the infortunes, sheweth an euill end of that sicknes.

Yf an euill pla: be founde in the ascend. or the lord therof be euil by nature, the sicke partie wilbe of a bad gouernement and will doe hurt to himselfe.

Significations from the Lord that I are the Lord t

Yf the lord of the ascendent or 6 be retrog combust, the ascende or in the 8 house in of \square or 0° to 0° or of it is a great

presumption of death.

Yf the Lord of the ascendent be founde in the 6 or 12, the party sicke will suffer much sorrowe & griefe, except the fortunes doe receaue him.

H 2

When

When eyther the lord of th'ascendent the \mathfrak{D} or \mathfrak{G} shalbe in degr. A zemene, darke, pittie or light, it declareth that the infirmitie hath taken root chiefly in \mathfrak{V} \mathfrak{D} \mathfrak{M} \mathfrak{D} \mathfrak{M} in these lignes it lignifies the Leaprie, scabb, pusses, aposthumes, and such like.

The Lord of th'ascendet in the 5 or 11, noteth much

vexation in the lame licknes.

The Lord of th'ascedent or 6 retrog. or combust or in the S in $\mathcal{L} \cap \mathcal{O}$ of \mathcal{L} or \mathcal{O} for the state of the stat

The sicknesse is determined oft-times as the D passeth from one planet to another, & it she give force to the lord of the 6 house, the sicknes is satisfied and prolonged.

Din r m am 3 ≈ ioyned to ħ when these signes do ascent or possesse the 6 or 8 house, it causeth entill to the sicke partie.

The lord of the 6 retrog. combust or in the 8 in &

☐ or oo to Tor 5 fignifieth euill or death.

The Lord of the 6 ympedit of the Lorde of the affeendent.

Angles the sicknes dorb alwaies payne him and is incureable.

Succedt, it endures blong but dothnot alby or on in waies payne him and is reversed according to the qualitie of the signe.

Cadent, it neyther endureth nor alwayes payneth him, but will foone depart from him.

The Lorde of the 6 enill by nature or ympedit, or

Phisicke.

euill pla: in the 6, is an euill signe.

\$\(\) beneuolent pla: he will soone bee cured.

In the o \(\) maleuolent he will passe from one sicknes into
another.

The lorde of the 6 in the fixt, eyght, or twelfth, is an euill token.

Part of fortune. The burnt way earll affected
Part of lyfe. in aspect of maleuolent pla:
Part of Death. Cadent places.
Termes of earll pla:

Gor part of the mortifying pla: vehemently infor-

tunate signifieth euill or Death.

Translati on of light between the L. of the 8,& L. of th'ascēd or if both luminaries be under the arth there great is feare of the sick party, yf be within 4 deg. of & or under the earth, in the 8, or apply to eail plaior of indoor of to both or of the distace of deg. between the A and & or between the D and or between that which is neerest, and it declareth the time of death, but if D be lorde of the sixt or cyght, her effects shalbe in howers.

35 Signes of Health.

HE lorde of th'alcendent in an angle beneuolent Significawithout yll aspect not vnder the beames of the tion from Summe nor retrog, and in a fortunate place is a to-the L. of Len of recoverie,

H = 3

The

The Lord of the ascendent fortunate & next applying to him chiefly by of if the benot entill affected tignicity good.

The Lorde of the ascendent swift entring another house or signe (except the 8 house or 12, the infirmitie

will loone depart.

Yf the lord of the ascendent recease the Lorde of the 8 house direct and fortunate, it bringeth health, although there were feare of death.

Yf the Lord of th'alcendent be in the 4 fortunate, the ficke party will recouer, and if there be found both euil and good pla: indge by the stronger.

Yf the fignifier of sicknes be in the 10, encreasing in light and number, the sicknes will be thorned.

5 Orientall 3 doth lesse annoy the sicke party.

4 in the Sept. Part doth encrease the good Signes.

Deholding I she the and he I chiefly being placed in th'ascendent or 9 house, and so much the rather if he be Almuten of the fygure, it presageth lyfe and health.

Yf D apply to Q or \(\forall \) & th'one of these to \(\circ \) or \(\forall \) (though with \(\sigma \) or \(\circ \) and the same againe apply to \(\forall \) being strong as well in place as in dignities, Essentiall and Accidentall, then \(\forall \) collecteth the light of all the rest, as it were the superior pla: and causeth all thinges to come to good effect.

Phisicke,

3) in an angle or succedent well affected & increafing, and in the beginning of the sicknesse be removed and separate from 6, it signifies the health.

The partes chiefly of Lyfe of death, & well placed, strong and well aspected of good pla: promileth

recouery of health.

of the mutabilitie and changing of the state of the body discased, when and in what sort it happenesh, whether it tendesh to a good or cuill end.



Eing it appeareth that according to the difpolition & habitude of the tignificators, the flate of the body, and cause of the sicknes is decerned, it is also manifest that there is oft-

times mutabilitie of the same sicknesses, and that after the motion of the same significators, and it salleth our in the disposition of the body, as in the state and dysserence of the time: as when the \odot by his proper motion shall come vnto the certaine quarters of the Circle, he causeth a manifest mutation of the bodye. So also according to the like motion of the proper significators, it must needes be, that the condition of the body does suffer manifest, change and mutabilitie: But amonge the significators of the bodye a great consideration is to be had of the state of the Moone: For insomuch as the comethnerest vnto vs, & is carried about with the swiftest.

swiftest motion, gathering the light and vertue of all the Calestial Orbs, and alone projecteth the same vnto vs, and therein the is sayd to excell the rest. Therefor the motion of 3) is much to be observed, that is to say, when her body doth exactly touch the quadrat or oppolit places, respecting the degree & signe which the pollelled at the time of the lying downe of the tick party, or in the beginning othis ficknes For in thole places, which are of contrarye quality and of another nature and disposition, it dorh signific mutabilitie, and the flate of the body to be changed. The true and certaine times of these changings, neyther Philitions nor Astronomers can exactly demonstrate, for they are diuers and vncertayne, because the motion of the 3) is diners and vncertaine, euen in the lelfe-lame dayes & times. For the Moone as the possessith diners fundrye places, in her orbe and eccenter and farre different in motion, so likewise she effecteth her opperatios in diuers & fundry spaces, so the critticall day, which some doe affirme to be the 7 day by this reason may fall out fometime the 6 day, sometime in the end of the 7 daye by the computation of Astrologie and naturall reason. And so it may be (not vnaduisedly) considered of the other Iudiciall dayes which some call the 4 day, and alto of the dayes accidentall, and such as come between or within the critticall dayes, called of some prouoking dayes, accompting it every 3 day. From whence tome in the vie of Aftronomicall rules have not vnfitly appointed the Cælestiall figure to be framed, of 16 parts of spaces at the time of the lying downe of the licke party, or at the instant time of the beginning of the

Phisicke

ficknes: And the effectes and forces of the Critticall dayes to bee determined by the motion of the 3) according to her place in the same figure, that is to saye, if she bee founde in full angles is signified the ludiciall dayes. Yfinangles, halfe full, is tignified the days intermingled or prouocatory: yfin angles halfefull, the dayes determined, so that the critticall dayes falleth not out alwayes in enery 7 day, nor the ludiciali dates in every 4 day, nor the intermingled or provocatorye dayes in euery third day: but then when the Moone by her proper motion, doth exactly touch the angles in the layde figure. But I for myne owne part do rather Judge as partly I have gathered from probable authors, and partly by experience I have approved the mutabilitie and difference of times, to bee more eafily gathered, and better confidered after this fort: let the figure beformed of his equall spaces. The place of the Moone at the time of the lying downe of the ficke partie, let it bee the Ascendent and the Opposite Angle let it houlde the Opposite signe and degree, and the angles of the 10, and 4 shall possesset the places and Signes, and the other houses, that is to say, the succedents and Cadents let them be distant from theangles 45 degr. In this manner the figure being framed euery planet must bee placed in his proper seate of the figure as he is found in the th'Ephonabeing rightly calculated to yourmeridian. And so the true motio of \gtrsim is to be observed, that is to say, whe her body doth exactly touch the or oo places to th'alcedent, & that time If alle the right crittical day, which Philitios do alcribe to the 7 & 14 day and such like; and when sl.e passeth by th'other

th'other houses and such as are between the angles it effecteth the time sudicials and sudicatorie, also the

dayes intermingled or prodocatorie.

Therefore it is behouefull diligently to confider whe the Moone or anye of th'other tignificators doe meete any Planer or fixed flarre by confunction or aspect: and also when by progression they come vnto the places. or aspects of the Planets in the figure of the time of the first complayning, or first lying downe of the sicke partie, or in the first question demaunded of his sicknesse. And likewife when the other Planets doe come vnto the places of the fignif, in the same figure, as for example: When the 5) or Lord of th'ascendent doth meete with \mathcal{F} or \mathfrak{h} , or some other planet, maleuolent or beneuolent, being cotrary to his nature: after the time of the lying downe or first complayning of the sicke partie: and when the 5) or Lord of the ascedent do come to the place wherein or or fome other pla: was placed in the same figure: Also when hor or or some other pla: shall apply to the place of the Moone or lord of th'ascendent in the same sigure: ye shall perceaue manifest alteration and change in the partie: yea and for these causes it may well seeme to happen and that not without reason, that the Crises doe after their times. and are not alwayes the same: but doe differ in themselenes according to the former causes.

These mutations whether they tende to better or worse, is decerned from the proper affection of the significator whereby hee is afflicted and troubled, and from the signe with the same possesses, and from hys

P bisicke.

configuration with other pla: fortunate or infortuation atter. As if in the time of the Crisis, 3) be founde in a signe agreable to her qualitie and condition, in respect of the nature of the matter, sicknes, and action, it strengthneth and helpeth nature, & expelled the sicknesse. So we affirme th'alteration to bee, euen as the significator is well or euill affected, also the signification to be more or lesse, and the sorce of efficacy of the sickness to bee stronger or weaker in striuing with nature.

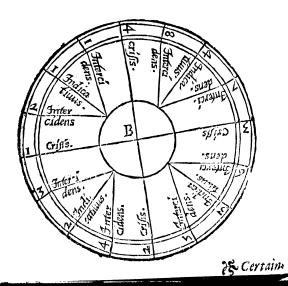
Furthermore the configuration of the fignificator with other pla: and with fixed flarres in this doe very much analye, for 3) as shee beareth rule ouer the sicknelle or nature in any man by her configuration with the pla: and fixed flarres: so shee fignifies the alteration to be, or rather so causeth it to come to passe. In generall, the Moone with the fortunes, or aspected wel of them tendeth to good: contrarywife with the infortunes or euill aspected doth pronounce and cause euill essence of the ticknes: Also when C or L. of th'asdent applyethto the place wherin a beneuolent planet chiefly the dispositors of 5) or 10 house was corporally or by aspect, it promises the alteration to bee for the better: But when they applye to the place of a maleuolent Planet (chiefly the Lord of the 8,12, or 6 house) then the mutatio wilbe the worse: In like manner is vnderfloode by the application of a beneuolent or maleuolent planet vnto the place of 5° or of the Lord of the ascendent or vnto the selfe same de-

.

1 2

gree

gree ascending, yet this doth not alwaies hold except when there happeneth some configuration of these with the significators in the time of the sayd beginning or first lying downe of the party grieucd: and then for the most part, it falleth out for certainely to be true, as by experience hath been often proued how these mutations doe come to essect, and of what qualitie they be, is knowned by the signe which © possesses and by her proper affection and configuration with other stars according to her opperation in the matter and cause of the sickenes, attractive or expulsive.



Phisicke.

by the motions of the Moone.



HE Moone and ascendent in You dooth comfort the vertue attractine, because they are fierie signes, hot and dry, chollericke: the earthy signes was restoreth

the vertue retentiue, the ayrie fignes #42 helpeth the vertue Digestiue: Yf they be watrie signs as 6 m H

they comfort the vertue expulliue.

D in J * △ to ♀ and in the figure of ⑤ is good to purge choller by electuaries: with બ or in affect of him and in H is a convenient time to purge Melicholy by pilles. Yf the be in J * or △ to the Sunne, and in mis good to purge fleagme by drinks, and to the figure doe varie in their opperations: for the Moone and afce dent in ⑥ is good to purge by Electuaries: in m good to purge by drinkes: in H is convenient to purge by pilles.

Yfthe Moone be aspected of two Plannets, or moe together, it is necessary to vie Compounded purges, of the qualitie of the sad aspectes: as if the € have a w or △ to ♀ and the Sunne at one instant, you must purge Fleagme & choiler together, for ⊙ doth purge fleagm and ♀ choiler, and so of the other mixtures. And this is especially to be an oyded: that yee take no Philicke nor any medicines what soever the Moone or ascended being assistated of Ŋ or ⋈ that is to saye in ✓ □ or ⋈ of them, for it is verye permitions little prositeth, and much grieveth the Patient.

Also for launching, cutting, and letting of blood, it

13

is convenient to have regarde to the place of), for in any wife touch not the part of the body fignified by the figne wherein 3) is founde during the time shee continueth therein: Frthermore the aspects of so with the pla: is to be considered, for if she be with 4 or 2, or in any aspect vnto them, it is good to let blood. Likewife ye must respect th'escender, as much as the Moon, for \(\gamma\) and \(\alpha\) ascendent or \(\sigma\) in them are convenient for Flegmaticke persons to bleed, sand Hascending or 5) in them: is good for chollericke bodies: and for melacholy complexions, the first part of \triangle is most convenien: but the second patt of \(\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{but}}}}}\), & first part of \(\text{m}\) and especially the whole figne of a, are very euill for Phlebotomy & with great care ought to be anoyded in letting of blod. Th'other signes for the most part is sufficient good for fanguine persons to bleede in: that is to say, when the Moone is in them, and when they be afeding. Likewife ye must have recourse to the age of the Moon, who fro the change to the first quarter is good for young perlos, and luch as abound in blood: from the first quarter to the full, good for men of middle age, or youg persos, & such as be chollerick: fro the full to the last quarter, good for middle age, and such as abound in fleagm: fro the last quarter to the change, good for elderly men: & fuch as abound in melancholy.

And the inflant time of the new Moone or full, for the tpace of 12 howers before & after, it is euill to take medicines or to touch any veyne or part of the body, and likewife folong time when thee is in a or &, it is very dangerous to bleede, and let not the D nor ascendent be corrupted of h or & specially by & \subseteq or 0° of the:

Phisicke.

but contrarywise with 4 and 2 or in friendly aspects of them, and in moderate or indifferent signs it is a laudable time for Phlebotomy and letting of blood.

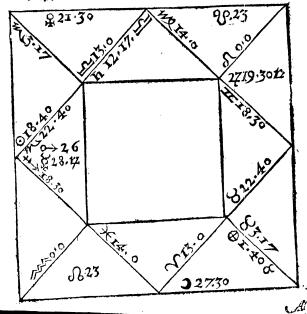
25 A briefe example of the former Treatife.

A certaine friend fell sicke and dyed in the manner as hereaster shalls showed.

The question was demanded for him this present yeare of our Redemption 1598. November.

day. ho. min- Before noone.

At which time he first felt his sicknes. In the day and hower of S, whereof the significators are as followeth.



hize

A Table of the aspects of the former Fygure.				
	10/8/1	00/8/ m/ -0		
140	1	* 0 0	100 1011	
1217	00	小一次		
18.30	00			
19,27	D *	7 1	0 0	
21.30 retr.	00 1	0 % 0		
26. 0	00	△ □ *	8 4 6	
22.30	DA			
28 retr.			\$ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	
			+ 10 01	

	by theselue	Ascend. M. 23.
of the bo	ody S	So dispositor of D.
The fignificators	by acciden	t S of also of ⊙ & L of the Fygure. ts the 6 house & 2.
Cofthe sic (n	k-)	of the Fyoure, the 6 house & 3, the L, of the 6
	C by accident	Sthe L. of the 6 Q If afflicting that ced if from whom S is fiparated.

The accendent infomuch as pertayneth to the figue is watrie, cold, & moyst, slegmatick, fixed, feminine: &c, it ruleth the bladder and secret parts, and the inferior parts of the belly: it fignifieth Retention of the vrine, fluxes, euill digestion. And if the significators in the

Phisicke.

the former example be diligently considered, yee shall plainely finde that for the most part they all agree in lignification of death, & especially & being Lord of the in th'alcendent and or L. of th'alcendent being enill of his proper nature, combust of the Sunne, & in of to the Lord of 8 house: also in a signe contrary to his owne propertie & nature.

Likewise the D in a signe resisting her own qualitie for the is cold & moyst, and r is hot and dry, signifying choller: Also being oo to the Lord of the 6, and applying to the oo of o leparating from a beneuolent Plan-

net, and peregrine.

Finally th'infortunes eleuated aboue the beneuolent and the fortunes in Cadent and succedent places and other the like fignifications do threaten manifest & impatient death. As th'experience therof did approue, for within two dayes after the time of the former Fygure, the partie did Raue and torment himselfe very grieuously, and in such furious rage ended this life,



K

Heere

14.1

1 1

A declaration of the former Table.



Hee comp or vn rifing to 3, i ry di the y dert whic most



HIS Table of the Planetary howers is most compendious and perfect, and therefore it may seeme somwhat difficult to understand at the first view thereof, but being persitly knowne(as with smal

labour it may be attayned) it will appeare most readye and pleasant. First therefore ye must understand the foure quarters of the yere are compiled into one, the dayes encreasing or

decreasing in the same manner in every quarter.

The body of the Table conteyneth the howers and on the sides thereof in the first collume, are the moneths and dayes from 3 to 3, throughout the yeare, & consequently the signe and degr. wheren the 3 is the same day, and in a right line is decerned the rising of the Sunne, the other howers of the day ending at Sun-set, and in the same maner returneth back againe in the night howers. And in the head of the Table agaynst the tytle of the day of your weeke in a right angle over your hower sought for, ye shall finde the pla: which ruleth the same, one example will declare the same more manifestly.

The 3. of November being Friday, I defire to know what time the Sunne rifeth and also what platraygneth at 10 a Clocke 40 Min. before Noone, the moneth and day, I finde on the right side, and therefore the Oryseth on that side, Exfetteth on the left, and against the same day I see the 21 degr. of for the place of O and proceeding in a right line, it appeareth that the Sun riseth at 7 ho. 37 mi. and consequently 8 ho. 22 mi. which is the first hower of the daye attributed to Y ruler of the Friday: the 2 houre endeth at 9 ho. 6 mi. as cribed to Y: the 3 at 9 ho. 4 9 mi. attributed to D: the 4 hower is of h. or ruleth untill the 10 ho. 33 mi. from thence K 2

A declaration of the Table.

the 5 kower is of 4 finishing at 11 ho. 10 mi. and so of the rest. So that at 10 ho. 40 mi. before noone 4 raygneth as ye may perceaue in the head of the Table in a right angle ouer your hower, and in a right line against Fryaay. Likewise for 10 a Clocke 40 mi. at night, yf ye follow the right line against the 3 day of Nouemb. on the right side, ye may see the Sun setteth at the 4 ho. 23 mi. returning backeto 5 ho. 30 mi. which is the first hower of the night assigned to 7 % so confequently untill the 5 hower which is D, heginning at 0 ho. 27 mi. and sinisheth at 10 ho. 44 mi. and so of the other howers untill the Sun ryseth agayne, where it is to be noted that the minutes serve as well to the howers of the daye as of the night.

If ye desire to know the houre more exactly with your day appointed, ye must enter into th'Ephem. and the true place of ⊙ being there founde, yee must (eeke in the Table proceeding as before, for this true place of ⊙ doe not always fall out in the same day of the moneth in enery yeare, and that by reason of the leape yere, but sometimes different a degree or more; when ye finde not the exact day or degr. of ⊙ appointed, in your former Table, ye must take the neerest unto it, or making proportion between the day going before, and the daye

following your time appoynted.

FINIS